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DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING OLD DOMINION UNIVERSITY NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

DESIGN OF MULTIVARIABLE FEEDBACK CONTROL SYSTEMS VIA SPECTRAL ASSIGNMENT

By

Mohsen Marefat

Roland R. Mielke, Principal Investigator Leonard J. Tung, Co-Principal Investigator and

Progress Report For the period March 1, 1982 to September 30, 1982

Prepared for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration Langley Research Center Hampton, Virginia 23665

Under NASA Grant NSG-1650 Ruben Jones, Technical Monitor Flight Dynamics and Control Division

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Submitted by the Old Dominion University Research Foundation P.O. Box 6369
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ABSTRACT

This report summarizes the progress of applied research conducted under NASA Grant NSG-1650 during the period March 1, 1982 to September 30, 1982. The objective of this project is to investigate the applicability of spectral assignment techniques to the design of multivariable feedback control systems. A fractional representation design procedure for unstable plants is presented and illustrated with an example. Then, a computer aided design software package implementing eigenvalue/eigenvector design procedures is described. A design example which illustrates the use of the program is explained.

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DESIGN OF MULTIVARIABLE FEEDBACK CONTROL SYSTEMS VIA SPECTRAL ASSIGNMENT

By

Roland R. Mielke¹, Leonard J. Tung² and Mohsen Marefat³

1. INTRODUCTION

This report summarizes the progress of applied research conducted under NASA Grant NSG-1650 for the period March 1, 1982 to September 30, 1982. The objective of this work is to investigate the applicability of spectral assignment techniques to the design of multivariable feedback control systems.

First, development of new frequency domain fractional representation design procedures for unstable plants is presented. The procedure consists of a technique for searching among all stabilizing controllers for those that also satisfy certain design specifications. Controller complexity and hidden system modes are considered. The procedure is illustrated with a design example. Then a new computer aided design software package implementing the time domain eigenvalue/eigenvector assignment procedures is described. The use of the program is illustrated with a design example. The program listing is included in the Appendix.

2. FRACTIONAL REPRESENTATION DESIGN PROCEDURES

2.1. Introduction

Our investigation in the area of frequency-domain controller design began with a study of the work by Youla and others (refs. 1,2). Among the many contributions in Youla's work is a procedure which leads to the

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characterization of a general class of stabilizing compensators for a plant imbedded in a single-loop feedback control system. This procedure has then been generalized by Desoer and others (ref. 3) to form the basis of the socalled fractional representation approach. This approach offers a systematic procedure for constructing stabilizing compensators that achieve other design objectives such as decoupling the outputs and tracking step inputs. It should be noted that the objective of stabilization is resolved before other design objectives. In contrast to this type of approach is the work by Sain and others (refs. 4,5). Sain's work develops a direct method for the construction of compensators for a plant imbedded in a unity feedback control system. In this method, compensators that achieve design objectives such as decoupling are first constructed and then the issue of stabilization is resolved. Combining the results by Desoer and by Sein, we have developed design procedures that simultaneously achieve the design objectives of stabilization, decoupling, and tracking step inputs. These design procedures are expressed so that it is relatively easy to address the problems of complex compensators and unwanted hidden modes as noted in references 5-%.

In this report, we begin with a brief review of the fractional representation approach. After the review we outline two sets of procedures, one for stable plants and one for unstable plants, for constructing compensators that achieve design objectives of stabilization, decoupling, and tracking step inputs. These design procedures also allow us to construct simple compensators $C = -P^{-1} T(I-T)^{-1}$ for a given plant P by choosing simple stable diagonal T which satisfies certain requirements. The details of the procedures are exemplified by a problem of compensator design for an unstable plant. Finally, the problem of hidden modes is dealt with by carefully choosing the zeros of I-T.

2.2. Compensator Design

Consider the single feedback loop multivariable control system shown in figure 1. With the plant P(s) (a proper rational matrix) given, it is desired to design a controller C(s) (another proper rational matrix) for stabilization, decoupling and tracking step inputs. The fractional representation approach (refs. 3,8,9) offers a systematic procedure for

achieving these design objectives. In this approach, the plant is expressed in a right and a left coprime exponential stable rational fractional descriptions, $P = N_T D_T^{-1} = D_L^{-1} N_L$ with U_r , V_r , U_L and V_L such that $U_r N_r + V_r D_r = N_L U_L + D_L V_L = I$. Note that all terms except possibly the plant P are proper rational matrices with poles in the open left-half complex plane. With these descriptions for P, a general class of stabilizing controllers is given by

$$C = (WN_{\ell} + V_{r})^{-1} (-WD_{\ell} + U_{r}), \tag{1}$$

where W can be any proper exponential stable rational matrix as long as $WN_{\ell} + V_{r}$ is nonsingular. With this class of controllers, the closed-loop transfer function is given by

$$T = N_r \left[-WD_{g} + U_r \right]. \tag{2}$$

When P itself is exponential stable, we can have $N_r = N_\ell = P$, $D_r = D_\ell = I$, $U_r = U_\ell = 0$ and $V_r = V_\ell = I$. Equations (1) and (2) then become

$$C = -W[I+PW]^{-1}$$
 (3)

and

$$T = -PW. (4)$$

Equations (1) through (4) display the freedom in choosing a stabilizing controller as the freedom in choosing W. This freedom in choosing W can then be explored for achieving other design objectives such as decoupling and tracking. For decoupling, T is to be made diagonal. For tracking step inputs, every term in I-T should have a zero at s = 0.

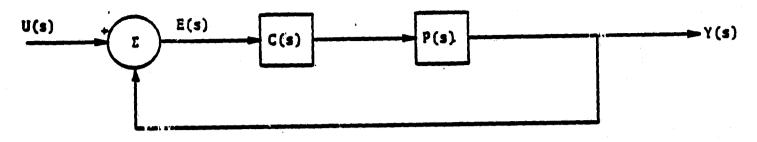


Figure 1. Multivariable feedback control systems.

Stable Plants

First assume that P is exponential stable and invertible. Under this assumption, T = -PW is invertible if W is invertible. The invertibility of T is important because it eliminates the possibility of zero diagonal terms in T after T is made diagonal for decoupling, a case which indicates redundancy of certain input and output signals. For maintaining the stability of the closed-loop system, our approach is to choose stable T to make $W = -P^{-1}T$ stable. For decoupling, we only have to work with diagonal T. For tracking step inputs, we must choose among those matrices T such that all terms in I-T have a zero at s = 0. For constructing controllers that simultaneously achieve stabilization, decoupling and tracking step inputs, we thus have the following procedures:

- (i) For decoupling, choose $T = \text{diag } \{T_1, \ldots, T_n\}$.
- (ii) Let $P^{-1} = [\widetilde{P}_1, \ldots, \widetilde{P}_n]$, where \widetilde{P}_i is the ith column of P^{-1} . We than have $P^{-1}T = [\widetilde{P}_1T_1, \ldots, \widetilde{P}_nT_n]$. For maintaining the stability, each T_i and each \widetilde{P}_iT_i should be proper. Poles of T_i should be in the open left-half complex plane. Zeros of T_i must cancel the closed right-half plane poles of \widetilde{P}_i .
- (iii) Let $T_i = n_i/d_i$. For tracking step inputs, each $(d_i n_i)$ should have a zero at s = 0, i.e. no constant term.
 - (iv) $C = -P^{-1}T(1-T)^{-1}$.

For unstable plants, similar design procedures can be derived. Again, we are interested in invertible matrices T. This requires the assumption that P is invertible, which in turn implies that N_r and N_ℓ are invertible. As before, we use diagonal T for decoupling and we choose those matrices T such that all terms in I-T have a zero at s=0 for tracking step inputs. For stabilization, however, we choose stable T to make $W=(-N_r^{-1}T+U_r)D_\ell^{-1}$ stable. This process is more involved than the corresponding process for stable plants. The reason for this is that $U_rD_\ell^{-1}$ may be unstable for a given unstable plant. In order to achieve stability, somehow part of $N_r^{-1}TD_\ell^{-1}$ is to be made unstable to cancel the unstable part of $U_rD_\ell^{-1}$. With this in mind, we have the following design procedures for constructing controllers that simultaneously achieve stabilization, decoupling and tracking of step inputs:

- (i) For decoupling, choose $T = \text{diag} \{T_1, \dots, T_n\}$
- (ii) Find a stable $T_0 = \text{diag} \{T_{01}, \dots, T_{0n}\}$ to make $-N_r^{-1}T_0D_{\ell}^{-1} + U_rD_{\ell}^{-1}$ stable

(iii) Let
$$T_s = \text{diag} \{T_{s1}, \dots, T_{sn}\}, N_r^{-1} = [\widetilde{N}_1, \dots, \widetilde{N}_n]$$

and
$$D_{\mathcal{R}}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \widetilde{D}_{i} \\ \vdots \\ \widetilde{D}_{n} \end{bmatrix}$$
, where \widetilde{N}_{i} is the ith column of N_{r}^{-1} and \widetilde{D}_{j} is

the jth row of D_{ℓ}^{-1} . We then have

$$N_{\mathbf{r}}^{-1} \mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{s}} D_{\mathbf{k}}^{-1} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \widetilde{N}_{i} \mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{s}i} \widetilde{D}_{i}.$$

For achieving stability, each T_{si} and $\widetilde{N}_i T_{si} \widetilde{D}_i$ should be proper. Poles of T_{si} should be in the open left-half complex plane. Zeros of T_{si} must cancel the closed right-half plane poles of \widetilde{N}_i and \widetilde{D}_i .

(iv) Let
$$T_{oi} = n_{oi}/d_{oi}$$
 and $T_{si} = n_{si}/d_{si}$.

For tracking step inputs, each (d d - n d - n d) si oi - n d) should have a zero at s = 0, i.e. no constant term.

(v)
$$T = T_0 + T_s$$
, and

$$C = -PT(I-T)^{-1}.$$

2.3. Complexity of Controllers

As pointed out earlier, the fractional representation approach allows us to search systematically for compensators that achieve various design objectives. This approach, however, does not always bring about simple compensators. As a matter of fact, the time-domain dynamic compensation (ref. 10) is more likely to bring about simple stabilizing compensators than the fractional representation approach. On the other hand, the fractional representation approach is more likely to result in simple stabilizing compensators that also decouple system outputs. The latter is due to the difficulty in dynamic compensation of relating directly the diagonality of a transfer fraction to the formation of the system matrices {A,B,C,D} in the state-space description of a system.

In our design procedures, the compensator C is given by $C = -P^{-1}$ $T(I-T)^{-1}$. For a given plant P, T is to be chosen for forming compensators that stabilize the system, decouple the outputs as well as track step inputs. Under close examination, we notice that the poles of T will basically be cancelled by the same poles of (I-T) in forming C. These poles do not directly affect the complexity of the controllers. However, the total number of the poles determines the degree of freedom in choosing the

zeros of T and I-T. For simple compensators, the zeros of T can be chosen to cancel the poles of P^{-1} , and zeros of 1-T can be chosen to cancel the zeros of P^{-1} . Overall, T should be kept as simple as possible. The following problem illustrates the details involved. This problem was first discussed in references 6 and 7.

2.4. Design Example

For a plant

$$P(s) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & \frac{s-1}{s+1} \\ 0 & \frac{1}{s-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

We have derived a set of stable matrices N_r , D_r , N_ℓ , D_ℓ , U_r , V_r , U_ℓ and V_ℓ given by

Since

$$u_{\mathbf{r}} u_{\mathbf{r}}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ & 3(s+2) \\ 0 & s-1 \end{bmatrix}$$

is not stable, a simple stable To is to be found to make

$$-N_r^{-1}T_oD_{\ell}^{-1} + U_rD_{\ell}^{-1}$$

stable. Such a T_0 is given by

We then study

$$-N_{r}^{-1}T_{s}D_{\ell}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -T_{s1}(s+1) & T_{s2}(s+2)(s+1) \\ & -T_{s2}\frac{(s+2)^{2}}{s-1} \end{bmatrix}.$$

In order to make this term scable, we must have the following:

1. Let
$$T_{s1} = n_{s1}/d_{s1}$$
, so that $deg(n_{s1}) + 1 \le deg(d_{s1})$,

2. Let
$$T_{s2} = n_{s2}/d_{s2}$$
, so that $deg(a_{s2}) + 2 \le deg(d_{s2})$.

- 3. Zeros of $d_{G_{\frac{1}{2}}}$ and $d_{G_{\frac{1}{2}}}$ are in the open LHP.
- 4. Zeros of n_{s1} contain s = 1.

Based on points 1 through 4, we have the simplest

$$T_{s1} = a/(s+b)$$

and the simplest

$$T_{s2} = c(s-1)/(s+2)^2(s+d),$$

with positive b and d. For tracking step inputs, both $1-T_{ol}-T_{sl}$ and $1-T_{o2}-T_{s2}$ must have a zero at s=0. This reguires that b-a=0 and 4d-9d+c=0. It can be seen that there are many solutions for a, b, c and d. Two sets of solutions are given below, together with the corresponding closed-loop transfer functions and compensators. Choosing b=1 and d=1, we have a=1, c=5 and

$$T = T_0 + T_s = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & 0 \\ & \frac{14s + 4}{(s+2)^2(s+1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$C = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s+1}{s} & \frac{-(14s+4)(s-1)}{s(s+6)} \\ & \frac{14s+4}{s(s+6)} \end{bmatrix}.$$

Choosing b = 1 and d = 3, we have a = 1, c = 15 and

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} & 0 \\ & \frac{24s + 12}{(s+2)^2(s+3)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s+1}{s} & \frac{-3(8s+4)(s-1)}{s(s+8)} \\ & \frac{3(8s+4)}{s(s+8)} \end{bmatrix}.$$

2.5. Hidden Modes

It is known that feedback design using transfer functions may bring about unwanted stable modes hidden in the closed-loop system (ref. 5). In the example of the previous section, the closed-loop system has a transfer function T(s) that corresponds to a fourth order system. However, the plant P is a second order system and the compensator C is a third order

system. The difference in the order of the closed-loop system and its transfer function suggests that there is a hidden mode. The hidden mode in the example is at / = -1 which has resulted from the cancellation of the pole of P and the zero of C at s = -1. To prevent this type of cancellation, zeros of I - T should be chosen to match the stable poles of P (which are zeros of P-1) in forming C. This selection may prevent us from choosing the simplest T in our design procedures. However, this should not be considered as a setback for finding the simplest compensators, but rather a procedure that guarantees the correct representation of a closed-loop system by its transfer function. With this procedure, the design in the example of the previous section is modified as follows.

The stable pole of P is at s = -1. This pole appears in the (1,1) element of P^{-1} as a zero. Hence, $I - T_{01} = T_{s1} = I - T_{s1}$ should have a zero at s = -1 in addition to the zero at s = 0 required for tracking step inputs. This requires that $deg(d_{s1}) > 2$. The simplest T_{s1} that has this property is of the form

$$T_{s1} = \frac{cs + d}{(s+a)(s+b)}$$

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with a and b > 0. We must have

$$1 - T_{(s)} = \frac{s^2 + (a+b)s + ab - cs - d}{(s+a)(s+b)} = \frac{s(s+1)}{(s+a)(s+b)}.$$

That means a + b - c = 1 and ab - d = 0. Again, there are many solutions for a, b, c and d. Choosing a = 3 and b = 4, we have c = 6, d = 12 and

$$T_{s1} = \frac{6s+12}{(s+3)(s+4)}$$
.

Using a set of T_{o2} and T_{s2} as before, we have

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{6(s+2)}{(s+3)(s+4)} & 0 \\ \frac{24s+12}{(s+2)^2(s+3)} \end{bmatrix}$$
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and

$$C_{(s)} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{6(s+2)}{s} & \frac{-(24s+12)(s-1)}{s(s+3)} \\ & \frac{24s+12}{s(s+8)} \end{bmatrix}$$

Note that C remains a third order system and the order of T(s) which means that there is no longer a hidden mode.

3. EIGENVALUE/EIGENVECTOR ASSIGNMENT PROCEDURES

3.1. Introduction

The design of multivariable feedback control systems using eigenvalue/eigenvector assignment procedures has received considerable attention during the past several years. Several early studies (refs. 11, 12) focused on an algebraic formulation of the spectral assignment problem. More recent studies (refs. 13-15) have been successful in developing a geometric formulation of this problem. In (ref. 13) the total design freedom available to assign eigenvectors is characterized in terms of eigenspaces. The use of this freedom to achieve desired design specifications has been the subject of an extensive investigation by the current authors and colleagues.

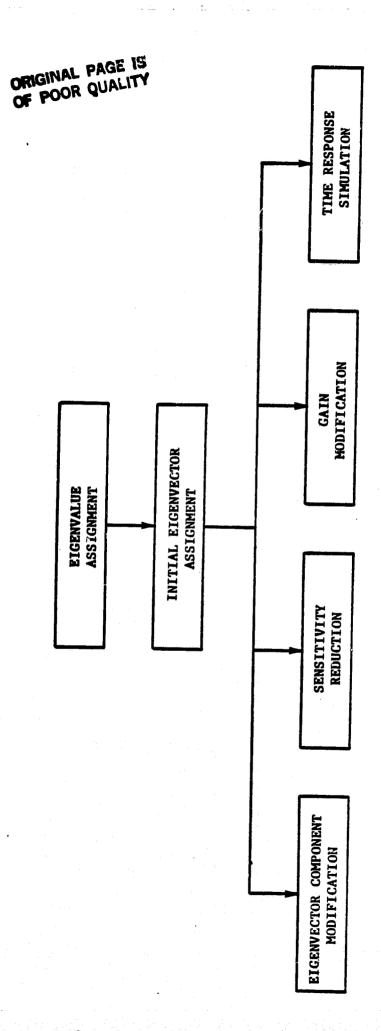
Procedures have been developed for approximating desired mode mixing (ref. 16), reducing eigensystem sensitivity to variations in plant parameters (refs. 17, 18), and reducing the effects of actuator noise on a statistical measure of system performance (ref. 19, 20). In addition, a procedure for modifying the feedback gain matrix to satisfy specified gain constraints (ref. 21, 22) while maintaining a given mode mix has been devised. More recently these procedures have been combined into a single unified design philosophy (ref. 7). This philosophy is reviewed and a computer aided design software package to implement the design philosophy is presented in this section.

3.2. Design Philosophy

The new eigenvalue/eigenvector assignment design philosophy is illustrated in figure 2. The philosophy is based on the premise that achieving a specified set of eigenvalues and approximating a desired set of eigenvectors is of primary importance. Sensitivity reduction, noise suppression, and gain modification are assigned secondary importance and are carried out so as to preserve an initial spectral assignment.

The procedure assumes that the designer is able to identify a desired set of eigenvalues and an approximate set of desired eigenvectors. Eigenvalues directly control the rates of response of the system modes while eigenvectors control how the modes mix among the system states and/or outputs. The design begins with the specification of a desired set of eigenvalues. The procedure realizes arbitrarily specified sets of eigenvalues if the system is controllable. The specified eigenvalues are used to compute the system eigenspaces -- the vector spaces in which all realizable system eigenvectors must be contained. These spaces explicitly display the total design freedom available in assigning eigenvectors for a given eigenvalue assignment. Next, the desired set of eigenvectors are specified and projected onto the eigenspaces to locate the set of realizable eigenvectors as close as possible in a minimum square error sense to the desired set of eigenvectors. Since the major advantage of the eigenvalue/eigenvector assignment procedure is the ability to assign eigenvectors, great importance is given to remaining in a small neighborhood of the initial eigenvector assignment.

After the specified eigenvalues have been assigned and the specified eigenvectors have been approximated, the resultant closed-loop system is investigated to determine if all eigenvector components are satisfactory, eigensystem sensitivity is sufficiently low, and gain magnitudes meet specified design constraints. If modification is requried, new eigenvectors are selected in a manner to achieve the desired objective using a gradient search procedure. However, the gradient search is conducted local to the initial eigenvector assignment so that desired mode mixing is retained.



Eigenvalue/eigenvector assignment design philosophy. Figure 2.

3.3. Computer Aided Design Software Package

A flowchart diagram illustrating the organization of the computer software package to implement the eigenvalue/eigenvector assignment procedure is shown in figure 3. The package consists of a number of special purpose subprograms accessible from a main control program. The subprograms can be called in any order to implement specific design objectives, as shown in figure 2. The program is self-instructed and requires no familiarity on the part of the user with the mathematics of spectral assignment.

In the following, the various modes of operation of the program are discussed. An example illustrating the use of the program is presented in the next section, and the program listing is included in the Appendix.

Mode O

Mode 0 provides a list of references detailing program operation.

Mode 1

Mode 1 is the mode in which system data is entered to the program. Required data includes the number of system states, inputs, and outputs, and the system state variable description in matrix form given by the triple (A, B, C). The user can also set the number of significant digits in user-computer communication as well as the program value for "zero."

Mode 2

In Mode 2, the user specifies desired closed loop system eigenvalues. This mode then internally calculates the corresponding eigenspaces for transmission to other subprograms. User selected eigenvalues are always achieved in this desgin procedure.

Mode 3

The user specifies desired eigenvectors in Mode 3. The program responds with the set of actual closed loop system eigenvectors which are

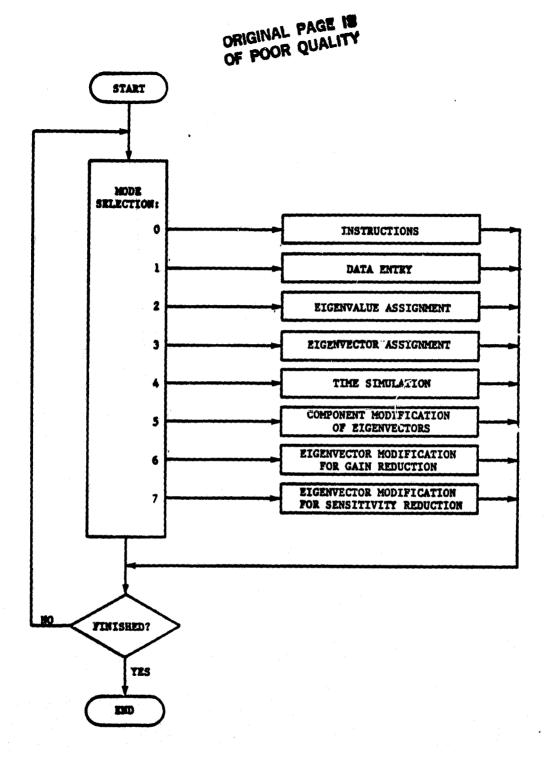


Figure 3. Spectral assignment computer software package organization.

closest to those specified in a least square error sense. The program also displays the error magnitude between each desired and realized eigenvector.

Mode 4

Mode 4 is a closed loop system simulation package. The subprogram numerically solves the set of system state equations subject to user specified inputs and initial conditions. Time responses are plotted separately or on the same axes for comparison.

Mode 5

Mode 5 allows the user to modify specified components in the eigenvector matrix while retaining current values of other components. The modification is automatically carried out using a gradient search procedure under the control of the user.

Mode 6

Mode 6 allows the user to modify selected components of the feedback gain matrix while maintaining an approximation to a specified eigenvector matrix. Components of the feedback matrix to be reduced are identified by row and column number. Unequal priority in reducing component magnitudes can be assigned. The modification is automatically conducted by a gradient search algorithm under the control of the user.

Mode 7

In Mode 7 the user can reduce eigensystem sensitivity to variations in plant parameters. The procedure utilizes a gradient search procedure to modify system closed loop eigenvectors to reduce the sensitivity of eignevalues and eigenvectors to changes in specified components of the system state matrices.

3.4. Design Example

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In this section an example is presented to illustrate the designer machine dialog during the design process. Mode 1 is first entered and important system data is input.

Number of states: 3

Number of inputs: 2

Number of outputs:

3

Significant digits:

Program zero:

0.0001

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} -2.00 & 0.00 & 1.00 \\ 0.00 & -2.00 & 1.00 \\ 1.00 & 1.00 & -2.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 1.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.00 & 0.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 1.00 & 0.00 \\ 0.00 & 0.00 & 1.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

Next Mode 2 is entered and desired closed-loop system eigenvalues are input.

$$\lambda_1 = -1.00$$

$$\lambda_2 = -1.20$$

$$\lambda_3 = -3.00$$

Mode 3 is entered next and desired closed-loop system eigenvectors are input. The program responds with the actual set of eigenvectors as close as possible in a least square error sense to those specified. The program also generates the feedback matrix F which assign these eigenvectors and the specified eigenvalues.

$$\mathbf{v}_{\text{desired}} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.75 & -0.67 & 1.00 \\ 3.25 & 0.75 & -1.00 \\ 7.00 & 0.00 & 0.10 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\mathbf{v}_{\text{actual}} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.75 & -0.70 & 0.97 \\ 3.25 & 0.72 & -1.03 \\ 7.00 & 0.02 & 0.07 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{bmatrix} 13.25 & 12.53 & -13.38 \\ -13.16 & -12.45 & 12.30 \end{bmatrix}$$

The designer then enters Mode 4 to simulate the closed-loop system just designed. The user specifies initial conditions and system inputs.

$$\mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1.00 \\ 0.00 \\ 0.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{u(t)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.00 \\ 1.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

The program responds with plots of the system inputs and states shown as functions of time. Plot are also shown for another set of initial conditions and zero input.

$$\mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{u(t)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.00 \\ 0.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

It is demonstrated that curves may be requested separately or together for comparison. The designer next enters Mode 5 to modify a component of the eigenvector matrix. The designer specifies that he desires to reduce the magnitude of the (3,1) element of V. Equal weight is assigned to reducing this component and to retaining the current values of other components. After three iterations, a satisfatory V is obtained. The program displays the new feedback gain matrix for this assignment.

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 3.18 & -0.70 & 0.97 \\ 2.68 & 0.72 & -1.03 \\ 5.85 & 0.02 & 0.07 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{bmatrix} 13.25 & 12.54 & -13.38 \\ -13.16 & -12.45 & 12.29 \end{bmatrix}$$

The designer then returns to Mode 4 to again display the system states.

$$\mathbf{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1.00 \\ 1.00 \\ 1.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{u(t)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.00 \\ 0.00 \end{bmatrix}$$

Finally, the designer enters Mode 6 to attempt to reduce the magnitudes of entries in the gain matrix without greatly changing the eigenvector assignment. Equal weight is placed on reducing each component of F. After three iterations a new V matrix and corresponding F matrix are obtained.

$$V = \begin{bmatrix} 3.18 & -0.66 & 0.75 \\ 2.68 & 0.76 & -1.24 \\ 5.85 & 0.16 & 0.48 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.21 & 1.44 & -2.31 \\ -2.12 & -1.41 & 1.25 \end{bmatrix}$$

Not demonstrated here but included in the program is a sensitivity reduction mode. The program is also fully capable of dealing with complex eigenvalue and eigenvector assignments.

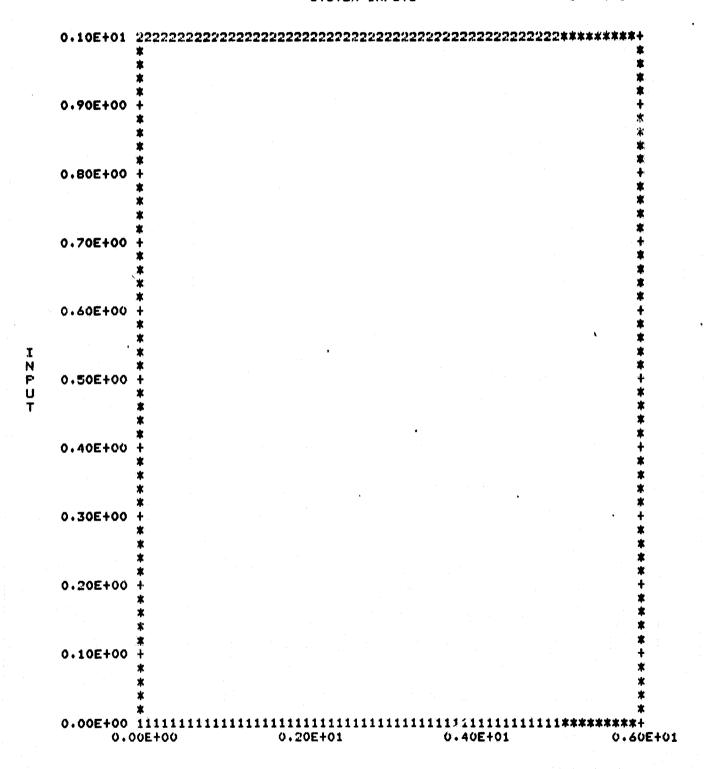
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ENTER DESIRED MODE OF OPERATION, MODE = 0,1,2,...,8:
*********ENTER OR CHANGE SYSTEM PARAMETERS:
PREVIOUS VALUES?
   NS= 3
                NI = 2
                            NO= 3
                                    1DGT= 6
                                              ZERO= 0.000010000000
WISH TO CHANGE?
MATRIX A :
                      2
                                  3
    -0.200000E+01
                 0.00000E+00
                              0.100000E+01
     0.00000E+00
                -0.200000E+01
                              0.100000E+01
     0.100000E+01
                 0.100000E+01
                             -0.200000E+01
WISH TO CHANGE?
                                             ORIGINAL PAGE IS
MATRIX B :
                                             OF POOR QUALITY
          1
                      2
     0.10000)E+01
                 0.000000E+00
 2
     0.00000E+00
                 0.000000E+00
 3
    0.000000E+00
                 0.000000E+00
WISH TO CHANGE?
ENTER NEW VALUE(S) :
1.000
      0.000
0.000
      1.000
0.000
      0.000
MATRIX C :
                      2
                                  3
     0.100000E+01
                 0.000000E+00
                             0.000000E+00
     0.100000E+01
                 0.000000E+00
                             0.000000E+00
 3
    0.000000E+00
                 0.100000E+01
                             0.100000E+01
WISH TO CHANGE?
ENTER NEW VALUE(S) :
1.000
      0.000
             0.000
0.000
      1.000
             0.000
0.000
      0.000
             1.000
WISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE?
****** EXITING MODE 1
                                    ************
TERMINATE THIS RUN OR SELECT NEXT MODE:
WISH TO TERMINATE?
0
******************* SPECTRAL ASSIGNHENT PACKAGE *************
```

```
ENTER DESIRED MODE OF OPERATION, MODE=0,1,2,...8:
本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本 MODE 2:EIGENVALUE ASSIGNMENT 本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本本
******* ENTER OR CHANGE EIGENVALUES:
PREVIOUS VALUES?
LAMBDA 1:
REAL= 0.000000E+00
                    IMAG=
                            0.000000E+00
WISH TO CHANGE?
enter new value(s) :
-1.000 0.000
NEXT EIGENVALUE:
PREVIOUS VALUES?
LAMBDA 2:
REAL = 0.000000E+00
                     IMAG=
                            0.000000E+00
WISH TO CHANGE?
enter new value(s) :
-1.2000 0.0000
NEXT EIGENVALUE:
PREVIOUS VALUES?
LAMBDA 3:
                            0.000000E+00
                     IMAG=
REAL= -0.300000E+01
WISH TO CHANGE?
WISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE?
米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米米
TERMINATE THIS RUN OR SELECT NEXT MODE:
WISH TO TERMINATE?
******************* SPECTRAL ASSIGNMENT FACKAGE ************
ENTER DESIRED MODE OF OPERATION, MODE=0,1,2,...,8:
****************** MODE 3:EIGENVECTOR ASSIGNMENT **************
****** ENTER OR CHANGE EIGENVECTORS:
PREVIOUS VALUES?
EIGENVECTOR V 1:
                 (REAL)
                                  (IMAG)
               0.00000E+00
                                0.000000E+00
               0.000000E+00
                                 0.000000E+00
                                 0.000000E+00
               0.00000E+00
WISH TO CHANGE?
```

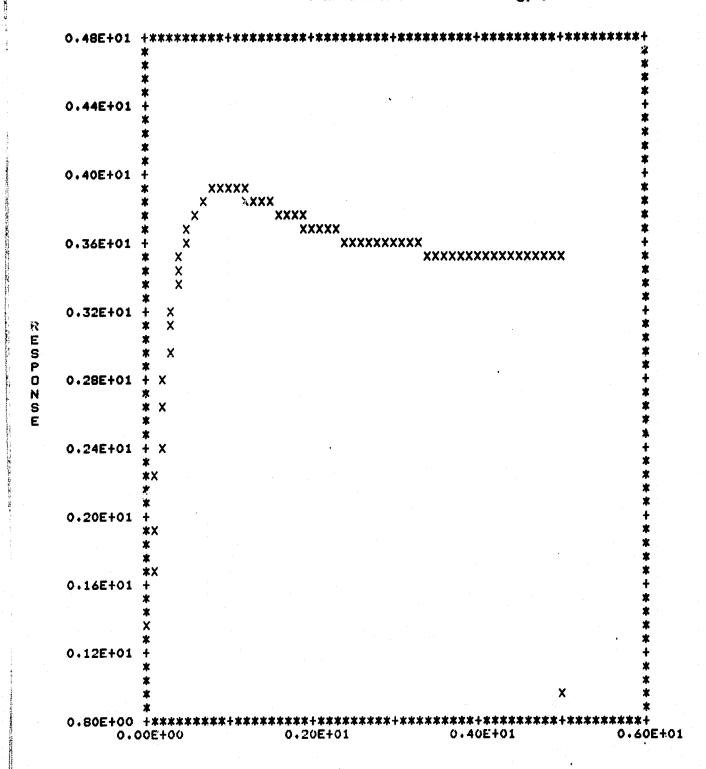
```
ENTER A NEW DESTRED VECTOR :
3.75
       0.00
3.25
       0.00
7.00
       0.00
DESIRED VECTOR:
      0.375000E+01
                      0,325000E+01
                                     0.700000E+01
ACTUAL VECTORT:
      0.375000E+01
                      0.325000E+01
                                     0.700000E+01
ERROR VECTORT:
      0.298023E-07
                      0.298023E-07
                                     0.000000E+00
LENGTH OF THE DESIRED VECTOR =
                                       8.580501
LENGTH OF THE PROJECTED VECTOR=
                                       8.580501
LENGTH OF THE ERROR VECTOR
                                       0.000000
IS THE ERROR ACCEPTABLE?
1
NEXT EIGENVECTOR:
EIGENVECTOR V 2:
                    (REAL)
                                        (IMAG)
                  0.000000E+00
                                      0.000000E+00
                                      0.000000E+00
                  0.000000E+00
                  0.000000E+00
                                      0.000000E+00
WISH TO CHANGE?
ENTER A NEW DESIRED VECTOR :
-.6700
         0.000
.75000
         0.000
0.000
         0.00
DESIRED VECTOR:
     -0.670000E+00
                      0.750000E+00
                                     0.000000E+00
ACTUAL VECTORT:
     -0.700303E+00
                      0.719697E+00
                                     0.242424E-01
ERROR VECTORT:
      0.303030E-01
                      0.303030E-01
                                    -0.242424E-01
LENGTH OF THE DESIRED VECTOR =
                                      1.005684
LENGTH OF THE PROJECTED VECTOR=
                                       1.004478
LENGTH OF THE ERROR VECTOR
                                       0.049237
IS THE ERROR ACCEPTABLE?
NEXT EIGENVECTOR:
EIGENVECTOR V 3:
                    (REAL)
                                        (IMAG)
                 0.000000E+00
                                      0.000000E+00
                 0.000000E+00
                                      0.000000E+00
                 0.000000E+00
                                      0.000000E+00
WISH TO CHANGE?
1
ENTER A NEW DESIRED VECTOR :
1.000 0.000
-1.000 0.000
.1000 0.000
DESIRED VECTOR:
      0.100000E+01 -0.100000E+01
                                     0.100000E+00
ACTUAL VECTORT:
```

```
0.966667E+00 -0.103333E+01 0.666667E-01
ERROR VECTORT:
     0.33333E-01
                 0.33333E-01
                             0.33333E-01
LENGTH OF THE DESIRED VECTOR =
LENGTH OF THE PROJECTED VECTOR=
LENGTH OF THE ERROR VECTOR =
                              1.417745
                               1.416569
                               0.057735
IS THE ERROR ACCEPTABLE?
****** DATA FILE INCLUDE:
MATRIX V :
                      2
                                  3
     0.375000E+01 -0.700303E+00
                             0.966667E+00
     0.325000E+01
                 0.719697E+00 -0.103333E+01
     0.700000E+01 0.242424E-01
                            0.666667E-01
WISH TO DISPLAY THE NORMALIZED EIGENVECTORS?
NORMALIZED VECTORS :
     0.437037E+00 -0.697181E+00
                             0.682400E+00
     0.378766E+00
                 0.716489E+00 -0.729462E+00
     0.815803E+00
                 0.241344E-01 0.470621E-01
GAIN MATRIX F:
                      2
                                  3
    2 -0.131593E+02 -0.124526E+02
                            0.1229556+02
MATRIX AHAT!
                      2
                                  3
    2 -0.131593E+02 -0.144526E+02 0.132955E+02
    0.100000E+01
                 0.100000E+01 -0.200000E+01
WISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE?
TERMINATE THIS RUN OR SELECT NEXT MODE:
WISH TO TERMINATE?
********************** SPECTRAL ASSIGNMENT PACKAGE **************
ENTER DESIRED MODE OF OPERATION, MODE=0,1,2,...,8:
```

```
******* CHOOSE SIMULATION OFTIONS:
-ENTER: 1 TO SIMULATE CAJ, 2 TO SIMULATE CAHATI, (3 FOR CATILI):
ENTER O TO SIMULATE CUTPUTS,1 TO SIMULATE STATE VARIABLES:
ENTER SIMULATION TIME, (REAL NUMBER IN SECONDS):
ENTER NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE CALCULATED, (200 MAX):
150
SPECIFY THE INITIAL CONDITIONS:
X 1(0):
X 2(0):
0
X 3(0):
CHOOSE INPUT OPTIONS: 1 FOR NO INPUT, 2 FOR A STEP INPUT,
                   3 FOR A RAMP, AND 4 FOR A TRUNCATED RAMP:
INPUT OPTION FOR U 1:
INPUT OPTION FOR U 2:
SPECIFY AMPLITUDE OF THE STEP INPUT U 2:
ENTER O FOR 80 DISPLAY COLUMNS,1 FOR 129 COLUMNS:
ENTER O FOR INDIVIDUAL AND 1 FOR MULTIPLE PLOTS:
DO YOU WISH TO SET THE MIN-MAX RANGES FOR THE AXES?
POSITION PAPER AT TOP OF FORM AND TYPE ANY INTEGER
YOU MAY ADD A SHORT NOTE (20 CHARACTERS.)
1 HARE WE GO
```

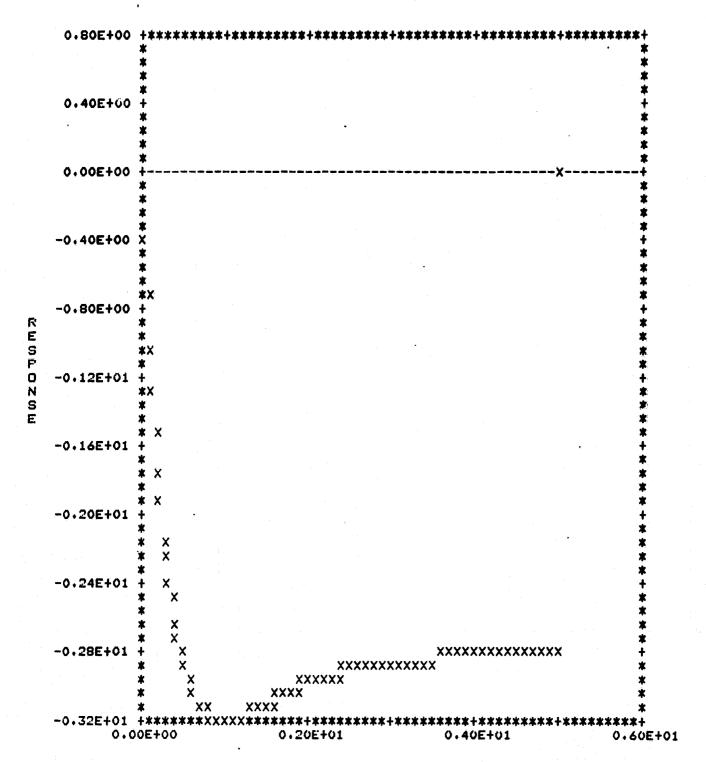


T I M E
POSITION PAPER AT TOP OF FORM AND TYPE ANY INTEGER
YOU MAY ADD A SHORT NOTE (20 CHARACTERS.)
1



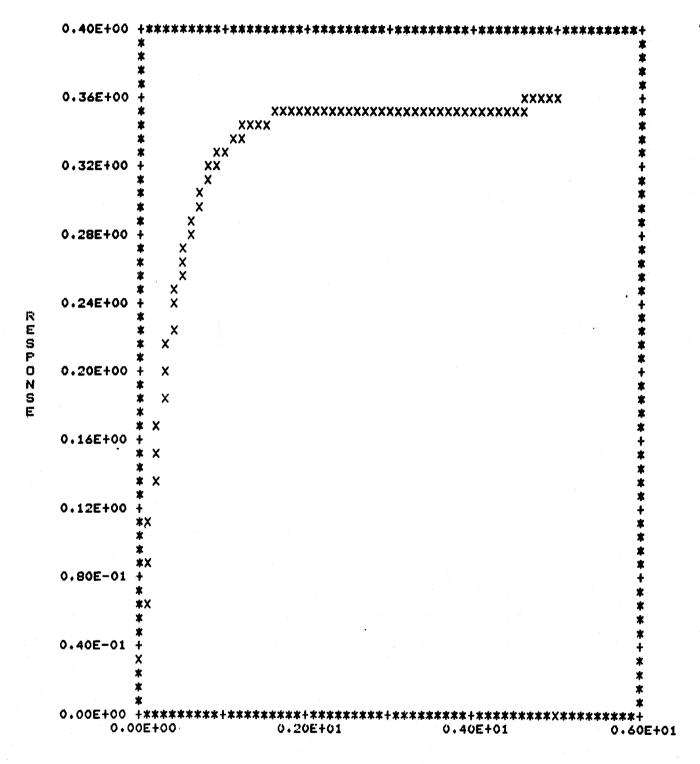
T I M E
PUSITION PAPER AT TOP OF FORM AND TYPE ANY INTEGER
YOU MAY ADD A SHORT NOTE (20 CHARACTERS.)

TIME SIMULATION



T I M E
POSITION PAPER AT TOP OF FORM AND TYPE ANY INTEGER
YOU MAY ADD A SHORT NOTE (20 CHARACTERS.)

TIME SIMULATION

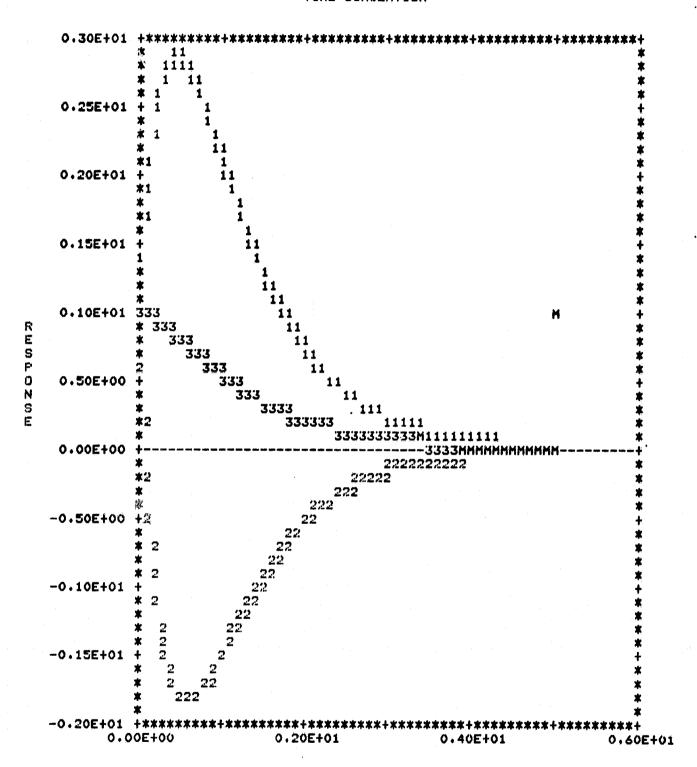


TIME

WISH TO REPEAT THE PLOTTING? O WISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE? O

```
******* CHOOSE SIMULATION OFTIONS:
-ENTER: 1 TO SIMULATE CAI, 2 TO SIMULATE CAHATI, (3 FOR CATILI):
ENTER O TO SIMULATE OUTPUTS, 1 TO SIMULATE STATE VARIABLES:
ENTER SIMULATION TIME, (REAL NUMBER IN SECONDS):
ENTER NUMBER OF FOINTS TO BE CALCULATED, (200 MAX):
SPECIFY THE INITIAL CONDITIONS:
X 1(0):
X 2(0):
X 3(0):
CHOOSE INPUT OPTIONS:1 FOR NO INPUT, 2 FOR A STEP INPUT,
                     3 FOR A RAMP, AND 4 FOR A TRUNCATED RAMP:
INPUT OPTION FOR U 1:
INPUT OFTION FOR U 2:
ENTER O FOR 80 DISPLAY COLUMNS,1 FOR 129 COLUMNS:
ENTER O FOR INDIVIDUAL AND 1 FOR MULTIPLE PLOTS:
DO YOU WISH TO SET THE MIN-MAX RANGES FOR THE AXES?
POSITION PAPER AT TOP OF FORM AND TYPE ANY INTEGER
YOU MAY ADD A SHORT NOTE (20 CHARACTERS.)
```

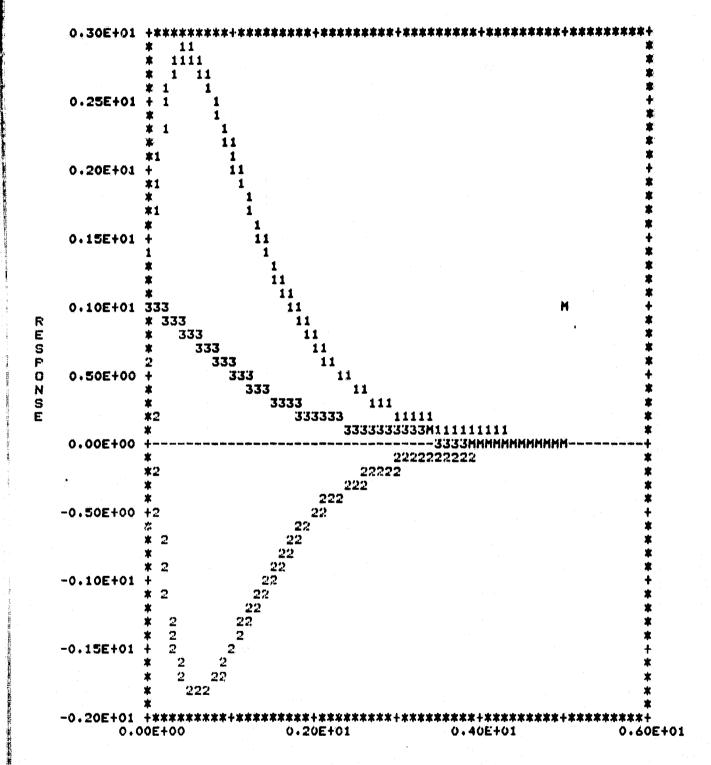
********************* M()))E 4:TIME SIMULATION *****************



```
******************************
 ******************* SPECTRAL ASSIGNMENT PACKAGE ***************
 ENTER DESIRED MODE OF OPERATION, MODE=0,1,2,...,8:
 ********************* MODE 5:COMPONENT REDUCTION ***************
ENTER THE COORDINATES OF THE COMPONENT TO BE REDUCED
 ROW =-- , COLUMN =-- (BOTH INTEGERS):
 3 1
SET DESIRED WEIGHTS, DEFAULT VALUES ARE:
F1=F2=1.000
WISH TO CHANGE?
                         0.490000E+02
                                          J2=
                                              0.000000E+00
                    J1=
       0.490000E+02
COST=
GRADIENT MATRIX:
                          2.
            1
                    0.000000E+00
                                   0.000000E+00
  1 -0.707107E+00
                    0.000000E+00
                                  0.000000E+00
  2 -0.707107E+00
GRADIENT SEARCH ROUTINE, SET SEARCH PARAMETERS:
Default values are:
                                               dmin= 0.100000E-04
 # of steps, N= 1 step size, d= 0.100000E-01
 Wish to change?
                    J1= 0.488022E+02
                                          J2=
                                                U.999999E-04
NEW COST= 0.488023E+02
Cost Function=
               0.488023E+02
Wish to continue the search?
GRADIENT SEARCH ROUTINE, SET SEARCH PARAMETERS:
Default values are:
# of steps,N= 1 step size,d= 0.100000E-01
                                              dmin= 0.100000E-04
Wish to change?
Enter new values:
1 0.5 .0001
                   J1 = 0.394227E + 02
                                       J2=
                                               0.260100E+00
NEW COST= 0.396828E+02
Cost Function= 0.396828E+02
Wish to continue the search?
GRADIENT SEARCH ROUTINE, SET SEARCH PARAMETERS:
Default values are:
# of steps,N= 1 step size,d= 0.500000E+00
                                              dmin=
                                                      0.100000E-03
Wish to change?
Enter new values:
  .3 .0001
```

```
0.342750E+02
                                            J2=
                                                  0.656100E+00
NEW COST=
            0.349311E+02
Cost Function=
                 0.349311E+02
Wish to continue the search?
MATRIX V :
             1
                            2
                                           3
      0.317724E+01 -0.700303E+00
                                     0.966667E+00
      0.267724E+01
                     0.719697E+00 -0.103333E+01
      0.585449E+01
                     0.242424E-01 0.666667E-01
WISH TO DISPLAY THE NORMALIZED EIGENVECTORS?
GAIN MATRIX F:
                            2
                                          3
      0.132540E+02
                     0.125355E+02 -0.133827E+02
  2 -0.131608E+02 -0.124540E+02
                                   0.122949E+02
TERMINATE THIS RUN OR SELECT NEXT MODE:
WISH TO TERMINATE?
1
************************* MODE 4:TIME SIMULATION *****************
******* CHOOSE SIMULATION OFTIONS:
-ENTER: 1 TO SIMULATE EAJ, 2 TO SIMULATE CAHATJ, (3 FOR CATILI):
ENTER O TO SIMULATE OUTPUTS,1 TO SIMULATE STATE VARIABLES:
ENTER SIMULATION TIME, (REAL NUMBER IN SECONDS):
ENTER NUMBER OF FOINTS TO BE CALCULATED, (200 MAX):
SPECIFY THE INITIAL CONDITIONS:
X 1(0):
X 2(0):
X 3(0):
CHOOSE INPUT OFTIONS:1 FOR NO INPUT, 2 FOR A STEP INPUT,
                     3 FOR A RAMP, AND 4 FOR A TRUNCATED RAMP:
INPUT OPTION FOR U 1:
INPUT OPTION FOR U 2:
ENTER O FOR 80 DISPLAY COLUMNS, 1 FOR 129 COLUMNS:
ENTER O FOR INDIVIDUAL AND 1 FOR MULTIPLE PLOTS:
DO YOU WISH TO SET THE MIN-MAX RANGES FOR THE AXES?
FOSITION PAPER AT TOP OF FORM AND TYPE ANY INTEGER
YOU MAY ADD A SHORT NOTE (20 CHARACTERS.)
```

TIME SIMULATION



TIME

WISH TO REPEAT THE PLOTTING? 0\0\0 WISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE? 1

**************************** EXITING MODE 4 ******************

```
************************
******************* SPECTRAL ASSIGNHEN' PACKAGE **************
ENTER DESIRED MODE OF OPERATION, MODE=0,1,2,...,8:
MATRIX U :
                                         3
            1
                          2
      0.317724E+01
                  -0.700303E+00
                                   0.966667E400
      0.267724E+01
                     0.719697E+00
                                  -0.1033332+01
      0.585449E+01
                     0.242424E-01
                                   0.6666678-01
GAIN MATRIX F:
                                         3
      0.132540E+02
                     0.125355E+02 -0.133827E+02
  2 -0.131608E+02 -0.124540E+02
                                   0,122949E+02
******************* MODE 6:GAIN REDUCTION **************
SET ALPHA PARAMETERS :
DEFAULT VALUES ARE :
GAIN PARAMETERS :
                          2
                                         3 .
  1
      0.100000E+01
                     0.100000E+01
                                   0.100000E+01
  2
      0.100000E+01
                    0.100000E+01
                                   0.100000E+01
WISH TO CHANGE:
        0.991380E+03
COST=
Gradient matrix:
                           2
            1
                                         3
     -0.328984E-04
                     0.123434E+00 -0.719359E+00
      0.390425E-04
                     0.120108E+00 -0.672949E+00
GRADIENT SEARCH ROUTINE, SET SEARCH PARAMETERS:
Default values are:
# of steps,N= 1
                   ster size,d=
                                 0.100000E-01
                                                dain=
                                                       0.100000E=04
Wish to change?
Enter new values:
.1 .0001
NEW COST=
           0.107344E+03
NEW COST=
           0.389868E+02
NEW COST=
           0.203202E+02
                0.203202E+02
Cost Function=
Wish to continue the search?
MATRIX V :
                          2
                                        3
           1
                  -0.663273E+00
                                  0.750859E+00
      0.317723E+01
     0.267726E+01
                    0.755729E+00 -0.123522E+01
```

3 0.585449E+01 0.115571E+00 0.484359E+00 WISH TO DISPLAY THE NORMALIZED EIGENVECTORS? O GAIN MATRIX F:

1 0.220673E+01 0.143515E+01 -0.231119E+01

2 -0.212192E+01 -0.140673E+01 0.125216E+01 TERMINATE THIS RUN OR SELECT NEXT MODE:

WISH TO TERMINATE?

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APPENDIX

Eigenvalue/Eigenvector Assignment Program Listing

```
00001
       00002
       00003
       C-Function: Mode Selection.
00004
       C-IMSL routines called: UGETIO.
00005
       C-Spectral Assignment routines: MODEO through MODE8.
00006
       C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                      5
                                           Output Unit:
00007
                     Storage Unit(s): IU=20
80000
       C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT
00009
               REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10),ZERO
00010
               INTEGER MODE, IDGT, NS, NI, NO
00011
               COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00012
               CALL UGETID (3.5.5)
00013
00014
               IRS=102
00015
               1U=20
00016
             OPEN (FILE="SYSTEM.DAT", ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=IRS
00017
            1,UNIT=IU,MODE="BINARY",DEVICE="DSK",DISPOSE="SAVE")
00018
         100
             WRITE (5.101)
00019
        101
               FORMAT (1H/,1X,70(1H+),/,1X,21(1H+),
00020
            129H SPECTRAL ASSIGNMENT PACKAGE ,20(1H+),//
            2,1X,49HENTER DESIRED MODE OF OPERATION, MODE=C,1,2,...,8:)
00021
00022
               READ (5,*) MODE
00023
               IF (MODE.LE.O) GO TO 80
00024
               GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8), MODE
00025
             CALL MODE1
00026
               GO TO 99
00027
             CALL MODE2
00028
               GO TO 99
00029
          3
              CALL MODES
               GO TO 99
00030
00C31
             CALL MODE4
00032
               GO TO 99
00033
          5
               CALL MODES
00034
               GO TO 99
00035
          6
               CALL MODE6
00036
               GO TO 99
          7
               CALL MODE?
00037
00038
               GO TO 99
00039
          8
               CALL MODE8
00040
               GO TO 99
00C41
         80
             CALL MODEO
00042
         99
             WRITE (5,102)
00C43
        102
             FORMAT (1x, 39HTERMINATE THIS RUN OR SELECT NEXT MODE: .//
00044
            1,1X,18HWISH TO TERMINATE?)
00045
               READ (5,*) I
00046
               IF (I.LE.O) GO TO 100
00047
               STOP
00048
               END
```

```
00001
00002
        *********
00003
                SUBROUTINE MODEL
00004
        C-Function: System data entry.
00C05
        C-IMSL routines called: USWFM.
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C5Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                         5
                                              Output Unit:
                      Storage Unit(s): IU=20.
80000
00009
        C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT
00C10
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10),NULL(5)
00011
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00012
                IU=20
              WRITE (5,1)
00013
         210
             FORMAT (1x,26(1H+),19H MODE 1:DATA ENTRY ,25(1H+),//,1x,10(1H+)
00014
00015
             1.34HENTER OR CHANGE SYSTEM PARAMETERS: .//)
00016
                WRITE (5.4)
00017
                FORMAT (1X,16HPREVIOUS VALUES?)
00018
                READ (5,+) 17
00019
                IF (17.GT.0) GD TO 220
00020
         230
                WRITE (5,2) NS,NI,NO,IDGT,ZERO
00021
              FORMAT (5X,3HNS=,12,10X,3HNI=,12,10X,3HNO=,12
00022
             1,5X,5HIDGT=,12,5X,5HZERO=,F15.12,//,1X,15HWISH TO CHANGE?)
00023
                READ (5,*) I1
00024
                IF (11.LE.O) GO TO 100
00025
                WRITE (5,5)
00026
           5
                FORMAT (1x, 20HENTER NEW VALUE(S) :)
00027
                READ (5,*) NS,NI,NO,IDGT,ZERO
00028
                WRITE (IU'1) NS, NI, NO, IDGT, ZERO
00029
00030
         100
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX A :,10,A,10,NS,NS,4)
00031
                WRITE (5.3)
00032
              FORMAT (1X,15HWISH TO CHANGE?)
00033
                READ (5,*) 12
00034
                IF (12.LE.O) GO TO 130
00035
                WRITE (5.5)
00C36
                READ (5,+) ((A(I,J),J=1,NS),I=1,NS)
00037
                WRITE ([U^{*}2) ((A(I_{7}J)_{7}J=1_{7}NS)_{7}I=1_{7}NS)
00038
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX B :,10,B,10,NS,NI,4)
00039
         130
00C40
                WRITE (5.3)
00C41
                READ (5,*) I3
00042
                IF (I3.LE.O) GO TO 160
00043
                WRITE (5,5)
00644
                READ (5,*) ((B(I,J),J=1,NI),I=1,NS)
00045
                WRITE (IU^3) ((B(I_3J)_3J=1_3NI)_3I=1_3NS)
00046
00047
         160
                CALL USHFM (10HRATRIX C :. 10.C.10.NO.NS.4)
00048
                WRITE (5,3)
                READ (5,*) 14
00049
00050
                IF (14.LE.O) GD TO 200
00051
                WRITE (5,5)
00052
                READ (5,*) ((C(I,J),J=1,NS),I=1,NO)
                WRITE (IU*4) ((C(I+J)+J=1+NS)+I=1+NO)
00053
00C54
                GD TD 200
00055
               *THIS BLOCK ACCESSED ONLY BY A GO TO 220 STATEMENT***
00056
         220
                CONTINUE
```

```
00057
                READ (IU'1) NS,NI,NO,IDGT,ZERO
00C58
                READ (IU'2) ((A(I,J),J=1,NS),I=1,NS)
00059
                READ (IU'3) ((B(I,J),J=1,NI),I=1,NS)
00060
                READ (IU 4) ((C(I, J), J=1, NS), I=1, ND)
00061
                GO TO 230
00062
         200
00063
                WRITE (5,6)
00064
              FORMAT (1X, 29HWISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE? )
00065
                READ (5,+) 16
00066
                IF (16.LE.O) GO TO 210
00C67
                WRITE (5,7)
00068
              FORMAT (1x,27(1H+),18H EXITING MODE 1 ,25(1H+))
00069
                RETURN
00070
                END
```

```
00001
                                *************
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE MODE2
00004
        C-Function: Eigenvalue Assignment.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: (USWFM).
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: NSA, TRANS .
00006
00007
                                        5 Output Unit:
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                      Storage Unit(s): IU=20, IU=20+I for I=1,NS.
80000
00009
        C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT,FORxx.DAT where xx=IU=20+I for I=1,NS.
00010
                REAL LRE(10), LIM(10), S(10, 30), SCOPY(10, 30), SP(10, 10), SPP(10, 20)
00C11
                REAL X(30,20), ML(10,10), NL(10,10)
00C12
                REAL NLC(10,20), PLC(10,20), MLC(10,20)
                REAL ALPHA(20,20),BETA(20,20),KA(20,10),KB(20,10),GAMA(20,20)
00013
                REAL ACOPY(20,20), AP(20,20), APP(20,10)
00014
                REAL STAR(20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00015
00C16
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00017
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
                COMMON/NSPA/ML, NL, NLC, PLC, MLC, STAR, QL, RL/EIG/LRE, LIM
00018
        00019
00020
                IRS=102
                IU=20
00021
00022
                READ (IU'1) NS, NI, NO, IDGT, ZERO
                READ (IU 2) ((A(I,J),J=1,NS),I=1,NS)
00C23
                READ (IU^{4}3) ((B(I,J),J=1,NI), I=1,NS)
00024
00025
        C
         910
00026
                I=1
00027
                WRITE (5,1)
           1 FORMAT (1x,20(1H+),30H MODE 2:EIGENVALUE ASSIGNMENT ,20(1H+),//
00028
             1,1x,10(1H+1,29H ENTER OR CHANGE EIGENVALUES:,//)
00029
00030
                WRITE (5,33) ZERO, IDGT
        C
                FORMAT (1X,5HZERO=,F15,12,1X,5HIDGT=,I2)
00031
        C 33
00032
         999
              CONTINUE
00033
                IU=I+20
00034
                IRS=202
              OPEN (ACCESS= RANDOM RECORD SIZE=IRS
00035
00036
             1.UNIT=IU.MODE="BINARY".DEVICE="DSK".DISPOSE="SAVE")
00037
        C
00036
                WRITE (5,11)
00039
         11
                FORMAT (1X-16HPREVIOUS VALUES?)
                READ (5.*) KQ
00040
                IF (KO.GT.O) GO TO 12
00041
                GO TO 13
00042
00043
        C
00C44
                READ (IU'1) LRE(I), LIM(I)
         12
00045
                WRITE (5.2) I.LRE(I).LIM(I)
         13
00046
             FORMAT (1X,6HLAMBDA,12,1H:,/,1X,5HREAL=,E15.6,2X,6H IMAG=
00047
             1.E15.6.//.1X.15HWISH TO CHANGE?)
84000
                READ (5,*) KI
00049
                IF (K1.LE.O) GO TO 50
00050
                write (5,14)
00C51
          14
                format (1x,20henter new value(s) :)
00052
                READ (5,*) LRE(I), LIM(I)
                WRITE (IU*1) LRE(I).LIM(I)
00053
00054
        C+++++++++++++++++++++++IS LAMBDA—I REAL OR COMPLEX?+++++++++++
                IF (ABS(LIM(I)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 100
00055
        C+++++++++++++++++++++++REAL NULL SPACE FORMULATION++++++++++++++
00056
```

```
00057
        C++++++++++++++++++++++FORM S-LAMBDA-I, (NSX(NS+NI))+++++++++++++++
00058
                DO 10 II=1,NS
                DO 10 IJ=1.NS
00059
00060
                (LI,II) = -A(II,IJ)
00C61
                IF (II.EQ.IJ) S(II,IJ)=S(II,IJ)+LRE(I)
00062
          10
                CONTINUE
00063
              INS=NS+1
00064
              IN+2N=2NL
00065
                DO 20 II=1,NS
00066
                DO 20 IJ=INS.JNS
00067
              IDUM=IJ-NS
00C68
                S(II,IJ)=B(II,IDUM)
00069
          20
                CONTINUE
60070
        C
                CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX SLI:,11,5,10,NS,JNS,4)
                  **************CALL NSA****
00071
        C4
00072
        C
                WRITE (5,3)
                FORMAT (1X, "NULL SPACE OF S-LAMBDA-I, X=KL")
00073
        C
           3
                                                    ! **
00074
        C
                write (5,33) zero, idgt
00075
                CALL NSA(NS, JNS, S, 10, 30, X, 30, 20, ZERO, IDGT, SCOPY, SPP, SP)
00076
               00077
                DO 30 II=1,NS
00078
                DO 30 IJ=1,NI
00079
                NL(II,IJ)=X(II,IJ)
00080
          30
                CONTINUE
00081
                WRITE (IU'3) ((NL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NS)
00082
                DO 40 II=INS, JNS
00083
                DD 40 IJ=1,NI
00C84
                IML=II-NS
00085
                ML(IML \cdot IJ) = X(II \cdot IJ)
00086
          40
                CONTINUE
00087
                WRITE (IU°4) ((ML(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NI)
00088
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX NL:,10,NL,10,NS,NI,4)
                                                               !**
        C
00089
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX ML:,10,ML,10,NI,NI,4)
                                                               !**
00090
                IF (1.GE.NS) GO TO 900
00091
          50
                I = I + 1
00092
                IF (I.GT.NS) GO TO 900
00093
                WRITE (5,15)
                FORMAT (1X, 16HNEXT EIGENVALUE:)
00094
          15
                GO TO 999
00095
00096
00097
         100
00098
                CONTINUE
        00099
        C+++++++++++++++++++FORM S-LAMBDA-C, NSX(2NS+NI) ++++++++++++
00100
00101
                DO 110 II=1,NS
00102
                DO 110 IJ=1,NS
00103
                S(II,II)=-A(II,IJ)
00104
                IF (II.EQ.IJ) S(II,IJ)=S(II,IJ)+LRE(I)
00105
         110
                CONTINUE
00106
              INS=NS+1
              NS 2=2 +NS
00107
00108
              NI 2=2*NI
00109
                DO 120 II=1.NS
                DO 120 IJ=INS+NS2
00110
                S(II,IJ)=0.0
00111
00112
                IJDUM=IJ-NS
```

```
00113
               IF (II.EQ.IJDUM) S(II.IJ)=LIM(I)
00114
        120
               CONTINUE
00115
             IINS=NS2+1
00116
             ILC=NS2+NI
00117
               CO 130 II=1,NS
00118
               DO 130 IJ=IINS,ILC
00119
               IJDUM=IJ-NSZ
00120
               S(II,IJ)=B(II,IJDUM)
00121
        130
               CONTINUE
               CALL USWFH (11HMATRIX SLC:,11,S,10,NS,ILC,4) ! **
00122
       00123
                                                ! **
               WRITE (5.4)
00124
               FORMAT (1x, "NULL SPACE OF SLC, X=KLC ")
00125
       C
               CALL NSA (NS,ILC,S,10,30,X,30,20,ZERO,IDGT,SCOPY,SPP,SP)
00126
       00127
             IS=NS+NI
00128
               DO 140 II=1.NS
00129
               DG 140 IJ=1,IS
00130
               NLC(II,IJ)=X(II,IJ)
00131
00132
        140
               CONTINUE
00133
               WRITE (IU'3) ((NLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NS)
00134
       C
00135
               DO 150 II=INS.NS2
               DO 150 IJ=1, IS
00136
00137
              I I DUM = I I - NS
               PLC(IIDUM, IJ)=X(II,IJ)
00138
00139
        150
               CONTINUE
               WRITE (IU'4) ((PLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NS)
00140
00141
       C
00142
               DO 160 II=IINS, ILC
00143
               DO 160 IJ=1.IS
00144
              I JDUM=I I-NS2
00145
               MLC(IJDUM,IJ)=X(II,IJ)
00146
        160
               CONTINUE
00147
               WRITE (IU'5) ((MLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NI)
00148
                                                              ! * *
               CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX NLC:,11,NLC,10,NS,IS,4)
00149
       C
               CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX PLC:,11,PLC,10,NS,IS,4)
                                                              ! **
00150
       C
                                                              ...
               CALL USWFH (11HMATRIX MLC:,11, MLC,10,NI,IS,4)
00151
       C
00152
               IF (NS.EQ.NI) GO TO 215
        00153
               00 170 II=1,NS2
00154
               DO 170 IJ=1,IS
00155
               ALPHA(II,IJ)=X(II,IJ)
00156
               IF (II.GT.NS) ALPHA(II.IJ) =- X(II.IJ)
00157
        170
00158
               CONTINUE
               CALL USWFM {14HMATRIX ALPHAT:,14,ALPHA,20,NS2,IS,4} !**
00159
       C
               CALL TRANS (ALPHA, NS2, IS)
00160
               CALL USWFM (20HTRANSPOSE OF ALPHAT:,20,ALPHA,20,IS,NS2,4) !*
00161
       С
       C+
              ************ CALL NSA *******************
00162
00163
       C
               WRITE (5.5)
               FORMAT (1X, "NULL SPACE OF ALPHA, KA ")
           5
00164
        C
               CALL NSA (IS,NS2,ALPHA,20,20,KA,20,10,ZERO,IDGT,ACDPY,APP,AP)
00165
00166
              NMI=NS-NI
               CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX KA:,10,KA,20,NS2,NMI,4)
                                                             1 **
00167
        C++++++++++++++++FORM BETA, TRANSPOSE +++++++++++++++++++++++
00168
```

```
00169
                DO 180 II=1,NS
00170
                DO 180 IJ=1.IS
00171
                BETA(II,IJ)=PLC(II,IJ)
00172
         180
                CONTINUE
00173
        C
00174
                DO 190 II=INS.NS2
00175
                DO 190 IJ=1.IS
00176
               IDUM=II-NS
00177
                BETA(II, IJ)=NLC(IDUM, IJ)
00178
         190
                CONTINUE
00179
        C
                CALL USWFM (13HMATRIX BETAT:,13,BETA,20,NS2,IS,4; !**
00180
                CALL TRANS (BETA, NS2, IS)
                CALL USWFM (19HTRANSPOSE OF BETAT:,19,BETA,20,IS,NS2,4)! ++
00181
        C
00182
        C**4
               +++++++++++ CALL NSA +++++++++++++++++
00183
        C
                WRITE (5,6)
                                                     ! **
00184
                FORMAT (1X, "NULL SPACE OF BETA, KB ")
        C
            6
                                                             ! **
00185
                CALL NSA (IS,NS2,BETA,20,20,KB,20,10,ZERO,IDGT,ACOPY,APP,AP)
00186
        C
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX KB:,10,KB,20,NS2,NMI,4) !++
00187
               +++++++++++++++ FORM GAMA, TRANSPOSE +++++++++++++
00188
                DO 200 II=1,NS2
00189
                DO 200 IJ=1,NM[
00190
                GAMA(II,IJ)=KA(II,IJ)
00191
         200
                CONTINUE
00192
00193
                NMI2=2+NMI
00194
                NMI1=NMI+1
00195
                DO 210 II=1,NS2
00196
                DO 210 IJ=NMI1.NMI2
00197
               NMIDUM-IJ-NMI
00198
                GAMA(II,IJ)=KB(II,NMIDUM)
00199
                CONTINUE
         210
00200
        C
00201
        С
                CALL USWFM (13HMATRIX GAMAT:,13,GAMA,20,NS2,NMI2,4) !++
00202
                CALL TRANS (GAMA, NS2, NMI2)
        C
                CALL USWFM (19HTRANSPOSE OF GAMAT:,19,GAMA,20,NMI2,NS2,4)!#
00203
               00204
        C **
00205
        C
                WRITE (5,7)
               FORMAT (1x, "NULL SPACE OF GAMA, STAR ")
00206
           7
                                                            ***
00207
                CALL NSA (NMI2, NS2, GAMA, 20, 20, STAR, 20, 20, ZERO, IDGT, ACDPY, APP, AP)
80200
                GO TO 216
00209
         215
                DO 216 II=1,NS2
00210
                DO 216 IJ=1,NI2
00211
                STAR(II, IJ)=FLOAT(0)
00212
                IF (II.EQ.IJ) STAR(II,IJ)=FLOAT(1)
00213
         216
                CONTINUE
        C
                CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX STAR:,12,STAR,20,NS2,NI2,4) !++
00214
00215
                ************ PARTITION STAR ********
00216
                DO 220 II=1,NS
00217
                DO 220 IJ=1.NI2
00218
                QL(II,IJ)=STAR(II,IJ)
00219
         220
                CONTINUE
00220
                WRITE (IU 6) ((QL(II.IJ).IJ=1.NI2).II=1.NS)
00221
        C
22200
                DO 230 II=INS,NS2
00223
                DU 230 IJ=1,NI2
00224
               IDUM=II-NS
```

```
00225
                 RL(IDUM, IJ) = STAR(II, IJ)
00226
         230
                 CONTINUE
00227
                WRITE ([U'7) ((RL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
00228
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX QL:,10,QL,10,NS,NI2,4)
                                                                 ! **
                                                                ! **
00229
        C
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX RL:,10,RL,10,NS,NI2,4)
00230
00231
                 ++++++++++SET THE CONJUGATE VALUES ++++++++++++++++
00232
                 IC=I+1
00233
                 IRS=202
00234
                 IU=IC+20
00235
              OPEN (ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=IRS
00236
             1, UNIT=1U, MODE= BINARY DEVICE= DSK , DISPOSE= SAVE )
00237
                LRE(IC)=LRE(I)
00238
                 LIM(IC)=-LIM(I)
00239
                 WRITE (IU'1) LRE(IC), LIM(IC)
                 WRITE (5,22) IC, LRE(IC), LIM(IC)
00240
00241
         22
               FORMAT (1x,6HLAMBDA,12,6H:REAL=,E15.6,2x,6H,IMAG=,E15.6)
00242
                 IF (IC.GE.NS) GO TO 900
00243
                 I=I+2
                WRITE (5,15)
00244
                GO TO 999
00245
00246
         900
00247
               WRITE (5,8)
               FORMAT (1x,29HWISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE? )
00248
00249
                 READ (5,+) KK
00250
                 IF (KK.LE.O) GO TO 910
00251
                 WRITE (5,9)
00252
               FORMAT (1x,27(1H+),18H EXITING HODE 2 ,25(1H+))
00253
                 RETURN
00254
                 END
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                 SUBROUTINE NSA(M,N,S, iis, ijs, x, iix, ijx, ZERO, IDGT, SCOPY, SPP, SP)
00004
        C-Function: Calculates a basis for the Null Space of a MxN matrix 5.
        C-IMSL routines called: UERSET, UERTST, LEQT2F, VSRTU, VSRTR, (USWFM).
00005
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit: (5)
                                                 Output Unit: (5)
00008
                       Storage Unit(s): -
        C-Random Access Files: -
00009
00010
                real s(ils,ijs),scopy(ils,ijs),spp(ils,ijX),sp(ils,ils)
                 real x(iix,ijx),fac,wk1(10),wk2(132),wk3(30)
00011
00012
               INTEGER M.N.IM.IN.JN.PV(30), IPV(30), K.L.DUM
00013
               INTEGER PVCOPY(30).RPV(30)
00014
                 DO 90 I=1.M
00015
                 00 90 J=1,N
G0016
                 SCOPY(I,J)=S(I,J)
          90
00017
                 CONTINUE
00018
                 WRITE (5,2) ZERO, IDGT
U0C19
            2
                 FORMAT (1x,5HZERO=,F15,12,1x,5HIDGT=,I2)
               DUM=N-M
00020
00021
               IN=N
00022
               N=NL
00023
               IM=1
                 DO 20 I=1.N
00024
00025
                 PV(I)=I
00026
          20
                 CONTINUE
               IF (ABS(S(IM,IN)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 30
00027
00028
          70
               IN=IN-1
00029
                 GO TO 20
00030
          30
                 IK=PV(JN)
00C31
               PV(JN)=PV(IN)
00032
               IF (IN.EQ.JN) GO TO 50
00033
               PV(IN)=IK
00034
        C++++++++++++++EXCHANGE COLUMNS IN AND JN+++++++++++++++++++
00035
                 DO 40 I=1,N
00036
                 IPV(I)=I
00037
          40
                 CONTINUE
00038
               K=IPV(IN)
00039
               IPV(IN)=IPV(JN)
00040
               IPV(JN)=K
                 CALL VSRTU (S.IIS.M.N.O.IPV.WK1)
00041
00042
               IN=JN
00043
              CONTINUE
00044
               IF (IM.EQ.M) GO TO 80
00C45
               L=IM+1
00046
        C+++++++++++++++++++++++GAUSSIAN PROCESS++++++++++++++++++
00047
                 DO 60 IL=L.N
00048
                 IF (ABS(S(IL;IN)).LE.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 60
00C49
                 FAC=S(IL.IN)/S(IM.IN)
00050
                 DO 60 I=1.N
00051
                 S(IL, I)=S(IL, I)-FAC+S(IM, I)
00052
          60
                 CONTINUE
00053
               JN=JN-1
00054
               IM=IM+1
00055
                 GO TO 70
00056
          80
               CONTINUE
```

```
00057
       C
               CALL USWFM (13HS TRIANGULAR:,13,5,IIS,M,N,4)
00058
               WRITE (5,4)
       C
00059
        C
               FORMAT(1X . PERMUTATION VECTOR : 1)
                                                            1 **
                                                             ! **
00060
                DO 81 I=1.N
                WRITE (5,+) PV(I)
00061
        C
                                                             ! **
00062
           81
                                                             ! **
        C
                CONTINUE
00063
                CALL USWFH (10HMATRIX S :,10,5COPY, IIS, M, N, 4)
                                                              1**
00064
               ++++++SHUFFLE SCOPY.USING PVCOPY+++++++
00065
                DO 120 I=1.N
00066
                PVCOPY(I)=PV(I)
00067
         120
                CONTINUE
00068
                CALL VSRTU (SCOPY, IIS, M, N, O, PVCOPY, WK1)
00069
               ++++++++++++SCOPY NOW CONTAINS SBAR++++++++++
                CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX SBAR: ,12,SCOPY, IIS, M, N, 4) ! **
00 C7 0
        C+++++++++++++++++PARTITION SBAR++++++++++++
00071
                DO 100 I=1,M
00C72
00073
                DO 100 J=1,DUM
00074
                SPP(I,J)=SCOPY(I,J)
00075
         100
                CONTINUE
                CALL USWFH (11HMATRIX SPP:,11,SPP,IIS,M,DUM,4)! ++
00076
        C
00077
                DO 110 I=1.M
00078
                DO 110 J=1,M
00079
                JOUM-J+DUM
00080
                SP(I, J)=SCOPY(I, JDUM)
00081
         110
                CONTINUE
00082
        C
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX SP:,10,SP;IIS;M;M;4) !+++
C8000
               ********LINEAR EQUATION SOLUTION******
00084
                IT=IDGT
00085
                CALL LEGTZF (SP, DUP, M, IIS, SPP, IT, WK2, TER)
00086
                CALL UERSET (3, LEVOLD)
00087
                CALL UERTST (IER,6HLEQT2F)
88000
                WRITE (5,3) IT
00089
        C
           3
                FORMAT(1X ,31HIDGT ON RETURN FROM LEGT2F IS =.13)
                                                                  !**
00090
        00091
        C++++++++++SDRT PY++++++++++++++++++
00092
                DO 130 I=1.N
                RPV(I)=I
00093
00094
         130
                CONTINUE
00095
                CALL VSRTR (PV,N,RPV)
                            ****FORM X******************
00096
00097
                DO 140 I=1, DUM
00098
                DO 140 J=1.DUM
                X(I,J)=FLOAT(0)
00099
00100
                IF (I.EQ.J) \times (I,J) = -FLOAT(1)
                CONTINUE
00101
         140
                IIDUM=DUM+1
00102
                DO 150 I=IIDUM,N
00103
                DO 150 J=1.DUM
00104
00105
                IDUM=I-DUM
00106
                X(I,J)=SPP(IDUM,J)
         150
00107
                CONTINUE
00108
             CALL USWFM (20HX BEFORE SHUFFLING :,20,X,IIX,N,DUM,4)! **
00109
        C
00110
                CALL VSRTU (X, [[X, N, DUM, 1, RPV, WK3)
                CALL USHFM (20HBASIS VECTORS ARE :,20,X,IIX,N,DUM,4)! **
00111
        C
00112
                 RETURN
```

00113

END

```
00001
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE MODEO
00004
        C-Function: Signature.
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00005
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                             Output Unit:
00008
                      Storage Unit(s): -
        C-Random Access Files: -
00009
                WRITE (5.1)
00010
00011
           1 FORMAT (/,13x,3H***,/,13x,3H***,16x,23HOld Dominion University,/
             1,13X,3H+++,10X,36HDepartment of Electrical Engineering,/,13x,3H+++
00C12
00013
             2,21X,14HMohsen Marefat,/,13X,3H***,21X,14HSeptember 1982)
00014
                WRITE (5.2)
           2 FORMAT (4X.3H***.3X.2H**.1X.3H***.3X.3H***.7.2X.14(1H*).3X.3H***,
00015
             1/.1X.4(6H*** ).3X.31HThe Spectral Assignment Package,/, 1X
00016
             2,4(6H+++ ),3X,31(1H=),/,2X,19(1H+),/,1X,3(6H +++))
00017
00018
                WRITE (5,3)
00019
           3 FORMAT (//;6X;52HDocumentation and a user guide for this CAD progr
             lam ,/,6x,34Hpackage is avialable upon request.,/,
00020
             26x.45HContact Dr. R.R. Hielke at the EE department.)
00021
00022
                RETURN
00023
                END
```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS

```
00001
00002
00C03
                 SUBROUTINE TRANS (A, IM, IN)
00004
        C-Function: Returns the transpose of matrix [A] in A.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                 Output Unit:
00008
                        Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00C10
                 REAL A(20,20), AT(20,20)
00011
                 DO 10 I=1.IM
00012
                 DO 10 J=1, IN
00C13
                 (L, I) A=(I, L) TA
00014
                 CONTINUE
          10
                 DO 20 I=1, IN
DO 20 J=1, IM
00015
00016
00017
                 (L,I)TA=(L,I)A
00018
          20
                 CONTINUE
00019
                 RETURN
00020
                 END
```

```
C+++++++
00001
                                  *********
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE MODES
00004
        C-Function: Main routine for Eigenvector Assignment.
        C-IMSL routines called: UERTST, UERSET, USWFV, USWFM, LLSQF, VMULFF.
00005
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: GAIN, IMP, PROJ, NORM.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                         5
                                              Output Unit:
80000
                       Storage Unit(s): IU=20.IUT=20+NS+1.IU=20+J for J=1.NS.
00009
        C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT, CURRNT.DAT, FORxx.DAT where xx=20+J
00C10
                                for J=1.NS.
00011
        C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
00012
                REAL ML(10,10), NL(10,10)
00013
                REAL NLC(10,20), PLC(10,20), MLC(10,20)
00014
                REAL STAR(20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00015
        C AUX. ARRAYS
                REAL WKAREA(130), CP(20, 20), ATA(20, 20), ATA((20, 20)
00016
00017
                REAL PNL(10.10).PSTAR(20.20).XX(10.10)
00018
                REAL LRE(10).LIM(10)
00019
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
00020
              REAL VRE(10,10),VIM:10,10),VD(20),VA(20),E(20),X(20),H(20)
00C21
              REAL WJ(10),W(10,10),V(10,10),VINV(10,10),F(10,10),AHAT(10,10)
00022
                INTEGER IP(10)
00023
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00024
00025
                COMMON/AUG/F.AHAT/EIG/LRE.LIM
00026
                COMMON/VEC/VA+E+X+WJ+W+XX+V+VINV
00C27
                COMMON/NSPA/ML, NL, NLC, PLC, MLC, STAR, QL, RL
00028
                ********* READ SYSTEM DATA ****
00029
                CALL UERSET (3.LEVGLD)
00030
                IRS=102
00031
                IU=20
00032
                READ (IU'1) NS,NI,NO,IDGT,ZERO
00033
                READ (IU'2) ((A(I,J),J=1,NS),I=1,NS)
00034
                READ (IU^{+}3) ((B(I,J),J=1,NI),I=1,NS)
00035
        C
00036
                IUT=IU+NS+1
              OPEN (FILE="CURRNT.DAT", ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=IRS
00037
             1.UNIT=IUT.MODE='BINARY'.DEVICE='DSK'.DISPOSE='SAVE')
00C38
00039
                WRITE (5.1)
00040
                FORMAT (1X,20(1H+),31H MODE 3:EIGENVECTOR ASSIGNMENT +19(1H+)
00041
              1.//.lx.lo(1H+).30H ENTER OR CHANGE EIGENVECTORS:.//)
00042
                WRITE (5.11)
00043
                FORMAT (1X,16HPREVIOUS VALUES?)
         11
00044
                READ (5.+) KO
00045
                 IF (KO.LE.O) GO TO 910
00046
                 IFLAG=1
00047
                READ (IUT'1) ((V(II.IJ).IJ=1.NS).II=1.NS)
00048
                 READ (IUT'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00049
         910
                 J=1
00 C 5 0
         999
                CONTINUE
00051
                 IU=J+20
00052
                 IRS=202
                OPEN (ACCESS= RANDOM RECORD SIZE=IRS, UNIT=IU
00C53
             1. MODE = "BINARY" . DEVICE= "DSK" . DISPOSE= "SAVE")
00054
00055
                IF (IFLAG.NE.1) GO TO 13
00056
                READ (IU'2) ((VRE(IV,J),VIM(IV,J)),IY=1,NS)
```

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```
WRITE (5,14) J
00057
           13
00058
           14
                 FORMAT (1x,13HEIGENVECTOR V,12,1H:,3x,6H(REAL),14x,6H(IMAG))
00059
                 DO 10 IV=1,NS
00060
                 WRITE (5,15) VRE(IV,J),VIM(IV,J)
00061
          15
                 FORMAT (15X,E15.6,5X,E15.6)
00062
           10
                 CONTINUE
00063
                 WRITE (5,16)
00064
           16
                 FORMAT (1X,15HWISH TO CHANGE?)
00065
                 READ (5,*) K1
00066
                 IF (K1.LE.O) GO TO 50
00067
                 WRITE (5,17)
00068
           17
                 FORMAT (1X,28HENTER A NEW DESTRED VECTOR :)
C0069
                 READ (5,*) ((VRE(IV,J),VIM(IV,J)),IV=1,NS)
99 C7 C
                 WRITE (IU'2) ((VRE(IV, J), VIM(IV, J)), IV=1,NS)
                 ******* IS V-J REAL OR COMPLEX ? *******
00071
00072
                 READ (IU'1) LRE(J), LIM(J)
67000
                 IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 100
66774
               ********** REAL EIGENVECTOR PROJECTION ******
00075
                 READ (IU*3) ((NL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NS)
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX NL:,10,NL,10,NS,NI,4)
00076
                 CALL PROJ (NL, NS, NI, 10, 10, PNL, CP, ATA, ATAI, IDGT)
00077
00078
                 CALL USHEM (11HMATRIX PNL: ,11,PNL , 10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                   ! **
        C+++=
                ********* PROJECT VD ONTO COLUMN SPACE OF N-LAMBDA **
00079
00C8C
          25
                 DO 30 IV=1,NS
00081
                 VD(IV)=VRE(IV,J)
00082
           30
                 CONTINUE
00083
                 CALL USWFV(15HDESIRED VECTOR: ,15, VD, NS, 1, 4)
00084
                 CALL VMULFF (PNL, VD, NS, NS, 1, 10, 20, VA, 20, IER)
00085
        C
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HYMULFF)
00086
                 CALL USWFY (15HACTUAL VECTORT:,15, VA, NS, 1, 4)
00087
        C
                 CALL USWFM (15HVA FROM USWFM :,15, VA, 20, NS, 1,4)! **
98000
                ******* FINC THE ERROR VECTOR ********
00089
                 CALL IMP(PNL, NS, 10)
00090
        C
                 CALL USWFM (13HMATRIX I-PNL:,13,PNL,10,NS,NS,4)! ++
60091
                 CALL VMULFF (PNL, VD, NS, NS, 1, 10, 20, E, 20, IER)
20000
        C
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
                 CALL USWFY (14HERROR VECTORT: ,14,E,NS,1,4)
00093
00094
                 CALL NORM (VD,NS,XVD)
00095
                 CALL NORM (VA, NS, XVA)
                 CALL NORM (E,NS,XE)
00096
00097
                 WRITE (5,18) XVD,XVA,XE
                 FORMAT (1x,31HLENGTH OF THE DESIRED VECTOR =,F15.6,/
00098
00099
              1,1X,31HLENGTH OF THE PROJECTED VECTOR=,F15.6,/
00100
              2,1x,31HLENGTH OF THE ERROR VECTOR
                 WRITE (5,21)
00101
00102
          21
                 FORMAT (1x,24HIS THE ERROR ACCEPTABLE?)
00103
                 READ (5.*) KK
00104
                 IF (KK.GT.O) GD TO 45
00105
                 WRITE (5,17)
90106
                 READ (5,+) ((VRE(IV,J),VIM(IV,J)),IV=1.NS)
00107
                 WRITE (IU'2) ((VRE(IV, J), VIM(IV, J)), IV=1.NS)
00108
                 CALL IMP(PNL.NS.10)
00109
                 GO TO 25
00110
          45
                 DO 46 IV=1.NS
00111
                 (VI)AV=(L,VI)V
00112
          46
                 CONTINUE
```

```
00113
        C+++++++++++++ SOLVE NL+X=VA FOR X ++++++
00114
        C NOTE: VA IS DESTROYED!
00115
                CALL LLSOF (NL, 10, NS, NI, VA, -1.0, NI, X, H, IP, IER)
00116
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HLLSQF)
00117
                CALL USHFY (10HVECTOR XT:,10.X.NI,1,4)
                                                                ! **
00118
                DO 49 IV=1,NI
00119
                (VI)X=(L,VI)XX
00120
          49
                CONTINUE
00121
                IF (J.GE.NS) GO TO 900
00122
          50
                 J=J+1
00123
                IF (J.GT.NS) GO TO 900
00124
                WRITE (5,19)
                FORMAT (1X,17HNEXT EIGENVECTOR:)
00125
          19
                GO TO 999
00126
00127
        C
         100
00128
                CONTINUE
00129
        C*****
                +++++++++ COMPLEX EIGENVECTOR ASSIGNMENT +++++++++++++
00130
                IS=NS+NI
00131
                NI2=2*NI
00132
                N$2=2+NS
00133
                INS=NS+1
00134
                READ (IU 6) ((QL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
00135
                READ (IU'7) ((RL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
00136
        С
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX QL:,10,QL,10,NS,NI2,4)
00137
        C
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX RL:,10,RL,10,NS,NI2,4)
                                                                ***
             ******* FORM STAR AND FIND P-STAR **********
00138
00139
                DO 105 [I=1,NS
00140
                DO 105 IJ=1.NI2
00141
                STAR(II,IJ)=QL(II,IJ)
00142
         105
                CONTINUE
00143
                DO 110 II=INS,NS2
00144
                DO 110 IJ=1,NI2
00145
                IDUM=II-NS
00146
                STAR(II,IJ)=RL(IOUM,IJ)
00147
         110
                CONTINUE
00148
                CALL PROJ (STAR, NS2, NI2, 20, 20, PSTAR, CP, ATA, ATAI, IDGT)
00149
        C
                CALL USHFM (12HMATRIX STAR:,12,STAR,20,NS2,NI2,4) ! **
00150
                CALL USWFM (13HMATRIX PSTAR:,13,PSTAR,20,NS2,NS2,4)! **
        C****
00151
             ****** PROJECT VD CNTO THE COLUMN SPACE OF STAR ******
00152
         114
                DO 115 IV=1,NS
00153
                VD(IV)=VRE(IV,J)
00154
         115
                CONTINUE
00155
                DO 120 IV=INS,NS2
00156
                I VDUM= IV-NS
00157
                VD(IV)=VIM(IVDUM,J)
00158
         120
                CONTINUE
                CALL USWFV (11HCOMPLEX VD:,11,VD,NS2,1,4)
00159
                CALL VMULFF (PSTAR, VD, NS2, NS2, 1, 20, 20, VA, 20, IER)
00160
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00161
        C
00162
                CALL USWFY (15HACTUAL VECTORT:,15, VA, NS2,1,4)
00163
               00164
                CALL IMP(PSTAR, NS2, 20)
00165
        C
                CALL USWFM (15HMATRIX I-PSTAR:,15,PSTAR,20,NS2,9S2,4) ! **
00166
                CALL YMULFF (PSTAR, VD, NS2, NS2, 1, 20, 20, E, 20, IER;
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
C0167
        C
00168
                CALL USHFY (14HERROR VECTORT: ,14,E,NS2,1,4)
```

```
00169
                 CALL NORM (VD.NS2.XVD)
00170
                 CALL NORM (VA.NSZ.XVA)
                 CALL NORM (E,NS2,XE)
00171
00172
                 WRITE (5,18) XVD,XVA,XE
                 WRITE (5,21)
00173
00174
                 READ (5,+) KM
00175
                 IF (KM.GT.O) GO TO 134
00176
                 WRITE (5,17)
00177
                 READ (5.*) ((VRE(IV.J).VIM(IV.J)).IV=1.NS)
                 WRITE (IU'2) ((VRE(IV, J), VIM(IV, J)), IV-1, NS)
00178
00179
                 CALL IMP(PSTAR, NS2, 20)
                 GO TO 114
00180
00181
         134
                 IC=J+1
00182
                 DO 136 IV=1.NS
00183
                 (VI)AV=(L,VI)V
00184
                 IVNS=IV+NS
00185
                 V(IV, IC)=VA(IVNS)
00186
         136
                 CONTINUE
00187
                 CALL LLSQF (STAR,20,NS2,NI2,VA,-1.0,NI2,X,H,IP,IER)
00188
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HLLSQF )
00189
                 CALL USWFV (16H[XX]-j,[XX]-j+1:,16,X,NI2,1,4)
        C
00190
                 DO 137 IV=1.NI
00191
                 (VI)X=(L,VI)XX
00192
                 IVNS=IV+NI
00193
                 XX(IV.IC)=X(IVNS)
         137
00194
                 CONTINUE
00195
        C
                 CALL USWFM (13HMATRIX [XX]:.13.XX.10.NI.NS.4)
                                                                        ***
00196
        C***
                 ********* SET THE CONJUGATE VALUES ******
00197
                 IRS=202
00198
                 IU=IC+20
00199
               OPEN (ACCESS='RANDOM', RECORD SIZE=IRS
00200
              1, UNIT=IU, MODE= BINARY , DEVICE= DSK , DISPOSE= SAVE )
00201
                 DD 220 IV=1.NS
00202
                 VRE(IV.IC)=VRE(IV.J)
00203
                 VIM(IV.IC)=-VIM(IV.J)
00204
         220
                 CONTINUE
00205
                 WRITE (IU'2) ((VRE(IV.IC), VIM(IV.IC)), IV=1.NS)
00206
                 WRITE (5,14) IC
00207
                 DO 230 IV=1.NS
00208
                 WRITE (5,15) VRE(IV,IC),VIM(IV,IC)
00209
         230
                 CONTINUE
00210
                 IF (IC.GE.NS) GO TO 900
00211
                 J=J+1
00212
                 GO TO 50
00213
         900
                 CONTINUE
                 WRITE (5,901)
00214
         901
                 FORMAT(1X,49H========CONTENTS OF "CURRNT" DATA FILE INCLUDE:)
00215
                 CALL USWFM (13HMATRIX [XX]:,13,XX,10,NI,NS,4)
00216
        С
                                                                        !**
00217
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX V :,10,V,10,NS,NS,4)
00218
                 WRITE (5,902)
         902
                 FORMAT(1X,44HWISH TO DISPLAY THE NORMALIZED EIGENVECTORS?)
00219
00220
                 READ (5,+) KS
00221
                 IF (KS.LE.O) GD TD 903
00222
                 CALL DSPLAY(NS.ZERO)
00223
         903
                 CALL GAIN
00224
                 CALL USHFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F:,14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
```

```
. **
                 CALL USHFM (12HMATRIX AHAT: +12, AHAT, 10, NS, NS, 4)
00225
                 WRITE (5,8)
00226
                 FORMAT (1x,29HWISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE? )
00227
00228
                 READ (5,+) KT
                 IF (KT.GT.O) GD TO 920
00229
00230
                 IFLAG=1
00231
                 GO TO 910
00232
         920
                 WRITE (IUT'1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00233
                 WRITE (IUT'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00234
                 WRITE (IUT'3) ((W(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00235
                 WRITE ([UT'4) ((F([[,[]),[]=1,NS),[[=1,NI)
00236
                 WRITE (IUT'5) ((AHAT(II, IJ), IJ=1,NS), II=1,NS)
                WRITE (5,9)
FORMAT (1x,27(1H*),18H EXITING MODE 3 ,25(1H*))
00237
           9
00238
                 RETURN
00239
                 END
00240
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE PROJ(A, M, N, IM, IN, P, CP, ATA, ATAI, IDGT)
00004
        C-Function: Calculates a projection matrix [P] for the allowable
00005
        C-
                    space represented by [A].
00006
        C-INSL routines called: UERSET, UERTST, LINV2F, VMULFF, VMULFM, VMULFP,
00007
                                 (USWFM).
80000
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00009
        C-Logical devices: Input Unit:
                                            Output Unit: (5)
00010
                      Storage Unit(s): -
00011
        C-Random Access Files: -
00012
                REAL, A(IM, IN), ATA(N, N), ATAI(N, N)
00013
                REAL P(IM, IM), CP(N, M), WKAREA(460)
00014
                CALL UERSET (3, LEVOLD)
00015
        C
                CALL USWFM(9HMATRIX A:,9,A,IM,M,N,4) !++
00016
                DO 10 I=1.N
00017
                DO 10 J=1,N
00018
                ATAI(I,J)=FLOAT(0)
00019
                IF (I.EQ.J) ATAI(I,J)=FLOAT(1)
00020
          10
                CONTINUE
                CALL VHULFM (A,A,M,N,N,IM,IM,ATA,N,IER)
00021
00022
                CALL UERTST (IER.6HVMULFM)
00023
        C
                CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX ATA:,11,ATA,N,N,N,4)
                                                                ! **
00024
                CALL LINV2F (ATA, N, N, ATAI, IDGT, WKAREA, IER)
00C25
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HLINV2F)
00026
        C
                CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX ATAI:,12,ATAI,N,N,N,4)
                                                               1 **
00027
                CALL VHULFP (ATAI, A, N, N, M, N, IM, CP, N, IER)
00028
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFP)
00029
        C
                                                               ! **
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX CP:,10,CP,N,N,M,4)
00030
                CALL VMULFF (A,CP,M,N,M,IM,N,P,IM,IER)
                CALL UERTST (IER,6HVMULFF)
00031
00032
        C
                CALL USHFM (10HMATRIX P :,10,P,IM,M,M,4)
                                                               **
00033
                RETURN
00034
                END
```

```
00C01
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE NORM(V.N.XNORM)
00G04
        C-Function: Calculates the norm of an N-vector V.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00C07
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                               Output Unit:
00008
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                REAL V(N)
00011
                XNORM=FLOAT(0)
00012
                DO 10 I=1.N
00013
                XNORM=XNORM+V(I)++2
00014
         10
                CONTINUE
                XNORM=SQRT(XNORM)
00015
00016
                RETURN
                END
00017
```

```
00C01
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE IMP(P,N,IN)
00C04
        C-Function: Returns [P]=[I]-[P].
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                               Output Unit:
80000
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                REAL P(IN, IN)
00C11
                00 10 I=1,N
00012
                DO 10 J=1,N
00013
                P(I,J) = -P(I,J)
00014
                IF (I.EQ.J) P(I,J)=P(I,J)+FLOAT(1)
00015
          10
                CONTINUE
00016
                réturn
00017
                end
```

```
00001
        20000
00003
                SUBROUTINE GAIN
00004
        C-Function: Calculates the Gain matrix, [F].
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERSET, UERTST, LINV2F, LLSQF, VMULFF, (USWFM, USWFV).
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices: Input Unit:
                                        _
                                             Output Unit: (5)
                      Storage Unit(s): IU=20+J for J=1.NS.
80000
00009
        C-Random Access Files: FORxx.DAT where xx=20+J for J=1.NS.
00C10
        C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
00011
                REAL ML(10,10), NL(10,10)
00012
                REAL NLC(10,20), PLC(10,20), MLC(10,20)
00013
                REAL STAR(20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00014
        C AUX. ARRAYS
00015
                REAL WKAREA(130), H(20)
00016
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
00017
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIM(10), WJ(10)
00018
              REAL W(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10), F(10,10), AHAT(10,10)
00019
                INTEGER IP(10)
00020
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00021
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00022
                COMMON/AUG/F, AHAT/EIG/LRE, LIM
00023
                COMMON/VEC/VA,E,X,WJ,W,XX,V,VINV
00024
                COMMON/NSPA/HL.NL.NLC.PLC.MLC.STAR.OL.RL
00025
                CALL UERSET (3.LEVOLD)
00026
                WRITE (5,1)
00027
          1
                FORMAT (1X, "SUBROUTINE GAIN ++++++++++++++++++++++++
85000
                IRS=202
00029
                J=1
00030
          10
                IU=J+20
00031
                OPEN (ACCESS=*RANDOM*, RECORD SIZE=IRS, UNIT=IU
             1, MODE= BINARY , DEVICE= DSK , DISPOSE= SAVE )
00032
00033
        C++++++++++++ Is Lambda-J real? ******************
                READ (IU'1) LRE(J), LIM(J)
00034
                IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 30
00035
00036
        C+++++++++++ Find real WJ=J-th column of [W] **++++++++++++
00037
                READ (IU*4) ((ML(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NI)
00038
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX ML: ,10, ML, 10, NI, NI, 4)
        C
00039
                DO 20 IV=1,NI
00040
                (L.VI)XX=(VI)X
00041
          20
                CONTINUE
00042
        C++++++++ FORM WJ=[ML]+X AND PUT WJ IN J-TH COLUMN OF [W] +++
00043
                CALL VMULFF (ML, X, NI, NI, 1, 10, 20, WJ, 10, IER)
00044
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00045
                CALL USWFV (10HVECTOR WJ:,10,WJ.NI.1.4)
00046
                DO 25 IV=1.NI
00047
                (VI)LW=(L,VI)W
00048
          25
                CONTINUE
00049
          29
                IF (J.GE.NS) GO TO 100
00C50
                J=J+1
00C51
                GO TO 10
00052
        C+++++
               ########## Find complex WJ's ###############################
00053
          30
                IS=NS+NI
00054
                NI2=2*NI
00055
                NS242+NS
00056
                INS=NS+1
```

```
00057
                 READ (30°3) ((NLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NS)
00056
                 READ (IU'4) ((PLC(II.IJ).IJ=1.IS).II=1.NS)
00059
                 READ (IU*5) ((MLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NI)
                 CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX NLC:,11,NLC,10,NS,1S,4)
00060
        C
                                                                      ...
00061
        C
                 CALL USHFM (11HMATRIX PLC:,11,PLC,10,NS,IS,4)
                                                                      ...
                                                                      1++
00062
        C
                 CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX MLC:,11, MLC,10,NI,IS,4)
00063
                 IC-J+1
00064
                 FORM ALPHAT AND SOLVE [ALPHAT] + X= VA FOR X +++++++++++
00065
                 DO 135 II=1.NS
00066
                 DO 135 IJ=1.IS
00067
                 STAR(II.IJ)=NLC(II.IJ)
84000
         135
                 CONTINUE
00069
                 DO 140 II=INS.NS2
00 C7 0
                 DO 140 IJ=1.IS
00071
                 IDUM=II-NS
00072
                 STAR(II, IJ) =-PLC(IDUM, IJ)
00073
         140
                 CONTINUE
        C
00074
                 CALL USWFM (14HMATRIX ALPHAT: .14.STAR.20.NS2.IS.4) ! **
00075
                 DO 40 IV=1.NS
00076
                 (L,VI)V=(VI)AV
00077
                 E(IV)=VA(IV)
00078
           40
                 CONTINUE
00079
                 DO 50 IV=INS,NS2
00080
                 IVDUM-IV-NS
00081
                 VA(IV)=V(IVDUM,IC)
00082
                 E(IV)=VA(IV)
00083
          50
                 CONTINUE
                 CALL LLSQF (STAR, 20, NS2, IS, VA, -1.0, IS, X, H, IP, IER)
00084
00085
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HLLSQF)
00086
        C
                 CALL USWFV (10HVECTOR XT:,10,X,IS,1,4)
00087
        C++++++ FORM WJ=[MLC]+XC AND PUT WJ IN THE J-TH COLUMN OF [W] +
00088
                 CALL VMULFF (MLC, X, NI, IS, 1, 10, 20, HJ, 10, IER)
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00089
00090
                 CALL USWFY (10HVECTOR WJ:,10,WJ,NI,1,4)
        C
00091
                 DO 60 IV=1.NI
00092
                 (VI)LW=(L.VI)W
00093
          60
                 CONTINUE
        C
00094
00095
                 IF (J.EQ.IC) GO TO 29
00096
                 J=IC
00097
        C+++++++ FORM BETAT AND SOLVE (BETAT)+X=E(=VA) FOR X +++++++
00098
                 DO 180 IV=1.IS
00099
                 X(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00100
         180
                 CONTINUE
00101
                 CO 185 II=1,NS
00102
                 DO 185 IJ=1,IS
00103
                 STAR(II,IJ)=PLC(II,IJ)
00104
         185
                 CONTINUE
                 DO 190 II=INS,NS2
00105
00106
                 DO 190 IJ=1.IS
00107
                 IDUM=II-NS
                 STAR(II, IJ)=NLC(IDUM, IJ)
00108
00109
         190
                 CONTINUE
00110
        C
                  CALL USWFM (13HMATRIX BETAT: , 13, STAR, 20, NS2, IS, 4)
00111
                 DO 70 IV=1.NS2
00112
                 VACIV)=E(IV)
```

```
00113
         70
               CONTINUE
00114
               GD TD 50
               00115
00116
        100
               CONTINUE
                                                                 ! **
00117
       C
               CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX [W]: ,11,W,10,NI,NS,4)
00118
               DO 80 II=1,NI
00119
               DO 80 1J=1,NS
00120
               W(II,IJ)=-W(II,IJ)
               CONTINUE
00121
         80
       C
00122
               CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX -[W]:,12,W,10,NI,NS,4)
               CALL USHEM (10HMATRIX V :, 10, V, 10, NS, NS, 4)
                                                              !**
00123
       Ç
               CALL LINV2F (V,NS,10,VINV, IDGT, HKAREA, IER)
00124
               CALL UERTST (IER,6HLINV2F)
00125
00126
       C
               CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX VINV:,12, VINV,10,NS,NS,4)
00127
               CALL VMULFF (W, VINV, NI, NS, NS, 10, 10, F, 10, IER)
               CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00128
00129
       C
               CALL USHFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F:,14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
00130
               CALL VMULFF (B,F,NS,NI,NS,10,10,AHAT,10, IER)
00131
               CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
                                                              1.00
00132
               CALL USWFM (4HB*F: .4.AHAT.10.NS.NS.4)
00133
               DO 240 II=1.NS
00134
               DO 240 IJ=1,NS
00135
               (LI,II)A+(LI,II)TAHA=(LI,II)TAHA
00136
        240
               CONTINUE
00137
       C
               CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AHAT:,12,AHAT,10,NS,NS,4)
00138
               WRITE (5,2)
               00139
       C
           2
00140
               RETURN
00141
               END
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                 SUBROUTINE MODES
00004
        C-Function: Facilitates storage and handelling of CURRENT data.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERSET.
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                          5
                                               Output Unit:
80000
                       Storage Unit(s): IU=20, IUT=20+ns+1, IBAK=IUT+I for I=1,9.
00009
        C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT, CURRNT.DAT, FORxx.DAT where xx=IBAK.
00C10
                REAL AUX1(10,10), AUX2(10,10), AUX3(10,10)
00011
               REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), WJ(10)
00012
               REAL W(10,10),V(10,10),VINV(10,10),F(10,10),AHAT(10,10)
00013
                 REAL A(10.10).B(10.10).C(10.10)
00C14
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00015
                COMMON/AUG/F, AHAT/AUX/AUX1, AUX2, AUX3
00C16
                COMMON/VEC/VA.E,X,WJ,W,XX,V,VINA
00C17
                CALL UERSET(3.LEVOLD)
                TU=20
00018
                READ (IU'1) NS.NI.NO.IDGT.ZERO
00019
                WRITE (5,11)
00C20
                FORMAT (1X,23(1H+),22H MODE 8:DATA TRANSFER ,25(1H+),//,
00C21
             11X,54HENTER # OF BACKUP FILE YOU WISH TO ADDRESS; I=1,...,9 :)
00022
00023
                READ (5,*) I
00 C24
                 WRITE (5,12)
00025
          12 FORMAT (1x,48HSET TRANSFER OPTIONS:--1 FOR [CURRNT]==>[BAKUPI],/
              1,22X,27H--2 FOR [CURRNT]<==[BAKUPI],/
00026
             2.22X.28H--3 FOR [CURRNT]<==>[BAKUPI]]
00027
                 READ (5.*) IOP
00028
                 IUT=20+NS+1
00029
              OPEN (FILE="CURRNT.DAT", ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=102
00030
              1.UNIT=IUT,MODE="BINARY",DEVICE="DSK",DISPOSE="SAVE")
00031
00032
                 IBAK=IUT+I
              OPEN (ACCESS='RANDON', RECORD SIZE=102
00033
              I,UNIT=IBAK,HODE='BINARY',DEVICE='DSK';DISPOSE='SAVE')
00034
00035
                 IF (IOP.EQ.2) GO TO 20
00C36
                 READ (IUT*1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00037
                 READ (IUT'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
86000
                READ (IUT 4) ((F(II.IJ).IJ=1.NS).II=1.NI)
                 READ (IUT'5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),IT=1,NS)
00.039
00C40
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX V :,10,V,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                    ***
                                                                    Ĩ * *
00041
        C
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX XX:,10,XX,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                    ! **
00042
                 CALL USWFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F:,14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
        C
                                                                    ! **
00043
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AHAT:,12,AHAT,10,NS,NS,4)
00044
                 IF (IOP.EQ.3) GO TO 30
                 WRITE (IBAK'1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00045
                 WRITE (IBAK'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00C46
                 WRITE (IBAK 4) ((F(II, IJ), IJ=1, NS), II=1, NI)
00G47
                 WRITE (IBAK'5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00048
00049
                 GO TO 999
          30
00 C 5 0
                 DO 34 II=1,NS
                 DO 34 IJ=1,NS
00051
                 AUX1(II,IJ)=V(II,IJ)
0.0.052
                 AUX2(II,IJ)=AHAT(II,IJ)
00053
          34
                 CONTINUE
00054
                 READ (IBAK'1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00055
                 READ (IBAK'5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00056
                 WRITE (1UT'1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00C57
                 WRITE (IUT'5) ((AHAT(II.IJ).IJ=1.NS).IImI.NS)
00C58
```

```
WRITE (IBAK'1) ((AUX1(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00059
                WRITE (IBAK'5) ((AUX2(II.IJ).IJ=1.NS).II=1.NS)
00060
                DO 35 II=1,NI
00061
                DO 35 IJ=1,NS
00062
                 AUX2(II,IJ)=XX(II,IJ)
00063
                 AUX3(II,IJ)=F(II,IJ)
00064
          35
                 CONTINUE
00065
                 READ (IBAK'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00066
                 READ (IBAK*4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00C67
                 WRITE (IUT'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00068
                 WRITE (IUT 4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=2,NI)
00669
                 WRITE (IBAK'2) ((AUX2(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00 C7 0
                 WRITE (IBAK*4) ((AUX3(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00071
                 GO TO
00072
00C73
          20
                 READ (IBAK*1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00074
                 READ (IBAK'2) ((XX(II, [J), IJ=1, NS), II=1, NI)
00075
                 READ (IBAK'4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00076
                 READ (IBAK'5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00077
                 WRITE (IUT'1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00078
                 WRITE (IUT'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00079
                 WRITE (IUT'4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
                 WRITE (IUT'5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00080
         999
00081
                 GO TO (1,2,3), IOP
00082
                 WRITE (5,13) I
00083
          13
                 FORMAT (10x,17HCCURRNT) ==> (BAKUP, I1, IH))
00084
                 GO TO 900
00085
                 WRITE (5,14) I
           2
00086
          14
                 FORMAT (10X,17H[CURRNT] <== [BAKUP, [1,1H])
00C87
                 GO TO 900
00088
           3
                WRITE (5,15) I
00089
          15
                FORMAT (10X,18H[CURRNT]<==>[BAKUP,I1,1H])
00090
         900
                 RETURN
00091
                 END
```

```
00CO1
00002
00003
                 SUBROUTINE DSPLAY(NS, ZERO)
00004
        C-Function: Displays normalized Eigenvectos.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UShFM.
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: NORM.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                               Output Unit:
00008
                       Storage Unit(s): IU=20+J for J=1,NS.
00009
        C-Random Access Files: FORxx.DAT where xx=20+J for J=1,NS.
                 REAL MAT(10.10).LRE(10).LIM(10).VA(20).E(20).X(20).WJ(10)
OOCIC
00011
                 PEAL W(10,10), XX(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10)
                 COMMON/VEC/VA.E.X.W.W.XX.V.VINV/EIG/LRE.LIM
00C12
00013
                 J=1
00014
          10
                 IU=J+20
00015
                 READ (IU'1) LRE(J), LIM(J)
00016
                 IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ZERO) GO TO 100
00017
                 DO 20 I=1,NS
00018
                 (L.I)V=(I)AV
00C19
          20
                 CONTINUE
00020
                 CALL NORM(VA,NS,XVA)
00021
                 DO 30 I=1.NS
                 AVX\(I)AV=(L,I)TAM
25000
          30
                 CONTINUE
00023
                 GD TO 200
00024
00025
         100
                 NSZ=Z*NS
                 T+L=DL
00026
00027
                 DO 120 I=1,NS2
85000
                 IF (I.GT.NS) GO TO 110
00029
                 (L,I)V=(I)AV
00030
                 GO TO 120
         110
                 INS = I-NS
00031
00032
                 VA(I)=V(INS,JC)
00033
         120
                 CONTINUE
00034
                 CALL NORM(VA,NS2,XVA)
00035
                 DO 140 I=1.NS2
00036
                 IF (I.GT.NS) GO TO 130
00037
                 AVX/EI)AV=(L,I)TAM
00038
                 GO TO 140
00039
         130
                 INS=I-NS
                 MAT(INS,JC)=VA(I)/XVA
00040
00041
         140
                 CONTINUE
00042
                 J=J+1
00043
         200
                 IF(J.GE.NS) GO TO 300
00C44
                 J=J+1
00045
                 GO TO 10
00046
         300
                 CALL USWFM(20HNORMALIZED VECTORS : .20.MAT.10.NS.NS.4)
00047
                 RETURN
00048
                 END
```

```
00CO1
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE MODE4
00004
        C-Function: Simulates and plots time responses.
        C-IMSL routines called: UERSET, UERTST, UGETIO, DVERK, VMULFF . USPLO.
00005
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: UEVAL, FCN.
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit: 5 Output Unit:
00007
00008
                       Storage Unit(s): IU=20, IUT=20+NS+1.
        C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT.CURRNT.DAT .
00009
00C10
                INTEGER INOPT(10)
00011
                REAL AMP(10), SLOPE(10), U(10), ATIL(10,10), CONST(10)
00C12
                REAL X(10).CX(24).W(10.10).Y(10).XPRIME(10)
00013
        C PLOT ARRAYES
                REAL T(201), UMAT(201,10), XMAT(201,10), VEC(201), RANGE(4)
00014
00015
                 REAL IMAG4(5151)
00016
        C SYSTEM ARRAYES
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10),F(10,10),AHAT(10,10)
00017
00018
                 COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00019
                COMMON/AUG/F, AHAT
                 COMMON/DIF/ATIL+CONST
00C20
00021
                EXTERNAL FON
00022
                 CALL UERSET(3.LEVOLD)
00023
               ********** READ SYSTEM DATA **************
00024
                 IRS=102
                IU=20
00025
00 C 2 6
                 READ (IU 1) NS.NI.NO.IDGT.ZERO
00027
                 READ (IU+2) ((A(I,J),J=1,NS),I=1,NS)
00028
                 READ (IU^{1}3) ((B(I,J),J=1,NI), I=1,NS)
                 READ (IU'4) ((C(I,J),J=1,NS),I=1,NO)
00029
00030
                 IUT=IU+NS+1
                OPEN(FILE='CURRNT.DAT', ACCESS='RANDOM', RECORD SIZE=IRS
00C31
             1, UNIT=IUT, MODE= "BINARY", DEVICE= "DSK", DISPOSE= "SAVE")
00032
00033
                 READ (IUT*4) ((F(I,J),J=1,NS),I=1,NI)
00034
                 READ (IUT 5) ((AHAT(I, J), J=1, NS), I=1, NS)
00C35
00036
         160
                 WRITE (5,11)
00C37
              FORMAT (1x,23(1H+),24H MODE 4:TIME SIMULATION ,23(1H+),//,1x,10(1H
00038
             1+).27H CHOOSE SIMULATION OPTIONS:,/,1x,1H-,62HENTER: 1 YO SIMULATE
00039
             2 [A], 2 TO SIMULATE [AHAT], (3 FOR [ATIL]):)
         177
00040
                 CONTINUE
00041
                 DO 178 II=1,201
                 T(II)=FLOAT(d)
00042
                 VEC(II)=FLOAT(0)
00043
00044
         178
                 CONTINUE
00045
                 READ (5,*) ISYS
00046
                 GO TO (1,2,3), ISYS
00047
                 00 10 I=1.NS
           1
00C48
                 DO 10 J=1.NS
00049
                 ATIL(I,J)=A(I,J)
00050
          10
                 CONTINUE
00051
                 GO TO 30
00052
           2
                 DO 20 I=1,NS
00053
                 DO 20 J=1.NS
00054
                 ATIL (I,J)=AHAT(I,J)
00055
          20
                 CONTINUE
00056
                 GO TO 30
```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS

```
00057
           3
                WRITE (5,12)
00058
          12
                FORMAT (1X,36HENTER SYSTEM MATRIX TO BE SIMULATED:)
00059
                READ (5,*) ((ATIL(I,J),J=1,NS),[=1,NS)
00060
          30
                CONTINUE
00061
                WRITE (5,13)
00062
          13 FORMAT (1x,58HENTER O TO SIMULATE OUTPUTS,1 TO SIMULATE STATE VARI
00063
             1ABLES: )
00064
                READ (5,*) IOUT
00065
                 WRITE (5.14)
00066
              FORMAT (1x.47HENTER SIMULATION TIME.(REAL NUMBER IN SECONDS):)
00067
                READ (5,+) DT
                WRITE (5,15)
00068
00069
              FORMAT (1x,50HENTER NUMBER OF POINTS TO BE CALCULATED, (200 MAX):)
00C70
                READ (5,+) NP
00071
                WRITE (5,16)
00072
              FORMAT (1X.31HSPECIFY THE INITIAL CONDITIONS:)
          16
00073
                DO 40 I=1,NS
00074
                WRITE (5,17) I
00075
              FORMAT (1X,1HX,12,4H(0):)
00076
                 READ (5.*) X(I)
00077
          40
                CONTINUE
00078
                WRITE (5,32)
00079
              FORMAT (1x,56HCHOOSE INPUT OPTIONS:1 FOR NO INPUT, 2 FOR A STEP IN
00080
             1PUT,/,1X,21(1H ),40H3 FOR A RAMP,AND 4 FOR A TRUNCATED RAMP:)
00081
                DO 50 I=1,NI
                WRITE (5,18) I
00082
00083
              FORMAT (1X, 18HINPUT OPTION FOR U, 12, 1H:)
00084
                READ (5,*) INOPT(I)
                IF (INOPT(I).NE.2) GO TO 51
00085
00086
                WRITE (5.19) I
              FORMAT (1x,37HSPECIFY AMPLITUDE OF THE STEP INPUT U,12,1H:)
00087
00088
                READ (5.*) AMP(I)
00089
                GO TO 50
00090
          51
                IF (INCPT(I).NE.3) GO TO 52
00091
                WRITE (5,21) I
00092
              FORMAT (1X, 33HSPECIFY SLOPE OF THE RAMP INPUT U. 12.1H:)
          21
00093
                READ (5.*) SLOPE(I)
00094
                GO TO 50
00095
          52
                 IF (INOPT(I).NE.4) GO TO 50
00096
                 WRITE (5,22) I
00097
          22
              FORMAT (1X,33HSPECIFY AMPLITUDE AND SLOPE FOR U,12,1H:)
00098
                REAR (5,*) AMP(I),SLOPE(I)
00099
          50
                CONVINUE
00100
        C************ DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION SOLUTION *******
00101
                 IND=1
00102
                 TOL=ZERO+100.000000
                TINT=DT/NP
00103
00104
                NP1=NP+1
00105
                DO 100 K=1,NP1
00106
                KM1=K-1
00107
                TEND=FLOAT(KM1)*TINT
                CALL UEVAL (INOPT, AMP, SLOPE, U, NI, TEND)
00108
00109
                CALL VMULFF (B,U,NS,NI,1,10,10,CONST,10, IER)
0011C
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00111
                CALL DVERK (NS,FCN,T,X,TEND,TOL,IND,CX,10,W,IER)
00112
                IF (IND.LT.O.OR.IER.GT.O) GO TO 190
```

```
00113
          53
                T(K)=TEND
00114
                DO 60 J=1,NI
                UMAT(K,J) MU(J)
00115
00116
          60
                CONTINUE
00117
                IF (IOUT.EQ.0) GO TO 80
00118
                DO 70 J=1.NS
00119
                XMAT(K.J)=X(J)
00120
          70
                CONTINUE
00121
                N=NS
00122
                GO TO 100
00123
                CALL VMULFF (C,X,NO,NS,1,10,10,Y,10,1ER)
          80
00124
        C
                CALL UERTST (IER,6HVMULFF)
                                                            1 * *
00125
                DO 90 J=1,NO
00126
                XMAT(K,J)=Y(J)
                CONTINUE
00127
          90
00128
                N=NO
00129
         100
                CONTINUE .
00130
                *********** PLOT **********************
00131
                WRITE (5,23)
00132
          23
             FORMAT (1X,49HENTER O FOR 80 DISPLAY COLUMNS,1 FOR 129 COLUMNS:)
00133
                READ (5,*) IOPT
00134
         115
                WRITE (5,24)
00135
             FORMAT (1X,48HENTER O FOR INDIVIDUAL AND 1 FOR MULTIPLE PLOTS:)
          24
00136
                READ (5,*) IPLOT
00137
                WRITE (5.25)
00138
          25
             FORMAT (1X,51HDO YOU WISH TO SET THE MIN-MAX RANGES FOR THE AXES?)
00139
                READ (5,*) IRANGE
00140
                IF (IRANGE.GT.O) GO TO 120
00141
                DO 110 T=1,4
00142
                RANGE(I)=0.0
00143
         110
                CONTINUE
00144
                GO TO 124
00145
         120
                WRITE (5.26)
00146
          26
             FORMAT (1X,41HENTER MIN X, MAX X, MIN Y, AND MAX Y VALUES:)
00147
                READ (5,*) (RANGE(I), I=1,4)
        C********** PLOT INPUTS *******************
00148
00149
         124
                DO 125 J=1,NI
00150
                IF (INOPT(J).NE.1) GO TO 130
00151
         125
                CONTINUE
00152
               GO TO 135
         130 '
00153
                CONTINUE
00154
                WRITE (5,33)
00155
             FORMAT (1X,50HPOSITION PAPER AT TOP OF FORM AND TYPE ANY INTEGER,/
00156
             1,1X,41HYOU MAY ADD A SHORT NOTE (20 CHARACTERS.))
00157
                READ (5,34) III
00158
          34
                FORMAT (II,20X)
00159
             CALL USPLO (T.UMAT.201.NP.NI.1.13HSYSTEM INPUTS.13.4HTIME.4
00160
             1,5HINPUT,5,RANGE,10H1234567890,IOPT.IER)
00161
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HUSPLO )
00162
         135
                IF (IPLOT-LE.O) GO TO 140
00163
        WRITE (5,33)
00164
                READ (5,34) III
00165
00166
               CALL USPLO (T,XMAT,201,NP,N,1,15HTIME SIMULATION,15,4HTIME,4
00167
             1,8HRESPONSE,8,RANGE,10H1234567890,IOPT,IER)
00168
               CALL UERTST (IER, 6HUSPLD )
```

```
00169
                 GD TO 170
00170
         140
                 DO 160 J=1,N
00171
                 DO 150 I=1.NP
00172
                 VEC(I)=XMAT(I,J)
00173
         150
                 CONTINUE
00174
                 WRITE (5,33)
00175
                 READ (5,34) III
00176
                 CALL USPLO (T, VEC, 201, NP, 1, 1, 15HTIME SIMULATION, 15, 4HTIME, 4
00177
             1,8HRESPONSE,8,RANGE,1HX,IOPT,IER)
00178
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HUSPLO )
00179
         160
                 CONTINUE
00180
         170
                 WRITE (5,27)
              FORMAT (1x, 28HWISH TO REPEAT THE PLOTTING?)
00181
          27
00182
                 READ (5,*) K1
00183
                 IF (K1.GT.O) GO TO 115
                 WRITE (5,28)
00184
00185
              FORMAT (1X,28HWISH TO EXIT FROM THIS MODE?)
          28
00186
                 READ (5,+) K2
00187
                 IF (K2.LE.O) GO TO 180
00108
                 WRITE (5,29)
00189
          29
              FORHAT (1x,27(1H*),18H EXITING MODE 4 ,25(1H*))
00190
                 GO TO 200
00191
         190
                 WRITE (5,31) IND, IER, K
00192
              FORMAT (1x,4HIND=,12,4HIER=,13,51HCHECK INSTRUCTIONS FOR DIAGNOSTI
00193
             1C MESSAGES ON DVERK,/,1X,28HPROBLEM ON ITERATION NUMBER , [3]
00194
                 GO TO 53
00195
         200
                 RETURN
00196
                 END
```

```
00001
20000
00003
                 SUBROUTINE UEVAL(INOPT, AMP, SLOPE, U, NI, TEND)
00004
        C-Function: Evaluates the input forcing functions.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit: -
                                             Output Unit:
80000
                      Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                INTEGER INOPT(NI)
                REAL AMP(NI), SLOPE(NI), U(NI), TEND
00C11
00012
                DO 10 I=1.NI
00013
                GO TO (1,2,3,4), [NOPT(I)
00014
                U(I)=0.000000
           1
00015
                GO TO 10
00016
           2
                U(I)=AMP(I)
00017
                GO TO 10
00018
           3
                U(I)=SLOPE(I)+TEND
00019
                GO TO 10
                IF (TEND.LE.(AMP(I)/SLOPE(I))) GO TO 3
00020
00C21
                G0 T0 2
00022
          10
                CONTINUE
00023
                RETURN
00024
                END
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE FCN(NS,T,X,XPRIME)
00004
        C-Function: Evaluates x' fuctions for use by IMSL routine DVERK.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                              Output Unit:
80000
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                REAL X(NS), XPRIME(NS), ATIL(10,10), CONST(10)
00C11
                COMMON/DIF/ATIL.CONST
00012
                DO 10 I=1.NS
00013
              XPRIME(I)=ATIL(I,1)+X(1)+ATIL(I,2)+X(2)+ATIL(I,3)+X(3)+ATIL(I,4)+X
00014
             1(4)+ATIL(I,5)+X(5)+ATIL(I,6)+X(6)+ATIL(I,7)+X(7)+ATIL(I,8)+X(8)+AT
00015
             21L(1,9) + x(9) + ATIL(1,10) + x(10) + CONST(1)
00016
          10
                CONTINUE
00017
                RETURN
00C18
                END
```

```
00001
20000
00003
                 SUBROUTINE MODES
00004
        C-Function: Main routine for Component Modification
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERSET, USWFM.
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: CGRAD, CCDST, SEARCH, DSPLAY.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                         5
                                                Output Unit:
80000
                       Storage Unit(s): IU=20, IU=20+J for J=1, NS, IUT=20+NS+1
        C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT.FORxx.DAT where xx=20+J ,CURRNT.DAT
00009
00010
                 REAL AL(10,10),G(10,10)
00011
               REAL XX(10,10),VA(20),E(20),X(20),ERE(10),LIM(10),WJ(10)
00C12
               REAL W(10,10),V(10,10),VINV(10,10),F(10,10),AHAT(10,10)
00013
                 REAL A(10,10),8(10,10),C(10,10)
00014
                 COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NB
00015
                 COMMON/AUG/F, AHAT/EIG/LRE, LIM/PAR/AL/GR/G
00016
                 COMMON/VEC/VA,E,X,WJ,W,XX,V,VINV
00017
                 COMMON/COMP/IROW, ICOL, F1, F2
00C18
                 EXTERNAL CCDST, CGRAD
                 CALL UERSET(3, LEVOLD)
00019
00C20
                 IU=20
00021
                 READ (IU'1) NS,NI,NO,IDGT,ZERO
                 READ (IU°2) ((A(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00022
                 READ (IU 3) ((B(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NS)
00023
00024
                 DO 10 J=1,NS
00025
                 IU=20+J
00026
              OPEN (ACCESS= RANDOM + RECORD SIZE=202
00027
             1.UNIT=IU, MODE= BINARY DEVICE= DSK DISPOSE= SAVE )
00028
                 READ (IU'1) LRE(J), LIM(J)
                 CONTINUE
00029
          10
00030
                 IUT=20+NS+1
00031
              OPEN (FILE="CURRNT.DAT", ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=102
00032
             1,UNIT=IUT,MODE=*BINARY*,DEVICE=*DSK*,DISPOSE=*SAVE*)
00033
                 READ (IUT'1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
                 READ (IUT 2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00C34
00035
                 READ (IUT 4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS!,II=1,NI)
                 READ (IUT*5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00C36
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX V :,10,V,10,NS,NS,4)
00037
                                                                    ! * *
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX XX:,10,XX,10,NI,NS,4)
00038
                                                                    ! * *
00039
        C
                 CALL USWFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F: .14.F.10.NI.NS.4)
                                                                    ! * *
00C40
        C
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AHAT: 12.AHAT.10.NS.NS.4)
00041
                 DO 20 II=1.NS
00042
                DO 20 IJ=1,NS
00043
                 AL(II,IJ)=V(II,IJ)
00044
          20
                 CONTINUE
00045
                WRITE (5,1)
00046
                FORMAT (1X,22(1H+),28H MODE 5:COMPONENT REDUCTION ,20(1H+),//,
00047
             11X.52HENTER THE COGRDINATES OF THE COMPONENT TO BE REDUCED./.
00048
             21X,32HROW=--,COLUMN=--(BOTH INTEGERS):)
00049
                 READ (5.*) IROW. ICOL
00C50
                WRITE (5.2)
00051
                FORMAT (1X.39HSET DESIRED WEIGHTS, DEFAULT VALUES ARE: ./.
00052
             11X,11HF1=F2=1.000,/,1X,15HWISH TO CHANGE?)
00053
                READ (5,+) KK
00054
                F1=FLCAT(1)
00055
              · F2=F1
00056
                 IF (KK.LE.O) GD TO 30
```

```
00C57
                WRITE (5.3)
00058
                FORMAT (1X,17HENTER NEW VALUES:)
           3
00059
                READ (5,+) F1,F2
00060
          30
                CALL CCOST(CJ)
                                                                ***
00061
                WRITE (5,4) CJ
                                                          !**
00062
                FORMAT (1X,5HCOST=,E15.6)
00063
                CALL CGRAD
00064
                CALL SEARCH(CJ,CCOST,CGRAD,5)
                WRITE (IUT'1) ((V(II.IJ).IJ=1.NS).II=1.NS)
00065
00066
                WRITE (IUT'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00067
                WRITE ([UT*4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
                WRITE (IUT'5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00068
00069
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX V :,10,V,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                    ! **
00070
                WRITE (5,902)
00071
         902 FORMAT (1X,44HWISH TO DISPLAY THE NORMALIZED EIGENVECTORS?)
00072
                 READ (5,*) KS
                 IF (KS.LE.O) GO TO 903
00073
00074
                 CALL DSPLAY (NS.ZERO)
00075
         903
                 CONTINUE
00076
        C
                 CALL USMEM (10HMATRIX XX: 10, XX, 10, NI, NS, 4)
                                                                    ! **
00077
                CALL USWFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F:,14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                    ! * *
00078
        C
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AHAT: ,12, AHAT, 10, NS, NS, 4) ! **
00079
                 RETURN
00080
                END
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                 SUBROUTINE CCOST(CJ)
00004
        C-Function: Calculates the COST function for component modification.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                Output Unit:
00005
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
              REAL XX(10,10), YA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIM(10), WJ(10)
00011
              REAL W(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10), AL(10,10)
00012
                 REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00013
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00014
                COMMON/VEC/VA, E, X, WJ, W, XX, V, VINV
                COMMON/COMP/IROW, ICOL, F1, F2/EIG/LRE, LIM/PAR/AL
00015
00016
                 ICOL1=ICOL+1
00017
                CJ1=F1+V(IROW, ICOL)++2
00018
                 IF (ABS(LIM(ICOL)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) CJ1=CJ1+F1+V(IROW.ICOL1)++2
00019
                CJ2=FLOAT(0)
00C2C
                N+1
00C21
          10
                N1=N+1
00022
                DO 100 M=1.NS
00023
                IF (N.EQ.ICOL.AND.M.EQ.IROW) GO TO 100
                CJ2=CJ2+((V(M,N)-AL(M,N))++2)+F2
00024
00025
                IF(ABS(LIM(N)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) CJ2=CJ2+(V(M.N1)-AL(M.N1))++2+F2
00026
         100
                CONTINUE
00027
                N=N+1
00028
                 IF (ABS(LIM(N)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) N=N+1
00029
                 IF (N.LE.NS) GO TO 10
00030
                CJ=CJ1+CJ2
00031
                 WRITE (5.1) CJ1,CJ2
00032
                FORMAT (20X,4H J1=,E15.6,5X,4H J2=,E15.6)
00033
                 RETURN
00034
                END
```

```
00C01
        20000
00003
                SUBROUTINE CGRAD
00004
        C-Function: Calculates the GRADIENT for component modification.
00C05
        C-IMSL routines called: USWFM
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: PVP.DBNORM.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                               Output Unit:
00008
                      Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                REAL G(10,10),PJ1(10,10),PJ2(10,10)
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIN(10), WJ(10)
00011
00012
              REAL W(10,10), V(10,1C), VINV(10,10), AL(10,10)
00013
                REAL A(10,10),8(10,10),C(10,10)
00C14
                REAL AUX1(10,10), AUX2(10,10), AUX3(10,10)
00015
                CUMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00C16
                COMMON/VEC/VA,E,X,WJ,W,XX,V,VINV/AUX/AUX1,AUX2,AUX3
00017
                COMMON/COMP/IROW:ICOL.F1.F2/EIG/LRE.LIM/PAR/AL/GR/G/PJ/PJ1.PJ2
00018
                ICOL1=ICOL+1
00019
                J=1
00020
          10
                Ji=J+1
00C21
                DO 105 I=1,NI
00022
                KI=I
00023
                KJ=J
                CALL PVP(KI,KJ)
00024
00025
                IF (ICOL.NE.J) GO TO 14
00026
                PJ1(I.J)=2*F1*V(IROW.ICOL)*AUX1(IROW.ICOL)
00027
                IF (ABS(LIM(ICOL)).LE.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 15
85000
                CALL USWFM(8HPV/PXIJ:,8,AUX1,10,NS,NS,4)
00029
        C
                CALL USWFM(10HPV/PXIJ+1:,10,AUX2,10,NS!NS,4) ! ++
00C30
                PJ1(I,J)=PJ1(I,J)+2+F1+V(IROW,ICOL1)+AUX1(IRNW,ICOL1)
00031
              PJ1(I,J1)=2+F1+(V(IROW,ICOL)+AUX2(IROH,ICOL1)+V(IROW,ICOL1)+
             1AUX2(IROW, ICOL1))
00032
00033
                GO TO 15
00034
          14
                PJ1(I,J)=FLOAT(0)
00C35
                IF (ABS(LIM(ICOL)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) PJ1(I.J1)=FLOAT(O)
00036
          15
                PJ2(I.J)=FLOAT(0)
00037
                IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) PJ2(I.J1)=FLCAT(0)
00038
                DO 100 M=1.NS
00039
                IF (J.EQ.ICOL.AND.M.EQ.IROW) GO TO 100
00040
                PJ2(I, J)=PJ2(I, J)+(AL(M, J)-V(M, J))*AUX1(M, J)
00041
                IF (ABS(LIM(J)).LE.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 100
00C42
                PJ2(I,J)=PJ2(I,J)+(AL(M,J1)-V(M,J1))*AUX1(M,J1)
00043
                +(L,M)SXUA+(L,J1)=PJ2(I,J1)+(AL(M,J)-V(M,J))+AUX2(M,J)+
00044
             1(AL(M,J1)-V(M,J1))*AUX2(M,J1)
         100
00045
                CONTINUE
00046
                PJ2(I,J)=2+F2+PJ2(I,J)
                IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) PJ2(I,J1)=2*F2*PJ2(I,J1)
00047
00048
         105
                CONTINUE
00049
                IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) J=J+1
00050
                J=J+1
                IF (J.LE.NS) GO TO 10
00051
00052
                DO 110 II=1.NI
00053
                DO 110 IJ=1.NS
00C54
                G(II,IJ) = PJ1(II,IJ) + PJ2(II,IJ)
00055
         110
                CONTINUE
00056
                CALL USWFM(11HMATRIX [G]:.11.G.10.NI.NS.4)
00057
                CALL DBNORM(NI,NS)
00058
                CALL USHFM(16HGRADIENT MATRIX:,16,G,10,NI,NS,4)
00059
                RETURN
00060
```

```
00001
        20000
00003
                SUBROUTINE PVP(KI+KJ)
00004
        C-Function: Returns p[V]/p[X]ij .
00C05
        C-IMSL routines called: (USWFM).
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices: Input Unit:
                                               Dutput Unit:
                                                               (5)
00008
                Storage Unit(s): IU=20+KJ ,KJ specified by CALL statement.
00009
        C-Random Access Files: FORxx.DAT where xx=20+KJ.
00010
                REAL AUX1(10,10), AUX2(10,10), AUX3(10,10)
00011
        C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
00012
                REAL ML(10,10),NL(10,10),ALPHA(20,20),BETA(20,20)
00C13
                REAL NLC(10,20),PLC(10,20),MLC(10,20)
00014
                REAL STAR(20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00015
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
00016
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIM(10), WJ(10)
00017
              REAL W(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10), F(10,10), AHAT(10,10)
00018
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00019
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00020
                COMMON/VEC/VA,E,X,WJ,W,XX,V,VINV/EIG/LRE,LIM
00C21
                COMMON/NSPA/ML, NL, NLC, PLC, MLC, STAR, QL, RL
00022
                COMMON/AUX/AUX1.AUX2.AUX3
00023
                IU=20+KJ
00024
                IF (ABS(LIM(KJ)),GT.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO20
00025
                READ (IU'3) ((NL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NS)
00C26
                00 10 I=1,NS
00027
                DO 10 J=1,NS
00.028
                AUX1(I,J)=FLOAT(O)
00029
                IF (J.EQ.KJ) AUX1(I,J)=NL(I,KI)
00C30
                AUX2(I,J)=FLOAT(0)
00031
          10
                CONTINUE
00032
                GO TO 30
00033
          20
                NIZ=NI+2
00034
                READ (IU'6) ((QL(II.IJ).IJ=1.NI2).II=1.NS)
00C35
                READ (IU'7) ((RL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),[I=1,NS)
00036
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX QL: 10,QL,10,NS,NI2,4)
                                                                   ...
00037
        C
                CALL USWEM (10HMATRIX RL:,10,RL,10,NS,NI2,4)
                                                                   ! * *
00038
                KIN=KI+NI
                KJI=KJ+1
00039
00 C 4 0
                DO 30 I=1.NS
00041
                DO 30 J=1.NS
00042
                AUX1(I,J)=FLOAT(0)
00C43
                AUX2(I,J)=FLOAT(0)
00044
                IF(J.EC.KJ) AUX1(I,J)=QL(I,KI)
00045
                IF(J.EQ.KJ1) AUX1(I,J)=RL(I,KI)
                IF(J.EQ.KJ) AUX2(I,J)=QL(I,KIN)
00046
00C47
                IF(J.EQ.KJ1) AUX2(I,J)=RL(I,KIN)
00048
          30
                CONTINUE
00049
                WRITE (5,1) KI,KJ
00C50
           1
                FORMAT (1X, "I=", I2, "J=", I2)
                                                ! **
00051
                CALL USHFM(BHPV/PXIJ: .8.AUX1.10.NS.NS.4)
                                                          . . .
00052
                CALL 最到MFM(10HPV/PXIJ+1:,10,4UX2,10,NS,NS,4)
00053
                RETURN
00054
                END
```

```
00C01
                                ************************
00002
                                00003
                SUBROUTINE MODE6
00004
        C-Function: Main routine for Gain Modification.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERSET, USWFM.
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: GCDST, GGRAD, SEARCH, DSPLAY.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit: 5
                                              Output Unit:
00008
                      Storage Unit(s): IU=20, IUT=20+NS+1
00009
        C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT, CURRNT.DAT .
00010
        C GRADIENT APRAYAS
OOCII
                REAL AL(10,10),G(10,10),AUX1(10,10),AUX2(10,10),AUX3(10,10)
00012
        C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
                REAL ML(10,10), NL(10,10), ALPHA(20,20), BETA(20,20)
00013
00014
                REAL NLC(10,20), PLC(10,20), MLC(10,20)
@0C15
                REAL STAR(20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00016
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIM(10), WJ(10)
00017
00018
              REAL W(10,10),V(10,1C),VINV(10,10),F(10,10),AHAT(10,10)
00019
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00C20
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00C21
                COMMON/AUG/F, AHAT/EIG/LRE, LIM/PAR/AL/GR/G
00022
                COMMON/VEC/VA, F, X, WJ, W, XX, V, VINV
00C23
                COMMON/NSPA/ML, NL, NLC, PLC, MLC, STAR, QL, RL
00024
                COMMON/AUX/AUX1,AUX2,AUX3
00025
                EXTERNAL GCOST.GGRAD
00026
                CALL UERSET(3, LEVOLD)
00027
                IU=20
00C28
                READ (IU'L) NS,NI,NO,IDGT,ZERO
                READ (IU 2) ((A(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00C29
00030
                READ (IU'3) ((8(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NS)
00C31
                IUT=20+NS+1
              OPEN (FILE="CURRNT.DAT", ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=102
00032
             1.UNIT=IUT.MODE="BINARY".DEVICE="DSK".DISPOSE="SAVE")
00033
                READ (IUT*1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00C34
00035
                READ (IUT'2) ((XX(II,12),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00C36
                READ (IUT 4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
                PEAD (IUT*5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00037
06038
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX V :,10,V,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                  1 * *
00039
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX XX:,10,XX,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                  ! * *
        C
00040
                CALL USAFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F:,14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                  ! **
                CALL USHEM (12HMATRIX AHAT: ,12,AHAT,10,NS,NS,4)
00041
00042
                DO 10 II=1.NI
00043
                DO 10 IJ=1.NS
00044
                AL(II, IJ)=FLOAT(1)
00C45
          10
                CONTINUE
00046
                WRITE (5.1)
                FORMAT (1X,22(1H*),23H MODE 6:GAIN REDUCTION ,25(1H*),//,
00047
00C48
             11X,22HSET ALPHA PARAMETERS :,/,1X,20HDEFAULT VALUES ARE :)
00049
                CALL USAFM (17HGAIN PARAMETERS :,17,AL,10,NI,NS,4)
00050
                WRITE (5,2)
                FORMAT (1X,15HWISH TO CHANGE:)
00C51
           2
00052
                READ (5,*) KK
00053
                IF (KK.LE.O) GO TO 20
00054
                WRITE (5,4)
00055
                FORMAT (1X.17HENTER NEW VALUES:)
00056
                READ (5,+) ((AL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
```

```
00057
          20
                 CALL GCOST(CJ)
                 WRITE (5,3) CJ
00058
                                                                5.e.+
00C59
                 FORMAT (1X%5HCOST=,E15.6)
            3
00060
                 CALL GGRAD
00C61
                 CALL SEARCH(CJ,GCOST,GGRAD,6)
00062
                 WRITE (IUT*1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
                 WRITE (IUT*2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00063
00064
                 WRITE (IUT*4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00065
                 WRITE (IUT'5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00066
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX V :,10,V,10,NS,NS,4)
00067
                 WRITE (5.902)
         902 FORMAT (1X,44HHISH TO DISPLAY THE NORMALIZED EIGENVECTORS?)
00068
00069
                 READ (5.+) KS
00 C 7 O
                 IF (KS.LE.O) GO TO 903
00071
                 CALL DSPLAY (NS, ZERO)
00072
         903
                 CONTINUE
        C
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX XX:,10,XX,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                     ! **
00073
00074
                 CALL USHFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F:,14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                     ! **
                 CALL USHFM (12HMATRIX AHAT: ,12, AHAT, 10, NS, NS, 4)
                                                                    !**
00075
        C
00076
                 RETURN
00077
                 END
```

```
00001
       00002
       00003
                SUBROUTINE SEARCH(CJ+COST+GRAD+MODE)
00004
       C-Function: Inter-active Gradient Search Routine.
       C-IMSL routines called: UERSET.UERTST.LINV2F.(USWFM).
00005
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: GAIN, COST, DESIGN, SENS, GRAD, TRAN.
00007
       C-Logical devices: Input Unit:
                                        5
                                             Output Unit:
00008
                      Storage Unit(s): -
       C-
60009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
        C GRADIENT ARRAYAS
              REAL AL(10,10),G(20,10),U(10,10),MKAREA(130)
00C11
00012
        C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
                REAL ML(10,10).NL(10,10),ALPHA(20,20),BETA(20,20)
00013
                REAL NLC(10,20), PLG(10,20), MLC(10,20)
00014
00015
                REAL STAR(20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00016
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X820), LRE(10), LIM(10), WJ(10)
00017
              REAL W(10.10).V(10.10).VINV(18.10).F(10.10).AHAT(10.10)
00015
00019
                REAL A(10.10).8(10.10).C(10.10)
00C20
                COMMON/SYS/A.B.C.ZERO.IDGT.NS.NI.NO
00C21
                COMMON/AUG/F, AHAT/EIG/LRE, LIH/PAR/AL/GR/G/LEG/U
                COMMON/VEC/VA.E.X.WJ.W.XX.V.VINY
00022
00023
                COMMON/NSPA/ML+NL+NLC,PLC+MLC+STAR+QL+RL
00024
                CALL UERSET(3.LEVOLD)
                IF1.=0
00025
00026
               KN=1
00027
               N=1
00028
               0=0.01
00 C29
               DMIN=ZERO
00030
          10
                WRITE (5,1) N.D.DMIN
00C31
              FORMAT (1x,46HGRAD)ENT SEARCH ROUTINE, SET SEARCH PARAMETERS: #//
00032
             1,1X,19HDefault values are $,/,1x,13H# of steps,N=,I3,3X,12Hstep siz
00033
             Ze,d=,E15.6,3X,5Hdmin=,E15.6,//,lx,15HWish to change?)
00034
                PEAD (5.+) IUP
00035
                IF (IUP.LE.O) GO TO 20
00036
                WRITE (5,2)
          2
00037
                FORMAT (1X,17HEnter new values:)
00038
                READ (5,*) N,D,DMIN
00039
          20
                IN=1
                CO 40 II=1,NI
P##40
          30
                DO 40 IJ=1.NS
00041
                XX(II,IJ) = XX(II,IJ) - D + G(II,IJ)
00 C42
00043
          40
                CONTINUE
00044
                CALL DESIGN
                CALL GAIN
00045
00046
                IF (MODE.NE.7) GO TO 49
00047
                IDG=IDGT
                CALL LINVER (V.NS.10.U.IDG.WKAREA.IER)
00048
00049
                CALL UERTST(IER.6HLINV2F)
00050
        C
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX UT:,10,U,10,NS,NS,4)
00C51
                CALL tran(U.NS.NS)
00052
        C
                CALL USWER (10HMATRIX U :,10,U,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                 **
00053
                CALL SENS
00C54
          49
                CALL COST (CJNEW)
                WRITE (5,7) CJNEW
00055
                                                                    1 * *
00056
          7
                FORMAT (1x, "NEW COST=", E15.6)
                                                                    1 * *
```

```
IF (CJNEW.GE.CJ) GO TO 50
00057
00058
                 IF (IN.GE.N) GO TO 100
00059
                 CJ=CJNEW
00060
                 IN=IN+L
                 KN=KN+1
00061
                 GO TO 30
00062
00063
          50
                 DO 60 II=1,NI
                 DO 60 IJ=1.NS
00064
                 XX(II,IJ)=XX(II,IJ)+D+G(II,IJ)
00065
00066
          60
                 CONTINUE
                 IF (KN.EQ.1) GO TO 70
00067
                 WRITE (5.3) KN.D
00068
               FORMAT (1X,13,38H Steps with present gradient and dmin=,E15.6
00069
              1.10Hwere taken,/.1X.23HLAST STEP NOT ACCEPTED!)
00070
00071
00072
                 CALL GRAD
00C73
                 GO TO 30
          70
                 DH=D/2
00074
                 WRITE (5,8) DH
00075
00076
            R
                 FORMAT (1X,23HLAST STEP NOT ACCEPTED! ./
              1.1X.21HSTEP SIZE REDUCED TO:,E15.6)
00C77
                 IF (DHalt.DMIN) GO TO 80
00078
                 D-DH
00079
                 GO TO 30
00080
00081
           80
                 WRITE (5,4)
                 FORMAT (1X,36HYou are in d/2 neighborhood of Jmin!)
00082
00083
                 IFL=1
00084
          100
                 CALL DESIGN
                 CALL GAIN
00085
                 WRITE (5,5) CJNEW
00086
                 FORMAT (1X,14HCost Function=,E15.6)
00C87
            5
                 CALL USWEM (10HMATRIX V :, 10, V, 10, NS, NS, 4)
        C
                                                                      **
00088
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX XX:,10,XX,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                      ! * *
00089
        C
                                                                      ...
                 CALL USWEM (14HGAIN MATRIX F:+14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
00090
        C
                                                                      ! **
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AHAT: ,12, AHAT, 10, NS, NS, 4)
00091
        C
00092
                 IF (IFL.EQ.1) GO TO 90
00093
                 WRITE (5,6)
00094
                 FORMAT (1X,28HWish to continue the search?)
            6
00095
                 READ (5,*) KK
                 IF (KK.LE.O) GO TO 90
00096
                 CJ=CJNEW
00097
00098
                 GO TO 10
                 RETURN
           90
00099
                 END
00100
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                 SUBROUTINE GCOST(CJ)
00004
        C-Function: Calculates the COST function for Gain Reduction.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00C07
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                Output Unit:
                                                                (5)
80000
        C-
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                 REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00011
                 REAL AL(10,10), F(10,10), AHAT(10,10)
00012
                 COMMON/AUG/F, AHAT/PAR/AL
00013
                 COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00014
                 CJ=FLUAT(0)
00015
                 DO 10 I=1,NI
00016
                 DO 10 J=1,NS
00017
                 CJ=CJ+AL(I,J)+(F(I,J)++2)
00018
          10
                 CONTINUE
00019
                 WRITE (5,1) CJ
                 FORMAT (1X,5HCOST=,E15.6)
00020
                                                                    ...
        C
            1
00021
                 RETURN
00022
                 END
```

```
00001
        00002
00C03
                SURROUTINE GGRAD
00004
        C-Function: Calculates the Gradient for Gain Reduction.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERTST, USWFM, LINV2F.
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: DBNDRM.PFX.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                              Output Unit:
00008
                      Storage Unit(s): IU=20+J for J=1,NS.
        C-Random Access Files: FORxx.DAT where xx=20+J .
00009
00010
        C GRAFIENT ARRAYAS
00011
                REAL AL(10,10),G(10,10),AUX1(10,10),AUX2(10,10),AUX3(10,10)
00012
        C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
00013
                REAL ML(10,10),NL(10,10),ALPHA(20,20),BETA(20,20)
00C14
                REAL NLC(10,20),PLC(10,20),MLC(10,20)
00015
                REAL STAR(20,20), QL(10,20), RL(10,20)
00C16
        C AUX. ARRAYS
00017
                REAL WKAREA(130)
00018
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIM(10), WJ(10)
00019
00020
              REAL W(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10), F(10,10), AHAT(10,10)
00G21
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00022
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00CZ3
                COMMON/AUG/F, AHAT/EIG/LRE, LIM/PAR/AL/GR/G
00024
                COMMON/VEC/VA.E.X.WJ.W.XX.V.VINV
00C25
                COMMON/NSPA/ML+NL+NLC, PLC+MLC, STAR, QL+RL
00026
                COMMON/AUX/AUX1, AUX2, AUX3
00027
                WRITE (5,1)
00028
           1
                FORMAT (1X, "SUBROUTINE GGRAD++++++++++++++) !**
        C
00029
                CALL LINV2F (V,NS,10,VINV,IDGT, WKAREA, IER)
00030
                CALL UERTST (IER,6HLINV2F)
                CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX VINV:,12,VINV,10,NS,NS,4)
00031
00032
                J=1
00033
          10
                CONTINUE
00034
                IRS=202
00035
                IU=J+20
00036
                OPEN (ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=IRS, UNIT=IU
00037
             1, MODE= BINARY , DEVICE= DSK , DISPOSE= SAVE )
00038
        C+++++++++++++ Is Lambda-J real? ++++++++++++
00039
                READ (IU'1) LRE(J), LIM(J)
00040
                IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 30
00C41
                ****** Find partials of J wrt elements of [XX]. real case**
00042
                READ (IU*3) ((NL(II,IJ),IJ#1,NI),II=1,NS)
00043
                READ (IU'4) ((ML(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NI)
00044
        C
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX NL:,10,NL,10,NS,NI,4)
                                                                ! **
00045
        E
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX ML:,10,ML,10,NI,NI,4)
                                                                ! **
.00046
                GO TO 15
                ****** Find complex partials ********
00047
00048
          30
                IS=NS+NI
00049
                N12=2*NI
00050
                NS2=2+NS
00051
                INS=NS+1
00052
                READ (IU'3) ((NLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NS)
                READ (IU 4) ((PLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NS)
00053
00C54
                READ (IU*5) ((MLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NI)
00055
                READ (IU 6) ((QL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
00056
                READ (IU'7) ((RL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
```

```
00057
                CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX NLC:,11,NLC,10,NS,IS,4)
                                                                    !##
00058
                                                                   ! * *
        C
                GALL USWFM (11HMATRIX PLC:,11,PLC,10,NS,1S,4)
00059
        C
                CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX MLC:,11,MLC,10,NI,IS,4)
                                                                   ! **
00060
        C
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX QL:,10,QL,10,NS,NI2,4)
                                                                   ...
00061
        C
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX RL:,10,RL,10,NS,NI2,4)
                                                                   2 **
00C62
          15
                DO 100 I=1,NI
00063
                G(J,J)=FLUAT(O)
00064
                KJ=J
00065
                KI=I
00066
                CALL PFX(KI,KJ,IFLAG)
00067
                IF (IFLAG.NE.O) GO TO 150
00068
                DO 100 IP=1.NI
00069
                DO 100 IQ=1,NS
00 C7 0
                G(I,J)=G(I,J)+2*AL(IP,IQ)*F(IP,IQ)*AUX3(IP,IQ)
00071
        C
                WRITE (5,2) IP, IQ, I, J, G(I, J)
00072
                FORMAT (20X, 'PF', I2, I2, '/X', I2, I2, ' = ', E15, 6, 'PARTIAL SUMS')! ++
          2
00073
         100
                CONTINUE
00074
                IF (IFLAG.EQ.1) J=J+1
00075
                IF (J.GE.NS) GO TO 200
00076
                J=J+1
00C77
                GO TO 10
00078
         150
                J0=J+1
                DO 70 IP=1,NI
00079
00080
                DO 70 IQ=1,NS
00081
                G(I,J)=G(I,J)+2*AL(IP,IQ)*F(IP,IQ)*W(IP,IQ)
         70
00082
                CONTINUE
00083
                G(I,JD)=FLOAT(0)
00084
                DO 75 IP=1,NI
00C85
                00 75 IQ=1.NS
00086
                G(I,JD)=G(I,JD)+2+AL(IP,IQ)+F(IP,IQ)+AMX3(IP,IQ)
00087
          75
                CONTINUE
00088
                GO TO 100
98000
        C*+**
                00090
         200
00091
                CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX [G]:,11,G,10,NI,NS,4)
00092
                CALL DENORM(NI,NS)
00093
                CALL USWFM (16HGradient matrix:,16,G,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                         ! **
00094
                RETURN
00095
                END
```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS

```
00001
00002
00003
                 SUBROUTINE INSTEP
00004
        C-Function: Called by PFX calculates [AUX3]=([AUX1]-[AUX2])*[VINV]
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERTST, VMULFF, (USMFM).
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
                                                                 (5)
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                 Output Unit:
80000
                        Storage Unit(s): -
        C-
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                 REAL AUX1(10,10), AUX2(10,10), AUX3(10,10)
COCII
                 REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), WJ(10)
                 REAL W(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10), F(10,10), AHAT(10,10)
00012
                 REAL A(10,16),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00013
00014
                 COMMON/VEC/VA.E.X.NJ.W.XX.V.VINV/AUG/F.AHAT
00015
                 COMMON/AUX/AUX1.AUX2.AUX3
00016
                 COMMON/SYS/A, B, C, ZERO, IDGT, NS, NI, NO
00017
                                                                   . **
                 CALL USWFM (7H[AUX1]:,7,AUX1,10,NI,NS,4)
00018
                 CALL USWEM (THEAUX21:,7,AUX2,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                   ! **
00019
                 CALL VMULFF(F, AUX2, NI, NS, NS, 10, 10, AUX3, 10, IER)
00020
                 CALL UERTST(IER, 6HVMULFF)
                 CALL USWFM (7H[AUX3]:.7,AUX3,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                  ***
00021
        C
00022
                 00 10 II=1,NI
00023
                 DO 10 IJ=1.NS
00024
                 AUX2(II,IJ)=AUX1(II,IJ)=AUX3(II,IJ)
00025
          10
                 CONTINUE
00026
                 CALL YMULFF(AUX2, VINV, NI, NS, NS, 10, 10, AUX3, 10, IER)
00C27
                 CALL UERTST(IER.6HVMULFF)
00028
        C
                 CALL USWFM (7H[AUX3]:.7.AUX3.10.NI.NS.4)
00029
                 RETURN
00030
                 END
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE DBNORM(NI.NS)
00004
        C-Function: Returns a normalized NIXNS matrix in itself.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                              Output Unit:
00008
                      Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                REAL G(10,10),NORM
00011
                COMMON/GR/G
00012
                NORM=FLOAT(0)
00013
                00014
                DO 10 J=1,NS
                NORM=NORM+G(I,J)++2
00015
00016
          10
                CONTINUE
00017
                NORM-SQRT(NORM)
00018
                DO 20 I=1.NI
00019
                DO 20 J=1.NS
00020
                G(I,J)=G(I,J)/NORM
00621
          20
                CONTINUE
                PETURN
00022
00023
                END
```

1

```
00001
00002
       00003
               SUBROUTINE DESIGN
00004
        C-Function: Given a Designater matrix [X], calculates [V].
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERTST.VMULFF.(USWFM).
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
       C-Logical devices: Input Unit:
                     Storage Unit(s): IU=20+J
00008
00009
       C-Random Access Files: FORxx.DAT where xx=20+J for J=1.NS.
00010
       C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
OOCLI
               REAL ML(10,10),NL(10,10)
00012
                REAL NLC(10,20), PLC(10,20), MLC(10,20)
00013
                REAL STAR(20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00014
       C MODE 3 ARRAYS
00015
             REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIM(10), HJ(10)
00016
             REAL W(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10)
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00017
00018
                COMMON/SYS/A.B.C.ZERO.IDGT.NS.NI.NO
00019
                COMMON/EIG/LRE.LIM
00020
                COMMON/VEC/VA.E.X.WJ.W.XX.V.VINV
00C21
               COMMON/NSPA/ML, NL, NLC, PLC, MLC, STAR, QL, RL
00022
                WRITE (5.1)
                FORMAT (1X, "SUBROUTINE DESIGN ++++++++++++++++") ! ##
00023
       C
         - 1
00024
                IRS=202
                J=1
00025
00026
         10
                IU=J+20
00C27
                OPEN (ACCESS= "RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=IRS, UNIT=IU
00C28
            1. MODE= BINARY DEVICE= DSK DISPOSE= SAVE)
00029
        C************ Is Lambda-J real? *********
00030
                READ (IU'1) LRE(J), LIM(J)
00C31
                IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 30
00032
        C********** Find real VA=J-th column of [Y] ***********
00033
                READ (IU'3) ((NL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NS)
00034
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX NL:,10,NL,10,NS,NI,4)
00035
                DO 20 IV=1.NI
00036
                (L,VI)XX=(VI)X
00037
         20
                CONTINUE
        C+++++++ Find VA=[NL]+X and put it in J-th column of [V] +++++
00038
00039
                CALL VMULFF (NL, X, NS, NI, 1, 10, 20, VA, 20, IER)
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00040
                CALL USWFV (10HVECTOR VA:,10,VA,NS,1,4)
                                                           !**
00C41
       C
00042
                00 25 IV=1,NS
                V(IV, J)=VA(IV)
00043
00044
                CONTINUE
         25
00045
         29
                IF (J.GE.NS) GO TO 100
00046
                1=1+1
00047
                GO TO 10
               00048
00049
         30
                INI=NI+1
00050
                NI2=2 + NI
00051
                NS2=2*NS
00052
                IN5=NS+1
00053
                READ (IU'6) ((QL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
00C54
                READ (IU*7) ((RL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
00C55
                CALL USWEM (10HMATRIX QL:,10,QL,10,NS,NI2,4)
                                                               **
00056
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX RL: ,10,RL,10,NS,NI2,4)
       C
                                                               ! * *
```

```
00057
                IC=J+1
00058
        C+++++ Form [STAR] and double length X ++++++++
                DO 135 II=1.NS
00059
00060
                DO 135 IJ=1,NI2
                STAR(II,IJ)=QL(II,IJ)
00061
00.062
                CONTINUE
         135
                DO 140 II=INS.NS2
00063
00.C64
                DO 140 IJ=1.NI2
                IDUM=II-NS
00065
                STAR(II.IJ)=RL(IDUM.IJ)
00066
00067
         140
                CONTINUE
8 8 0 0 0
        С
                CALL USHEM (12HMATRIX STAR:,12,STAR,20,NS2,NI2,4) ! **
00069
                DO 40 IV=1.NI
00070
                (L,VI)XX=(VI)X
                CONTINUE
00C71
          40
00.C72
                DO 50 IV=INI,NI2
                 IVDUM=IV-NI
00073
                X(IV)=XX(IVDUM,IC)
00074
00075
          50
                CONTINUE
                                                                        ! * *
00076
        C
                CALL USHFV (10HVECTOR XT:,10,X,NI2,1,4)
               Find VA=[*].X and partition it to [V]j, [V]j+1 ********
00077
        C*+
                CALL VMULFF (STAR, X, NS2, NI2, 1, 20, 20, VA, 20, IER)
00078
00079
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
                                                                      !**
00080
        C
                CALL USWFV (10HVECTOR VA:,10,VA,NS2,1,4)
00081
                DO 60 IV=1,NS
28000
                (VI)AV=(L,VI)V
00083
                 IVD=IV+NS
                 V(IV, IC)=VA(IVD)
00084
                 CONTINUE
00085
          60
                 J=IC
00086
                 GO TO 29
00087
        C****
                00058
00089
         100
                 CONTINUE
00090
        C
                 CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX [V]:,11,V,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                       ! **
                                                            ...
00091
        C
                 WRITE (5,2)
                 FORMAT (1x, *EXITING DESIGN ========*) ! **
00092
        C
           2
00093
                 RETURN
00094
                 END
```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS

```
00001
00002
00003
                 SUBROUTINE PFX(I.J.IFLAG)
00004
        C-Function: Returns p[F]/p[x]ij .
00C05
        C-IMSL routines called: UERTST, LLSQF, VMULFF, (USWFM).
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: INSTEP.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                               Output Unit:
                                                               (5)
80200
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
OOCLO
        C GRADIENT ARRAYAS
00011
                REAL AUX1(10,10), AUX2(10,10), AUX3(10,10)
00012
        C NULL SPACE APRAYS
00013
                 REAL ML(10,10),NL(10,10),ALPHA(20,20),BETA(20,20)
00014
                 REAL NLC(10,20),PLC(10,20),MLC(10,20)
00015
                REAL, STAR (20, 20), QL (10, 20), RL (10, 20)
        C AUX. ARRAYS
00016
00017
                REAL WKAREA(130), H(20)
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
00018
00019
              REAL XX(10,10),VA(20),E(20),X(20),LRE(10),LIM(10),WJ(10)
              REAL W(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10), F(10,10), AHAT(10,10)
00 C 2 C
00021
                 INTEGER [PA(20)
00022
                 REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00C23
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00CZ4
                 COMMON/EIG/LRE.LIM
00025
                COMMON/VEC/VA, E, X, WJ, W, XX, V, VINV
00026
                COMMON/NSPA/ML, NL, NLC, PLC, MLC, STAR, QL, RL
00027
                COMMON/AUX/AUX1.AUX2.AUX3
00C28
                IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 30
00029
        C++++++++++ Find partials of J wrt elements of [XX], real case++
00C30
00031
                DO 15 II=1.NI
00032
                DO 15 IJ=1,NS
00033
                 AUX1(II,IJ)=FLOAT(0)
00034
                IF (IJ.EQ.J) AUX1(II,IJ)=-ML(II,I)
00C35
          15
                CONTINUE
00C36
                DO 20 II=1,NS
00037
                DD 20 IJ=1,NS
8 E 0 0 0
                AUX2(II,IJ)=FLOAT(0)
00039
                 IF (IJ.EQ.J) AUX2(II,IJ)=NL(II,I)
          20
00040
                CONTINUE
00041
        C
                CALL USWFM (7H[AUX1]:,7,AUX1,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                1 **
00042
        C
                CALL USWFM (7HEAUX2]:,7,AUX2,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                ! **
00043
                CALL INSTEP
00044
                IFLAG=0
00045
                GO TO 999
00046
                ******* Find complex partials ********
00047
          30
                IS=NS+NI
00C48
                NIZ=2*NI
00049
                NS2=2+NS
00050
                INS=NS+1
00051
                 JD=J
00052
                 JC=J+1
00053
                INOW=I
00054
               FORM [STAR], [ALPHA], [BETA] ********************
                DO 110 II=1.NS
00055
00056
                DO 110 IJ=1,NI2
00057
                STAR(II,IJ)=QL(II,IJ)
00058
                IDUM=II+NS
00059
                STAR(IDUM, IJ) = RL(II, IJ)
00060
         110
                CONTINUE
```

and the state of t

```
00061
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX STAR: 12.STAR: 20.NS2.NI2.4) 144
00062
                 DO 135 II=1.NS
                 DO 135 IJ=1.IS
00063
00064
                 ALPHA(II, IJ)=NLC(II, IJ)
00065
         135
                 CONTINUE
                 DO 140 II=INS.NS2
00066
00067
                 DO 140 IJ=1, IS
                 IDUM-II-NS
00068
00069
                 ALPHA(II, IJ) =-PLC(IDUM, IJ)
00070
                 CONTINUE
         140
00071
        Ċ
                 CALL USWFM (14HMATRIX ALPHA :.14.ALPH4.20.NS2.IS.4) ! **
00C72
                 DO 185 II=1.NS
00073
                 DO 185 IJ=1.IS
00074
                 BETA(II.IJ)=PLC(II.IJ)
00075
         185
                 CONTINUE
00076
                 DO 190 II=INS.NS2
00077
                 DO 190 IJ=1,IS
00078
                 IDUM=II-NS
00C79
                 BETA(II.IJ)=NLC(IDUM.IJ)
00080
         190
                 CONTINUE
                  CALL USWFM (13HMATRIX BETA :,13,BETA,20,NS2,IS,4)
00081
           50
                 CONTINUE
00.082
00083
                 DO 55 II=1.NS2
00084
                 E(II)=STAR(II, INOW)
00085
                 VA(II)=STAR(II, INOW)
00086
           55
                 CONTINUE
                 CALL USHFV (19HI-th column of [*]:,19,E,NS2,1,4)
00087
        C
                 CALL USHFV (19HI-th column of [*]:,19,VA,NS2,1,4)
        C
                                                                          ! * *
00088
00089
                 CALL LLSQF (ALPHA, 20, NS2, IS, E, -1.0, IS, X, H, IPA, IER)
00090
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HLLSQF )
                 CALL USHFV (15HVECTOR [TM1]-I:,15,X,IS,1,4)
00091
00092
        C+++ Form E=[MLC]+[TM1]; and put E in J-th column of [AUX1] +++++
00093
                 CALL VMULFF (MLC,X,NI,IS,1,10,20,E,20,IER)
00094
                 CALL UERTST (IER.6HVMULFF)
00095
                 CALL USWFV (10H[AUX1]-J :,10,E,NI,1,4)
                                                                      ...
00096
                 DO 180 [V=1, IS
00097
                 X(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00098
         180
                 CONTINUE
00099
                 CALL LLSQF (BETA, 20, NS2, IS, VA, -1.0, IS, X, H, IPA, IER)
00100
                 CALL UERTST (IER,6HLLSQF)
00101
                 CALL USWFY (15HVECTOR [TM2]-I:,15,X,IS,1,4)
        C
00102
        C** Form V4=[MLC]*[TM1]; and put VA in J+1th column of [AUX1] ***
00103
                 CALL VMULFF (MLC, X, NI, IS, 1, 10, 20, VA, 20, IER)
00104
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00105
                                                                       . **
                 CALL USWFV (10HEAUX1]j+1:,10, VA, NI,1,4)
00106
                 DO 60 II=1.NI
00107
                 00 60 IJ=1.NS
00108
                 AUX1(II,IJ)=FLDAT(0)
00109
                 IF (IJ.EQ.JD) AUX1(II.IJ)=E(II)
00110
                 IF (IJ.EQ.JC) AUX1(II,IJ)=VA(II)
00111
                 CONTINUE
          60
00112
        C
                 CALL USHFM (8H[AUX1] :.8.AUX1.10.NI.NS.4)
00113
                 DO 70 II=1.NS
00114
                 DO 70 IJ=1.NS
00115
                 AUX2(II,IJ)=FLOAT(O)
00116
                 IF (IJ.EQ.JD) AUX2(II,IJ)=QL(II,INOW)
00117
                 IF (IJ.EQ.JC) AUX2(II,IJ)=RL(II,INOW)
00118
          70
                 CONTINUE
        C
00119
                 CALL USHEM (8H(AUX2) 1,8,AUX2,10,NS,NS,4)
00120
                 CALL INSTEP
00121
                 IF (INOW.NE.I) GO TO 999
```

00122		IFLAG=1
00123		DO 60 II=1.NI
00124		DO 80 IJ=1.NS
00125		W(II,IJ)=AUX3(II,IJ)
00126	80	CONTINUE
00127		INOW=I+NI
00128		GB TB 50
00129	999	RETURN
00130		END

```
00001
        20000
00003
00004
                SUBROUTINE MODE?
00005
        C-Function: Main routine for Sensitivity Reduction.
00006
        C-IMSL routines called: UERSET.UERTST.LINV2F.USWFM.
00007
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: SEARCH, TRAN, SGRAD, SCOST, SENS.
00008
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                         5
                                               Gutput Unit:
00009
                      Storage Unit(s): IU=20,IUT=20+NS+1,IU=20+J for J=1,NS.
00010
        C-Random Access Files: SYSTEM.DAT, CURRNT.DAT, FORxx.DAT where xx=20+J.
00 C 1 1
                REAL WKAREA(130), U(10,10)
        C GRADIENT ARRAYAS
00012
00013
                REAL L(10),P(10),DAD(10,10),DBD(10,10),DAHD(10,10)
00014
        C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
00015
                REAL ML(10,10), NL(10,10)
00016
                REAL NLC(10,20),PLC(10,20),MLC(10,20)
00017
                REAL STAR(20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00018
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
00019
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIM(10), WJ(10)
00020
              REAL W(10,10),V(10,10),VINV(10,10),F(10,10),AHAT(10,10)
00021
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00022
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00C23
              COMMON/AUG/F,AHAT/EIG/LRE,LIM/WET/L,P/GR/G/SEN/DAD,DBD,DAHD/LEG/U
00024
                COMMON/VEC/VA,E,X,HJ,H,XX,V,VINV
00025
                COMMON/NSPA/ML, NL, NLC, PLC, MLC, STAR, QL, RL
00026
                EXTERNAL SCUST - SGRAD
00027
                CALL UERSET(3, LEVOLD)
00028
                IU=20
00029
                READ (IU'1) NS.NI.NO.IDGT.ZERO
00030
                READ (IU°2) ((A(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00031
                READ (IU'3) ((B(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NS)
00032
                IUT =20+NS+1
              OPEN (FILE="CURRNT.DAT", ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=102
00033
00034
             1, UNIT=IUT, MODE= "BINARY", DEVICE= "DSK", DISPOSE= "SAVE")
00C35
                READ (IUT 1) ((V(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00C36
                READ (IUT'2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00037
                READ (IUT'4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
00038
                READ (IUT 5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00039
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX V :,10,V,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                   ! * *
00 G4 G
                CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX XX:,10,XX,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                   ***
00C41
                CALL USWFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F:,14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                   **
00042
                CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AHAT: ,12, AHAT, 10, NS, NS, 4)
                                                                   ! * *
00043
                DO 30 J=1.NS
00C44
                IU=J+20
00045
                IRS=202
00046
                OPEN (ACCESS="RANDOM", RECORD SIZE=IRS, UNIT=IU
00C47
             1, MODE = "BINARY", DEVICE="DSK", DISPOSE="SAVE")
                READ (IU'1) LRE(J), LIM(J)
00048
                CONTINUE
00049
          30
00C50
                WRITE (5,1)
00051
                FORMAT (1x,20(1H*),30H MODE 7:SENSITIVITY REDUCTION ,20(1H*),//
00052
             1,1X,23H Set weighting factors: //
00053
             2.1x.34H Eigenvalue weighting factors are:)
                DO 10 IV=1.NS
00054
00C55
                L(IY)=FLOAT(1)
00056
                WRITE (5,3) IV,L(IV)
00057
                FORMAT (1X,2HL(,12,2H)=,F15.6)
00058
          10
                CONTINUE
```

```
00059
                 WRITE (5.5)
00060
           5
                 FORMAT (1X,15HWish to change?)
                 READ (5.+) KL
00061
00062
                 IF (KL.LE.O) GO TO 11
00063
                 READ (5,+) (L(IV),IV=1,除S)
00064
          11
                 WRITE (5.2)
00065
                 FORMAT (1X.34HEigenvector weighting factors are:)
00066
                 00 15 IV=1.NS
00067
                 P(IV)=FLOAT(1)
89000
                 WRITE (5,4) IV,P(IV)
00069
                 FORMAT (1X,2HM(,12,2H)=,F15.6)
00070
          15
                 CONTINUE
00C71
                 WRITE (5,5)
                 READ (5.+) KK
00072
00073
                 IF (KK.LE.O) GO TO 20
00074
                 READ (5,*) (P(IV), IV=1, NS)
00075
          20
                 WRITE (5,6)
00076
                 FORMAT (1X,14HEnter [dA/dP]:)
00077
                 READ (5,*) ((DAD(II;IJ);IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00078
                 WRITE (5,7)
           7
00079
                 FORMAT (1X,14HEnter [d8/dP]:)
00080
                 READ (5.+) ((DBD([I.IJ), IJ=1.NI), II=1.NS)
00081
                 CALL SENS
00082
                 IDG # IDGT
                 CALL LINV2F (V,NS,IO,U,IDG,WKAREA,IER)
00083
00084
                 CALL UERTST(IER, 6HLINV2F)
00C85
                 CALL USHFM (10HMATRIX7UT: ,10,U,10,NS,NS,4)
00086
                 CALL tran(U.NS.NS)
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX7U :, 10, U, 10, NS, NS, 4)
00087
        C
88000
                 CALL SCOST(CJ)
00089
                 CALL SGRAD
00090
                 CALL SEARCH(CJ, SCOST, SGRAD, 7)
00091
                 WRITE (IUT 1) ((V(II, 1), IJ=1, NS), II=1, NS)
00092
                 WRITE ([UT*2) ((XX(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NI)
                 WRITE (IUT'4) ((F(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS), [I=1,NI)
00093
                 WRITE (IUT 5) ((AHAT(II,IJ),IJ=1,NS),II=1,NS)
00094
                 CALL USHFM (10HMATRIX V :. 10.V.10.NS.NS.4)
00095
                 WRITE (5,902)
00096
00097
              FORMAT (1X.44HWISH TO DISPLAY THE NORMALIZED EIGENVECTORS?)
00098
                 READ (5,+) KS
00099
                 IF (KS.LE.O) GO TO 903
00100
                 CALL DSPLAY (NS, ZERO)
         903
00101
                 CONTINUE
00102
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX XX:,10,XX,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                     ! **
                                                                     **
00103
                 CALL USWFM (14HGAIN MATRIX F: 14,F,10,NI,NS,4)
00104
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AHAT: ,12, AHAT, 10, NS, NS, 4)
                                                                     **
00105
                 RETURN
00106
                 END
```

```
00001
        00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE SCOSTICAL
00004
        C-Function: Calculates the COST function for Sensitivity Reduction.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: (USWFM).
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: ZK, and Function routine T.
00007
                                             Output Unit:
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
00008
                     Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
               REAL V(10,10),U(10,10),L(10),P(10)
00011
                REAL VJ(10), VJ1(10), UJ(10), UJ1(10), LRE(10), LIM(10)
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), HJ(10)
00012
00013
              REAL W(10,10), VINV(10,10)
00C14
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00C15
                INTEGER Q
00C16
                COMMON/SYS/A.B.C.ZERO.IDGT.NS.NI.NO
00017
                COMMON/EIG/LRE.LIM/WET/L.P/LEG/U
00018
                COMMON/VEC/VA.E.X.WJ.W.XX.V.VINV
00019
                CJ1=FLCAT(O)
00020
                CJ2=FLDAT(0)
00021
                DO 100 J=1.NS
00022
                JC=J+1
00023
                RELJ=LRE(J)
00024
                XIMJ=LIH(J)
00025
                WRITE (5,1) LRE(J), RELJ, LIN(J), XIMJ
                                                          ...
        C
00026
        Č
          1
                FORMAT (1%, "LRE(J)=RELJ", 2F15.6, "LIM(J)=XIMJ", 2F15.6) ! ##
00027
                DO 10 IV=1.NS
00028
                VJ1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00029
                UJ1(IV)=FLOAT(O)
00030
                (L.VI)V=(VI)LV
00031
                (L.VI)U=(VI)LU
00032
                IF (ABS(XIMJ).LE.ABS(ZERO)) GO TO 10
00C33
                VJI(IV)=V(IV,JC)
00034
                UJ1(IV)=U(IV,JC)
00035
          10
                CONTINUE
00036
                CALL USWFV(11HVECTOR VJ:,11, VJ,NS,1,4)
       C
                                                             ! **
                CALL USHFV(11HVECTOR VJ1:,11,VJ1,NS,1,4)
00037
       C
                                                             ! **
                CALL USWFY(11HVECTOR Ud:,12, Gd,NS,1,4)
00038
       C
                                                             ! **
                CALL USHFV411HVECTOR UJ1: ,11,83%,NS,1,4)
00039
        C
                                                            ! **
00040
                IF (ABS(XIMJ).LE.AUS(ZERU)) GO TO 20
00C41
              CJ1=CJ1+\[{;}}*{(T(1,VJ,UJ)-T(1,VJ1,UJ1))*+2+(T(1,VJ1,UJ)+
00042
             1T(1.VJ.UJ1)) + + 2)
00043
                GO TO 30
00044
          20
                CJ1=CJ1+L(J)+T(1,VJ,UJ)++2
00C45
          30
                SUM=FLCAT(0)
00046
                DO 50 IQ=1.NS
00047
                Q#IQ
00048
                NJ = J
00049
                CALL ZK(Q,NJ,RELJ,XIMJ,ZRE,ZIM)
00050
                SUM=SUM+ZRE++2+ZIM++2
00051
        50
                CONTINUE
00052
                CJ2=CJ2+P(J) +SUM
00053
        100
                CONTINUE
00054
                CJ=CJ1+CJ2
00055
                WRITE (5.2) CJ1.CJ2
00056
          2
                FORMAT (1x,3HJ1=,F15.6,5x,3HJ2=,F15.6)
                RETURN
00057
00058
                END
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE SGRAD
        C-Function: Calculates the Gradient for Sensitivity Reduction.
00004
00005
        C-INSL routines called: UERTST.LINV2F,VMULFF,USHFM.
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: PU,DBNORM,PFX,ZK,FRAC,Function T.
00007
        C-Logical devices: Input Unit:
                                              Dutout Unit:
                      Storage Unit(s): IU=20+J for J=1+NS.
80000
00009
        C-Random Access Files: FORxx.dat where xx=20+J.
00010
        C GRADIENT ARRAYAS
                REAL G(10,10),U(10,10),PJ1(10,10),PJ2(10,10),L(10),P(10)
00011
                REAL VJ(10), VJ1(10), PVJX(10), PVJX1(10), PVJ1X(10), PVJ1X1(10)
00012
                REAL UJ(10),UJ1(10),PUKX(10),PUKX1(10),PUK1X(10),PUK1X1(10)
00013
                REAL VM(10), VM1(10), UK(10), UK1(10)
00C14
00015
                REAL PUR(10,10), PUC(10,10), PUC1(10,10)
00016
        C NULL SPACE ARRAYS
00017
                REAL ML(10,10), NL(10,10)
00018
                REAL NLC(10,20), PLC(10,20), MLC(10,20)
                REAL STAR (20,20),QL(10,20),RL(10,20)
00019
00020
        C AUX. ARRAYS
00021
                REAL WKAREA(130)
        C MODE 3 ARRAYS
00022
00023
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), LRE(10), LIM(10), WJ(10)
              REAL W(10,10), V(10,10), VINV(10,10)
00024
                REAL AUX1(10,10), AUX2(10,10), AUX3(10,10), AUX4(10,10)
00025
                REAL DAD(10,10), DBD(10,10), DAHD(10,10)
00026
00027
                INTEGER O, FLK, FLJ, FLM
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00028
00C29
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00€30
                COMMON/EIG/LRE,LIM/GR/G/LEG/U/WET/L,P/PJ/PJ1,PJ2
00C31
                COMMON/VEC/VA+E+X+WJ+W+XX+V+VINV
                COMMON/NSPA/ML.NL.NLC.PLC.MLC.STAR.QL.RL
00C32
                COMMON/AUX/AUX1,AUX2,AUX3/SEN/DAD,DBD,DAHD/AAUX/AUX4
00033
00034
                 IGT=IDGT
                CALL LINV2F (V,NS,10,VINV, IGT, WKAREA, IER)
00035
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HLINV2F)
00036
00037
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX VINV: +12, VINV, 10, NS, NS, 4)
00038
                 IRS=202
00039
                 J=1
          10
                FLJ=0
00040
00C41
                 IU=J+20
                RELJ=LRE(J)
00042
00043
                XIMJ=LIM(J)
00044
                 IF (ABS(LIM(J)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLJ=1
00045
                 IF (FLJ.EQ.1) GO TO 12
00046
                DO 11 IV=1.NS
00047
                 (L,VI)V = (VI)LV
00048
                 (L,VI)U=(VI)LU
                 VJ1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00049
00050
                 UJ1(IV)=FLOAT(O)
00C51
          11
                 CONTINUE
00052
                 READ (IU'3) ((NL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NS)
00053
                 READ (IU 4) ((ML(îI,IJ),IJ=1,NI),II=1,NI)
                                                                  ...
00054
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX HL:,10,ML,10,NI,NI,4)
                 CALL USWFH (10HMATRIX NL:,10,NL,10,NS,NI,4)
                                                                   1 **
00055
        C
00056
                 GO TO 14
```

```
00057
          12
                 NI2=2*NI
                 IS=NS+NI
00058
00059
                 READ (IU'3) ((NLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NS)
00060
                 READ (IU'4) ((PLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NS)
00C61
                 READ (IU*5) ((MLC(II,IJ),IJ=1,IS),II=1,NI)
00062
                 READ (IU 6) ((QL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
00063
                 READ (IU'7) ((RL(II,IJ),IJ=1,NI2),II=1,NS)
00064
                 JC= J+1
00065
                 DO 13 IV=1.NS
00066
                 VJ1(IV)=V(IV.JC)
00067
                 UJ1(IV)=U(IV.JC)
00068
           13
                 CONTINUE
00069
           14
                 DO 110 I=1.NI
00070
                 KI=I
00071
                 KJ=J
                 CALL PFX(KI,KJ,IFLAG)
00072
                 CALL VMULFF(DBD, AUX3, NS, NI, NS, 10, TO, AUX4, 10, IER)
00073
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00074
                                                                         2**
00075
        C
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AUX4:,12,AUX4,10,NS,NS,4)
00076
                 IF (FLJ.NE.1) GO TO 115
00077
                 CALL YMULFF(DBD, W, NS, NI, NS, 10, 10, AUX4, 10, IER)
00078
                 CALL VMULFF(DBD, AUX3, NS, NI, NS, 10, 10, W, 10, IER)
00079
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00090
                 DO 114 II=1.NS
00081
                 DO 114 IJ=1.NS
00082
                 (LI.II) W=(LI.II) EXUA
00083
         114
                 CONTINUE
00084
        C
                 CALL USHFM (12HMATRIX AUX4:,12,AUX4,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                         ! **
00085
        C
                 CALL USWFM (12HMATRIX AUX3:,12,AUX3,10,NS,NS,4)
                                                                         ! **
00086
         115
                 IF (FLJ.EQ.1) GO TO 16
00087
                 DO 15 IV=1,NS
                 PVJX(IV)=NL(IV,I)
00088
00089
                 DO 15 IW=1.NS
00090
                 W(IV, IW)=FLOAT(O)
00091
                 IF (IW.EQ.J) H(IV,IW)=NL(IV,I)
00092
          15
                 CONTINUE
00093
                 CALL PU(PUR)
00094
                 TERM=FLOAT(0)
00095
                 FLM=0
00096
                 DO 116 M=1.NS
00097
                 IF (ABS(LIM(M)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLM=1
00098
                 MC=M+1
00099
                 DO 216 IV=1.NS
00100
                 VM(IV) = V(IV, M)
00101
                 UK(IV)=U(IV,M)
                 PUKX(IV)=PUR(IV.M)
00102
                 VMI(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00103
00104
                 UK1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
                 PUK1X(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00105
00106
                 IF (FLM.NE.1) GO TO 216
                 VM1(IV)=V(IV,MC)
00107
00108
                 UK1(IV)=U(IV,MC)
00109
                 PUK1X(IV)=PUR(IV,MC)
00110
          216
                 CONTINUE
                 IF(FLM.EQ.1) GO TO 316
00111
00112
                 TERM=TERM+L(M)+(T(2,VM,UK)+T(1,VM,PUKX))+T(1,VM,UK)
```

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00113
                 GO TO 116
              TEPM=TERM+L(M)+((T(2,VM,UK)-T(2,VM1,UK1)+T(1,VM-PUKX)-T(1,VM1,PUK1
00114
         316
00115
              1X)}+(T(1,VM,UK)-T(1,VM1,UK1)}+(T(2,VM,UK1)+T(2,VM1;UK)+T(1,VM,PUK1
00116
             2X1+T(1,VM1,PUKX))+(T(1,VM1,UK)+T(1,VM,UK1)))
                 WRITE (E.+) TERM
00117
        C
                                                                   ! * *
00118
                 CONTINUE
         116
00119
                 PJ1(1,J)=2+(L(J)+T(1,PVJX,UJ)+T(1,VJ,UJ)+TERM)
00120
                 WRITE (5,201) [,J,PJ1(I,J)
                                                                   1 **
                 FORMAT(1X, GGGGGG I=1, [2, "J=1, [2, "PJ1(I, J)=1, F15.6) ! ++
00121
        C 201
00122
                 GO TO 20
                 INI=I+NI
00123
          16
                 DO 17 IV=1.NS
00124
00125
                 PVJX(IV)=QL(IV.I)
00126
                 PVJX1(IV)=QL(IV, INI)
00127
                 PVJ1X(IV)=RL(IV.I)
00128
                 PVJ1X1(IV)=RL(IV,INI)
00129
                 DO 17 IW=1,NS
                 W(IV, IW)=FLOAT(O)
00130
00131
                 IF (IW.EQ.J) H(IV,IW)=QL(IV,I)
                 IF (IW.EQ.JC) W(IV.IW)=RL(IV.I)
00132
00133
          17
                 CONTINUE
00134
                 CALL PU(PUC)
00135
                 TERM=FLOAT(0)
00136
                 FLM=0
00137
                 DO 117 M=1.NS
                 IF (FLM.EQ.1) GO TO 317
00138
00139
                 FLM=0
00140
                 MC=M+1
00141
                 IF (ABS(LIM(M)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLM=1
                 DO 217 IV=1,NS
00142
00143
                 VM(IV)=V(IV,M)
00144
                 UK(IV)=U(IV.M)
                 PUKX(IV)=PUC(IV,M)
00145
00146
                 VM1(IV)=FLOAT(O)
00147
                UK1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00148
                 PUKIX(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00149
                 IF (FLM.NE.1) GO TO 217
00150
                 VMI(IV)=V(IV,MC)
00151
                 UK1(IV)=U(IV.MC)
00152
                 PUKIX(IV)=PUC(IV.MC)
00153
         217
                 CONTINUE
00154
               IF(FLM.NE.1) TERM=TERM+L(M)+(T(2.VM.UK)+T(1.VM.PUKX))+T(1.VM.UK)
00155
                 IF (FLM.NE.1) GO TO 117
              TERM=TERM+L(M)+((T{2,VM},UK)-T{2,VM},UK1)+T{1,VM}-T{1,VM}
00156
00157
             1,PUK1X))+(T(1,YM,UK)-T(1,YM1,UK1))+(T(2,YM,UK2)+T(2,YM1,UK)
00158
             2+T(1,VM,PUK1X)+T(1,VM1,PUKX))+(T(1,VM1,UK)+T(1,VM,UK1)))
00159
                 GO TO 117
00160
         317
                 FLM=0
                CONTINUE
00161
         117
              PJ1(I,J)=2+(L(J)+((T(1,PVJX,UJ)-T(1,PVJX,UJ1))+(T(1,VJ,UJ)-
00162
00163
             1T(1,VJ1,UJ1))+(T(1,PVJX,UJ1)+T(1,PVJ1X,UJ))+(T(1,VJ1,UJ)+
00164
             2T(1, YJ, UJ1)))+TER4)
00165
                 DO 18 IV=1,NS
00166
                 DO 18 IW=1.NS
00167
                 W(IV, IW)=FLOAT(O)
00168
                 IF (IW.EQ.J) W(IV,IW)=QL(IV,INI)
```

```
00169
                 IF (IW.EQ.JC) W(IV,IW)=RL(IV,INI)
00170
           18
                 CONTINUE
00171
                 CALL PU(PUC1)
00172
                 TERM=FLOAT(0)
00173
                 FLM=0
00174
                 DO 118 M=1.NS
00175
                 IF (FLM.EQ.1) GO TO 318
00176
                 FLM=0
00177
                 MC=M+1
00178
                 IF (ABS(LIM(M)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLM=1
00179
                 DO 218 IV=1.NS
00180
                 VM(IV) = V(IV,M)
00181
                 UK(IV)=U(IV,M)
00182
                 PUKX1(IV)=PUC1(IV,M)
00183
                 VM1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
                 UK1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00184
00185
                 PUK1X1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
                 IF (FLM.NE.1) GO TO 218
00186
00187
                 VM1(IV)=V(IV oMC)
00188
                 UK1(IV)=U(IV,MC)
00189
                 PUK1X1(IV)=PUC1(IV.MC)
00190
         218
                 CONTINUE
00191
               IF(FLM.NE.1) TERM=TERM+L(M)+(T(3,VM,UK)+T(1,VM,PUKX1))+T(1,VM,UK)
00192
                 IF (FLM-NE-1) GO TO 118
00193
               TERM=TERM+L(M)*((T(3,VM,UK)-T(3,VM1,UK1)+T(1,VM,PUKX1)-T(1,VM1
00194
              1,PUK1X1))*(T(1,VM,UK)-T(1,VM1,UK1))+(T(3,VM,UK1)+T(3,VM1,UK)
00195
              2+T(1, VM, PUK1X1)+T(1, VM1, PUKX1))+(T(1, VM1, UK)+T(1, VM, UK1)))
00196
                 GO TO 118
00197
                 FLM=0
         318
00198
         118
                 CONTINUE
00199
               PJ1(I,JC)=2+(L(JC)+((T(1,PVJX1,UJ)-T(1,PVJX1,UJ1))+(T(1,VJ,UJ)-
00200
              1T(1,VJ1,UJ1))+(T(1,PVJX1,UJ1)+T(1,PVJ1X1,UJ))+(T(1,VJ1,UJ)+
00201
              2T(1, VJ, UJ1)))+TERM)
00202
                 PJ2(I,JC)=FLDAT(O)
00203
          20
                 PJ2(I+J)=FLDAT(0)
00204
                 M=1
00205
          40
                 FLM=0
00206
                 MC=M+1
00207
                 IF (ABS(LIM(M)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLM=1
80200
                 DO 45 IV=1,NS
00209
                 VM(IV)=V(IV,M)
00210
                 VM1(IV)=FLDAT(0)
00211
                 IF (FLM.EQ.1) VM1(IV)=V(IV.MC)
00212
          45
                 CONTINUE
00213
                 TERM1=FLOAT(0)
00214
                 TIM1=FLOAT(0)
00215
                 TERMIL=FLOAT(0)
00216
                 TIM11=FLOAT(0)
                 SUMQ1=FLOAT(0)
00217
00218
                 SUMQ2=FLDAT(0)
00219
                 DO 80 Q=1.NS
                 K C=Q
00220
00221
                 IF (M.EQ.J) GO TO 50
00222
                 (L.C)V=LCV
00223
                 VQJ1=FLOAT(0)
00224
                 IF (FLJ.EQ.1) VQJ1=V(Q.JC)
```

```
00225
                 TF (FLJ.EQ.1) GO TO 48
                 PQJX=NL(Q,I)
00226
                 POJIX=FLDAT(0)
00227
00228
                 GO TO 49
00229
          48
                 POJX=OL(O.I)
00230
                 PQJ1X=RL(Q.I)
                 PQJX1=QL(QoINI)
00231
00232
                 PQJ1X1=RL(Q, INI)
00233
           49
                 CALL FRAC(KQ,KJ,M,LRE(M),LIM(M),1,UJ,UJ1,VM,VM1,PQJX,PQJIX,
00234
              ITERMI, TIMI)
                 WRITE (5.202) TERM1.FRE.TIM1.FIM.J.I.M.Q
00235
                 FORMAT (1x, 'TERM1.FRE, TIM1.FIM', 4F15.6, /, 1x, 'J, I, M, Q', 4 12) ! **
00236
          202
                 IF (FLJ.NE.1) GO TO 50
00237
                 CALL FRAC(KQ,KJ,M,LRE(M),LIM(M),1,UJ,UJ1,VM,VM1,PQJX1,PQJ1X1,
00238
00239
              ITERM11, TIM11)
                 CONTINUE
00240
          50
00241
                 TERM2=FLOAT(0)
00242
                 TIM2=FLOAT(0)
00243
                 TERM21=FLOAT(0)
                 TIM21=FLOAT(0)
00244
                 K=1
00245
00246
           51
                 FLK=0
                 KC=K+1
00247
                 IF (ABS(LIM(K)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLK=1
00248
                 IF (FLK.NE.1.AND.K.EQ.M) GO TO 58
00249
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1.AND.K.EQ.M) GO TO 57
00250
                 00 52 IV=1,NS
00251
                 IF (FLJ.NE.1) PUKX(IV)=PUR(IV,K)
00252
00253
                 IF (FLJ.EQ.1) PUKX(IV)=PUC(IV,K)
00254
                 PUK1X(IV)=FLOAT(0)
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1.AND.FLJ.NE.1) PUK1X(IV)=PUR(IV.KC)
00255
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1.AND.FLJ.EQ.1) PUK1X(IV)=PUC(IV,KC)
00256
00257
                 PUKX1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00258
                 IF (FLJ.EQ.1) PUKX1(IV)=PUC1(IV,K)
                 PUK1X1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00259
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1.AND.FLJ.EQ.1) PUK1X1(IV)=PUC1(IV.KC)
00260
00261
                 UK(IY)=U(IY,K)
00262
                 UK1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1) UK1(IV)=U(IV.KC)
00263
00264
           52
                 CONTINUE
00265
                 VQK=V(Q,K)
                 VQK1=FLOAT(0)
00266
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1) VQK1=V(Q,KC)
00267
                 CALL FRAC(KO,K,M,LRE(M),LIM(M),1,PUKX,PUK1X,VM,VM1,VOK,VQK1,
00268
              IFREL, FIMI)
00269
               CALL FRAC(KQ,K,M,LRE(M),LIM(M),2,UK,UK1,VM,VM1,VQK,VQK1,FRE,FIM)
00270
                 WRITE (5,204) TERM2, FRE, TIM2, FIM, J, I, M, Q, K
00271
        C 204
                 FORMAT (1X, TERM2, FRE, TIM2, FIM1, 4F15, 6, /, 1X, 1J, I, M, Q, K1, 512) !**
00272
00273
                 TERM2=TERM2+FRE+FRE1
                 TIM2=TIM2+FIM+FIM1
00274
00275
         C
                 WRITE (5,204) TERM2, FRE, TIM2, FIM, J, I, M, Q, K
                 IF (FLJ.NE.1) GO TG 57
00276
                 CALL FRAC(KQ,K,M,LRE(M),LIM(M),1,PUKX1,PUK1X1,VM,VM1,VQK,
00277
              1VQK1,FRE1,FIM1)
00278
00279
               CALL FRAC(KQ,K,M,LRE(M),LIM(M),3,UK,UK1,VM,VM1,VQK,VQK1,FRE,FIM)
                 TERM21=TERM21+FRE+FRE1
00280
```

```
00281
                 TIM21=TIM21+FIM+FIF1
00282
           57
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1) K=K+1
00283
           58
                 IF (K.EQ.NS) GC TO 60
00284
                 K≡K+1
00285
                 GO TO 51
CQ 286
           60
                 CONTINUE
00287
                 TERM3=FLOAT(0)
00288
                 TIM3=FLOAT(0)
00289
                 TERM31=FLOAT(0)
00290
                 TIM31=FLOAT(0)
00291
                 IF (M.NE.J) GO TO 70
00292
                 K=1
00293
           61
                 FLK=0
00294
                 KC=K+1
                 IF (ABS(LIM(K)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLK=1
00295
00296
                 IF (FLK.NE.1.AND.K.EQ.J) GO TO 68
00297
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1.AND.K.EQ.J) GO TO 67
00298
                 DO 62 IV=1,NS
00299
                 UK(IY)=U(IV.K)
00300
                 UK1(IV)=FLOAT(O)
00301
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1) UK1(IV)=U(IV.KC)
20200
           62
                 CONTINUE
00303
                 VQK=V(Q,K)
00304
                 VQK1=FLOAT(0)
                 IF (FLK.EQ.1) VQK1=V(Q,KC)
00305
               CALL FRAC(KQ,K,J,LRE(J),LIM(J),1,UK,UK1,PVJX,PVJ1X,VQK,VQK1,FRE
00306
              1.FIM)
00307
                 WRITE (5,205) TERM3, FRE, TIM3, FIM, J, I, M, Q, K
80600
                 FORMAT (1X, TERM3, FRE, TIM3, FIM1, 4F15, 6, /, 1X, J, I, M, Q, K1, 512) ! **
        C 205
00309
00310
                 TERM3=TERM3+FRE
00311
                 TIM3=TIM3+FIM
                 WRITE (5,205) TERM3, FRE, TIM3, FIM, J, I, M, Q, K
00312
        C
                 IF (FLJ.NE.1) GO TO 67
00313
00314
               CALL FRAC(KQ,K,J,LRE(J),LIM(J),1,UK,UK1,PVJX1,PVJ1X1,VQK,VQK1,
00315
              1FRE.FIM)
00316
                 TERM31=TERM31+FRE
00317
                 TIM31=TIM31+FIM
81E00
           67
                  IF (FLK.EQ.1) K=K+1
00319
                    (K.EQ.NS) GD TD 70
           68
00320
                 K=K+1
00321
                 GO TO 61
00322
           70
                 CONTINUE
00323
                 WRITE (5,206) TERM1, TERM2, TERM3, TIM1, TIM2, TIM3
00324
          206
                 FORMAT (1X,*TERM1,TERM2,TERM3,TIM1,TIM2,TIM3*,/,1X,6F15.6) !**
00325
                 PZXRE=TERM1+TERM2+TERM3
00326
                 PZXIM=TIM1+TIM2+TIM3
00327
                 CALL ZK (KQ, M, LRE(M), LIM(M), ZRE, ZIM)
                 WRITE (5,207) SUMQ1, ZRE, PZXRE, ZIM, PZXIM, J, I, M, Q
00329
                                                                        ! **
00329
         C 207
                 FORMAT (1X, *SUMO1, ZRE, PZXRE, ZIM, PZXIM*,/,1X,5F15.6, *J, I, M, Q*, 412)!*/
                 SUMQ1=SUMQ1+ZRE*PZXRE+ZIM*PZXIM
00330
                 WRITE (5,208) SUMQ1,J,I,M,Q
00331
                                                                        ! **
00332
         C 208
                 FORMAT (1X, "SUMQ1=",F15.6, "J, I, M,Q", 412)
                                                                        ! **
00333
                 IF (FLJ.NE.1) GD TD 80
00334
                 PZXRE=TERM11+TERM21+TERM31
00335
                 PZXIM=TIM11+TIM21+TIM31
                 SUMO2=SUMQ2+ZRE+PZXRE+ZIM+PZXIM
00336
```

```
00337
          80
                 CONTINUE
00338
                 PJ2(I,J)=2*P(M)*SUMQ1*PJ2(I,J)
00339
                 IF (FLJ.EQ.1) PJ2(1,JC)=2+P(MC)+SUMQ2+PJ2(1,JC)
00340
                 WRITE (5,203) M,I,J,PJ2(I,J)
        C 203
                 FORMAT(1X, !==M=!, 12, !==i=!, 12, !==J=!, 12, !PJ2(I,J)=!,F15.6) !##
00341
00342
                 IF (FLM.EQ.1) M=M+1
00343
                 IF (M.EQ.NS) GO TO 110
00344
                 M=M+1
00345
                 GO TO 40
00346
         110
                 CONTINUE
00347
                 IF (FLJ.EQ.1) J=JC
00348
                 IF (J.EQ.NS) GO TO 120
00349
                 J=J+1
00350
                 GO TO 10
00351
         120
                 DO 130 II=1,NI
00352
                 DO 130 IJ=1,NS
                 G(II,IJ)=PJ1(II,IJ)+PJ2(II,IJ)
00353
00354
         130
                 CONTINUE
00355
        C
                 CALL USWFM (11HMATRIX [G]:,11,G,10,NI,NS,4)
                                                                   ! **
00356
                 CALL DBNORM (NI+NS)
00357
                 CALL USWFM (16HGradient matrix:,16,G,10,NI,NS,4) ! **
00358
                 RETURN
00359
                 END
```

```
00001
        00002
00C03
                SUBROUTINE ZK(Q, J, RELJ, XIMJ, ZRE, ZIM)
00004
        C-Function: Expression evaluater for Mode 7.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: COMDIV, and Function T.
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                               Output Unit:
                                                               (5)
80000
                      Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                REAL V(10-10)-U(10-10)
00C11
                REAL VJ(10).VJ1(10).UK(10).UK1(10).LRE(10).LIM(10)
00012
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), WJ(10)
00013
              REAL W(10,10), VINV(10,10)
00C14
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00015
                INTEGER O, FLJ, FLK
00016
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00C17
                COMMON/EIG/LRE.LIM/LEG/U
00018
                COMMON/VEC/VA+E,X+WJ+W,XX,V,VINV
00019
                FLJ=0
00020
                FLK=0
00021
                JC=J+1
00022
                ZRE=FLOAT(0)
00023
                ZIM=FLGAT(0)
00024
                IF (ABS(XIMJ).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLJ=1
00025
                DO 900 K=1.NS
                IF (FLK.NE.1) GO TO 10
00026
00027
                FLK=0
85000
                GO TO 900
00029
          10
                CONTINUE
00030
        C
                WRITE (5,3) J,K,LRE(K),LIM(K)
                FORMAT (1X, "-----J=", I2, "K=", I2, "LAMBDA-K", 2F15.6) ! **
00031
            3
        C
00032
                IF (ABS(LIM(K)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) FLK=1
00033
                IF (K.EQ.J) GO TO 900
00034
                KC=K+1
00035
                00 100 IV=1,NS
00C36
                VJ1(IV)=FLOAT(0)
00037
                \{L,VI\}V = \{VI\}LV
8 2 0 0 0
                IF (FLJ.EQ.1) VJ1(IV)=V(IV.JC)
00039
                UK(IV)=U(IV,K)
00040
                IF (FLK.EQ.1) UK1(IV)=U(IV.KC)
         1:00
00041
                CONTINUE
00042
                VQK=V(C,K)
00043
                VQK1=FL()AT(0)
00044
                CALL USWFV(11HVECTOR VJ:,11, VJ.NS,1,4)
                                                               ! * *
00045
                                                               ! * *
        С
                CALL USWFV(11HVECTOR VJ1:,11,VJ1,NS,1,4)
00046
                                                               ! **
        C
                CALL USWFV(11HVECTOR UK:,11, UK,NS,1,4)
00047
                CALL USHFY(11HVECTOR UK1:,11,UK1,NS,1,4)
        Č
                                                               ! * #
94000
        C
                WRITE (5,2) Q,K,VGK,VQK1
00C49
        C
                FORMAT (1X,2HQ=, I2,2HK=, I2,4HVQK=,F15.6,5HVQK1=,F15.6)
00050
                IF (FLK.EQ.1) VOK1=V(Q,KC)
00051
                IF (FLJ.NE.1.AND.FLK.NE.1) GO TO 200
00052
                TRR=T(1.VJ.UK)
00053
                TCC=FLUAT(0)
00054
                IF (FLK.EQ.1) TCC=T(1,VJ1,UK1)
00055
                TRC=T(1.VJ1.UK)
00056
                TCR=FLOAT(0)
```

```
IF (FLK.EQ.1) TCR=T(1,VJ,UK1)
00057
00058
        C
                WRITE (5,4) K, J, TRR, TCC, TRC, TCR
                                                            1++
                FORMAT (1X, "----, TCC---, TRC
00059
        Ċ
              1---, TCR 1,/,27X,4F15.6)
                                                             ! **
00060
        C
00061
                A1=(TRR-TCC) +VQK-(TRC+TCP) +VQK1
00062
                B1=(TRC+TCR)+VQK+(TRR-TCC)+VQK1
00063
                A2=RELJ-LRE(K)
00064
                B2=LIM(K)-XIMJ
00065
                CALL COMDIV(A1,81,A2,82,A3,83)
00066
                ZRE=ZRE+A3
                ZIM=ZIM+B3
00067
84000
                GO TO 900
          200
00069
                ZRE=ZRE+(T(1,VJ,UK)+VQK)/(RELJ-LRE(K))
         900
00070
                CONTINUE
00C71
                                                            ! **
                WRITE (5,1) Q,J,ZRE,ZIM
                FORMAT (1X,1HZ,12,12,6H: ZRE=,F15.6,6H: ZIM=,F15.6)
00072
        C
            1
00073
                RETURN
00074
                END
```

```
00001
00002
E 0000
                 SUBROUTINE PU(PUMAT)
00004
        C-function: Returns (PUMAT)=p[U]/p[X] .
        C-IMSL routines called: VMULFF, UERTST, (USNEV, USNEM).
00005
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: TRAN.
00006
00CO7
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                  Output Unit:
                                                                  (5)
80000
                        Storage Unities: -
00009
        C-Random Access Files:
00010
               REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), WJ(10)
OUCLL
               REAL W(10,10), VINV(10,10), V(10,10), VECTOR(10)
00012
                 REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00013
                 REAL AUX1(10,10), AUX2(10,10), AUX3(10,10), PUMAT(10,10)
00C14
                 COMMON/SYS/A, B, C, ZERO, IDGT, NS, NI, NO
                 COMMON/VEC/VA+E+X+WJ+W+XX+V+VINV
00015
                 COMMON/AUX/AUX1,AUX2,AUX3
00016
00017
                 WRITE (5.1) J
                                                             ! * *
                 FORMAT (1X, "SUBROUTINE PU, J=".12)
00016
        C
           1
                                                             ! * *
00019
                 CALL USWFM (10HMATRIX W :. 10.W.10.NS.NS.4)
                                                                      !++
00C20
                 CALL VMULFF(W, VINV, NS, NS, NS, 10, 10, AUX1, 10, IER)
00021
                 CALL UERTST(IER.6HVMULFF)
00022
                 CALL VMULFF(VINV, AUX1, NS, NS, NS, 10, 10, AUX2, 10, IER)
                 CALL UERTST(IER, 6HVMULFF)
00023
00024
                 CALL tran(AUX2,NS,NJ)
00025
                 DO 10 IV=1.NS
00026
                 DO 10 JV=1.NS
00027
                 PUMAT(IV, JV) =- AUX2(IV, JV)
85000
                 CONTINUE
          10
        C
00029
                 CALL USWFV(14HVECTOR VECTOR: .14.VECTOR.NS.1.4)
                                                                         ...
00030
                 RETURN
00031
                 END
```

```
00001
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE COMDIV(A1,B1,A2,B2,XRE,XIM)
00004
        C-Function: COMPLEX DIVISION, XRE+JXIM=(A1+JB1)/(A2+JB2) .
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERTST, VMULFM, (USMFM, USMFV).
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                Output Unit:
                                                               (5)
00005
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00010
                IF (ABS(B1).GT.FLOAT(O).GR.ABS(B2).GT.FLOAT(O)) GO TO 10
00C11
                XIM=FLCAT(0)
00012
                XRE=A1/A2
00013
                GO TO 20
                XM=SQRT((A1++2+B1++2)/(A2++2+B2++2))
00C14
          10
00015
                XT=ATAN(B1/A1)-ATAN(B2/A2)
00016
                XRE=XM+COS(XT)
00017
                XIM=XM+SIN(XT)
00018
          20
                CONTINUE
00019
                 WRITE (5,1) A1,81,A2,82,XRE,XIM
                FORMAT (1X,F15,6,2H+J,F15,6,1H/,F15,6,2H+J,F15,6,1H=,/
00020
        C
            1
        Ċ
00021
              1,20X,F15.6,2H+J,F15.6)
                                                              !**
00022
                RETURN
00023
                END
```

ORIGINAL PAGE IS

```
00001
00002
00003
                 FUNCTION T(ID, VEC1, VEC2)
00004
        C-Function: Evaluates T=<V1,V2> where V1 and V2 are dermined by
                      the choice of ID, VEC1, and VEC2.
00005
00006
        C-IMSL routines called: UERTST, VMULFM, (USWFV, USWFM).
00007
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
80000
         C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                  Output Unit:
                                                                  (5)
                        Storage Unit(s): -
00009
00010
        C-Random Access Files: -
00011
                 REAL VEC(10), VEC1(10), VEC2(10), DAD(10,10), TX(1,1), DBD(10,10)
00012
                 REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10),DAHD(10,10)
00C13
                 REAL AUX1(10,10), AUX2(10,10), AUX3(10,10), AUX4(10,10)
                 COMMON/SEN/DAD, DBD, DAHD/AUX/AUX1, AUX2, AUX3/AAUX/AUX4
00C14
00C15
                 COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
00016
                 CALL USWFM (11H[dAHAT/dP]:,11,DAHD,10,NS,NS,4)
                 CALL USHFV (12HVECTOR VEC1:,12,VEC1,NS,1,4)
                                                                      1 **
00017
00018
                 CALL USWFV (12HVECTOR VEC2:,12,VEC2,NS,1,4)
                                                                      ***
                 GO TO (1,2,3),ID
00019
00 C2 C
                 CALL VMULFM (DAHD, VEC2, NS, NS, 1, 10, 10, VEC, 10, IER)
            1
00021
                 GO TO 10
00 GZ Z
            2
                 CALL VMULFM(AUX4, VEC2, NS, NS, 1, 10, 10, VEC, 10, IER)
00023
                 GO TO 10
00024
            1
                 CALL VMULFM(AUX3, VEC2, NS, NS, 1, 10, 10, VEC, 10, IER)
00025
           10
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFM)
00026
                 CALL USWFV (12HVECTOR VEC :,12,VEC ,NS,1,4)
                                                                      1 * *
00027
                 CALL YMULFM (VEC1, VEC, NS, 1, 1, 10, 10, TX, 1, TER)
                 CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFM)
00028
                 T=TX(1,1)
00029
                 WRITE (5,11) ID,T
00030
00C31
        C 11
                 FORMAT (1X, 10=1, 12,5X, 1=1,F15.6)
                                                               ...
00032
                 RETURN
00033
                 END
```

```
00001
00002
                 SUBROUTINE TRAN(A, IM, IN)
00C03
00004
        C-Function: Returns the Transpose of [A] in itself.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                 Output Unit:
00008
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
00C1C
                 REAL A(10,10), AT(10,10)
                 DO 10 I=1.IM
DO 10 J=1.IN
00C11
00012
00013
                 AT(J,I)=A(I,J)
                 CONTINUE
00C14
          10
00015
                 DO 20 I=1, IN
00016
                 00 20 J=1,IM
00C17
                 (L,I)TA=(L,I)A
00018
          20
                 CONTINUE
00019
                 RETURN
00020
                 END
```

```
00C01
00002
00003
                SUBROUTINE SENS
00004
        C-Function: Calculates d[AHAT]/dP.
00005
        C-IMSL routines called: UERTST, VMULFF, (USWFH).
00006
        C-Spectral Assignment, routines: -
00007
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit:
                                                Dutout Unit:
00008
                       Storage Unit(s): -
00009
        C-Random Access Files: -
                REAL DAD(10,10),DBD(10,10),DAHD(10,10),F(10,10),AHAT(10,10)
00C1G
00011
                REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00C12
                COMMON/SEN/DAD.DBD.DAHD/AUG/F.AHAT
E1000
                COMMON/SYS/A,B,C,ZERO,IDGT,NS,NI,NO
                CALL VMULFF (DRD.F.NS.NI.NS.10.10.DAHD.10.IER)
00014
00015
                CALL UERTST (IER, 6HVMULFF)
00016
                CALL USWFM (12H[dB/dP]+[F]:,12,DAHD,10,NS,NS,4)
        C
00017
                DO 25 II=1,NS
00018
                DO 25 IJ=1,NS
00019
                (LI, II) DHAD+(LI, II) DAD=(LI, II) DHAD
00C20
          25
                CONTINUE
                CALL USHFM (11H(dAHAT/dP1:.11.DAHD:10.NS:NS.4)
00021
                                                                       1++
                RETURN
00022
                END
00023
```

```
00001
        C******
00002
00003
                 SURROUTINE FRAC(IQ.IA.IB.RELB.XIMB.ID.UA.UAL.VB.VBI.
00004
             1VQA, VQA1, FRE, FIM)
00005
        C-Function: Expression evaluater for MODE 7.
00006
        C-IMSL routines called: -
00007
        C-Spectral Assignment routines: COMDIV, nad Function T.
80000
        C-Logical devices; Input Unit: -
                                                 Output Unit:
60009
                       Storage Unit(s): -
        C-
00010
        C-Random Access Files: ~
              REAL XX(10,10), VA(20), E(20), X(20), WJ(10)
00011
               REAL H(10,10), VINV(10,10), V(10,10), LRE(10), LIM(10)
00012
00013
                 REAL A(10,10),B(10,10),C(10,10)
00014
                 REAL UA(10), UA1(10), VB(10), VB1(10)
00015
                 COMMON/SYS/A.B.C.ZERO, IDGT.NS.NI,NO
                 COMMON/VEC/VA.E.X.WJ.W.XX.V.VINV/EIG/LRE.LIM
00C16
00017
                 FRE=FLOAT(O)
                 FIM=FLOAT(O)
00018
00019
                 IA1=IA+1
00020
                 WRITE (5.1) RELB.XIMB, VQA, VQA1.ID
                FORMAT (1X, "RELB, XIMB, VQA, VQA1", 4F15.6, "ID=", I2)
00021
        С
            1
00022
                 IF (IA.EQ.IB) GO TO 99
                IF (ABS(XIMB).GT.ABS(ZERD).OR.ABS(LIM(IA)).GT.ABS(ZERD)) GO TO 10
00023
                FRE=(VQA*T(ID,VB,UA))/(RELB-LRE(IA))
00024
                 WRITE (5,2) FRE, 19, 14, 18
00025
00026
           2
                 FORMAT (1X, *FRE=*, F15.6, 5X, *IQ, IA, IB*, 312) ! **
00027
                 GO TO 99
          10
85000
                 TRR=T([D, VB, UA)
00029
                 TCC=FLOAT(0)
                 IF (ABS(XIMB).GT.ABS(ZERO).AND.ABS(LIM(IA)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) TCC=
00030
00C31
             IT(ID, VB1, UAL)
00032
                 TCR=FLUAT(0)
                 IF (ABS(XIMB).GT.ABS(ZERG)) TCR=T(ID,VB1,UA)
00033
                 TRC=FLOAT(0)
00034
                 IF (ABS(LIM(IA)).GT.ABS(ZERO)) TRC=T(ID,VB.UAL)
00035
                 A1=(TRR-TCC) +VQA-(TCR+TRC) +VQA1
00036
00037
                 Bi=(TCR+TRC) +VQA+(TRR-TCC) +VQAI
00038
                 A2=RELB-LRE(IA)
00039
                 B2=LIM(IA)-XIMB
00040
                 CALL COMDIV (A1, B1, A2, B2, FRE, FIM)
00041
          99
                 RETURN
00042
                 END
```